A short tutorial on using *msQC* for mass spectrometry-based proteomics

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1 Introduction

The *msQC* package provides a integrated pipeline for mass spectrometry-based proteomics quality control. It allows to generate a dynamic report starting from a set of mgf peak list files, a protein data base file and a description of the experimental design. It performs an MSMS search against the protein data base using the X!Tandem search engine [1] and the *rTANDEM* package [2]. The results are then summarised and compiled into an interactive html report using the *Nozzle.R1* package [3, 4].

2 Example data

We are going to use parst a dataset from the ProteomeXchange repository (http://www.proteomexchange. org/). We will use the *rpx* package to accessed and downloaded the data.

```
library("rpx")
px <- PXDataset("PXD000864")
px
## Object of class "PXDataset"
## Id: PXD000864 with 218 files
## [1] 'README.txt' ... [218] 'TTE2010.zip'
## Use 'pxfiles(.)' to see all files.</pre>
```

There are a total of 218 files available from the ProteomeXchange repository, including raw data files (raw), result files (-pride.xml.gz), (compressed) peak list files (.mgf.gz) and, the fasta database file (TTE2010.zip) and one README.txt file.

```
head(pxfiles(px))
```

```
## [1] "README.txt" "TTE-55-1-01-1.dat-pride.xml.gz"
## [3] "TTE-55-1-01-1.mgf.gz" "TTE-55-1-01-1.raw"
## [5] "TTE-55-1-01-2.dat-pride.xml.gz" "TTE-55-1-01-2.mgf.gz"
```

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```
tail(pxfiles(px))
## [1] "TTE-75-1-12-2.mgf.gz" "TTE-75-1-12-2.raw"
## [3] "TTE-75-1-12-3.dat-pride.xml.gz" "TTE-75-1-12-3.mgf.gz"
## [5] "TTE-75-1-12-3.raw" "TTE2010.zip"
```

The files, in particular the mgf files that will be used in the rest of this document are named as follows TTE-CC-B-FR-R where CC takes values 55 or 75 and stands for the bacteria culture temperature in degree Celsius, B stands for the biological replicate (only 1 here), FR represents the fraction number from 01 to 12 and the leading R documents one of three technical replicates. (See also http://www.ebi.ac.uk/pride/archive/projects/PXD000864 for details). Here, we will make use of a limited number of samples below. First, we create a vector that stores the file names of interest.

```
mgfs <- grep("mgf", pxfiles(px), value = TRUE)
mgfs <- grep("-0[5-6]-[1|2]", mgfs, value = TRUE)
mgfs
## [1] "TTE-55-1-05-1.mgf.gz" "TTE-55-1-05-2.mgf.gz" "TTE-55-1-06-1.mgf.gz"
## [4] "TTE-55-1-06-2.mgf.gz" "TTE-75-1-05-1.mgf.gz" "TTE-75-1-05-2.mgf.gz"
## [7] "TTE-75-1-06-1.mgf.gz" "TTE-75-1-06-2.mgf.gz"</pre>
```

These files can be downloaded¹ using the pxget, providing the relevant data object (here px) and file names to be downloaded (see ?pxget for details). We also need to uncompress (using gunzip) the files.

```
mgffiles <- pxget(px, mgfs)
library("R.utils")
mgffiles <- sapply(mgffiles, gunzip)</pre>
```

To reduce the file size of the demonstartion data included for this package, we have trimmed the peak lists to 1/10 of the original number of spectra. All the details are provided in the vignette source.

Similarly, below we download the database file and unzip it.

```
fas <- pxget(px, "TTE2010.zip")
fas <- unzip(fas)
fas</pre>
```

3 Running msQC

¹In the interest of time, the files are not downloaded when this vignette is compiled and the quality metrics are pre-computed (see details below). These following code chunks can nevertheless be executed to reproduce the complete pipeline.

3.1 Preparing the QC

The first step in the *msQC* pipeline is the definition of a design file, that provides the mgf file names, sample numbers, biological (biocRep) and technical (techRep) replicates and fraction numbers in a simple space-separated tabular format. We provide such a design file for our 8 files of interest.

```
design <- system.file("extdata/PXD000864-design.txt", package = "msQC")
design</pre>
```

[1] "/tmp/RtmpW5FnTt/Rinst25d711cdb60e/msQC/extdata/PXD000864-design.txt"

```
read.table(design, header = TRUE)
```

## mgf	sample	bioRep	techRep	fraction
## 1 TTE-55-1-05-1.mgf	55	1	1	5
## 2 TTE-55-1-05-2.mgf	55	1	2	5
## 3 TTE-55-1-06-1.mgf	55	1	1	6
## 4 TTE-55-1-06-2.mgf	55	1	2	6
## 5 TTE-75-1-05-1.mgf	75	1	1	5
## 6 TTE-75-1-05-2.mgf	75	1	2	5
## 7 TTE-75-1-06-1.mgf	75	1	1	6
## 8 TTE-75-1-06-2.mgf	75	1	2	6

3.2 Running the QC

We need to load the *msQC* package and call the msQCpipe function, providing appropriate input parameters, in particular the design file, the fasta protein database, the outdir output directory that will contain the final quality report and various other peptide spectrum matching parameters that will be passed to the *rTANDEM* package. See ?msQCpipe for a more in-depth description of all its arguments.

```
qcres <- msQCpipe(spectralist = design,
    fasta = fas,
    outdir = "./qc",
    miss = 0,
    enzyme = 1, varmod = 2, fixmod = 1,
    tol = 10, itol = 0.6, cpu = 2,
    mode = "identification")
```

The msQCpipe function will run each mgf input file documented in the design file and search it agains the fasta database using the tandem function from the *rTANDEM*. This might take some time depending on the number of files to be searched and the search parameters. The code chunk above takes about 3 minutes using 2 cores (cpu = 2 above) on a modern laptop.

You can load the pre-computed quality control directory and result data that a shipped with msQC as shown below:

```
zpqc <- system.file("extdata/qc.zip", package = "msQC")</pre>
unzip(zpqc)
qcres <- loadmsQCres("./qc")</pre>
print(qcres)
## An msQC results:
## Results stored in ./qc
## Database: TTE2010.fasta
## Run on Wed Apr 23 14:38:04 2014
    Design with 8 samples:
##
                    mgf sample bioRep techRep fraction
##
## 1 TTE-55-1-05-1.mgf
                            55
                                     1
                                             1
                                                       5
## 2 TTE-55-1-05-2.mgf
                                     1
                                             2
                            55
                                                       5
##
##
                    mgf sample bioRep techRep fraction
## 8 TTE-75-1-06-2.mgf
                            75
                                             2
                                     1
                                                       6
##
## You can now run reportHTML() to generate the QC report.
```

3.3 Generating the QC report

The final quality report can be generated with the reportHTML, passing the qcres object produced by the msQCpipe function above or the directory storing the QC data, as defined as parameter to the msQCpipe.

```
html <- reportHTML(qcres)
or
html <- reportHTML("./qc")</pre>
```

The report can then be opened by opening the qc/qc_report.html file in a web browser or directly with browseURL(html).

4 The QC report

The dynamic html report is composed of 3 sections: an introduction, a methods and data section and a result part. The former are purely descriptive and summerise the design matrix and analysis parameters, as passed to msQCpipe.

The respective sections and sub-sections can be expanded and collapsed and each figure in the report can be zoomed in. While the dynamic html report is mose useful for interactive inspection, it is also possible to print the complete report for archiving. The results section provides tables and graphics that summerise

- Summaries of identification results for individual files as well as technical and biological replicates at the protein, peptide and spectrum levels.
- Summary overview charts that describe number of missed cleavages, peptide charge distributions, peptide length, precursor and fragment ion mass deviations, number of unique spectra/peptides per proteins and protein mass distributions for each sample.
- A contamination summary table generated using the common Repository of Adventitious Proteins (*cRAP*).
- Reproducibility summaries that compare fractions, replicates and samples, representing total number of spectra, number of identified spectra, number of peptides and proteins and overlap of peptides and proteins across replicates.
- Summary histograms of mass accuracies for fragment and precursor ions.
- A summary of the separation efficiency showing the effect of accumulating fractions for all samples.

Session information

All software and respective versions used to produce this document are listed below.

- R version 3.1.0 (2014-04-10), x86_64-unknown-linux-gnu
- Locale: LC_CTYPE=en_US.UTF-8, LC_NUMERIC=C, LC_TIME=en_US.UTF-8, LC_COLLATE=C, LC_MONETARY=en_US.UTF-8, LC_MESSAGES=en_US.UTF-8, LC_PAPER=en_US.UTF-8, LC_NAME=C, LC_ADDRESS=C, LC_TELEPHONE=C, LC_MEASUREMENT=en_US.UTF-8, LC_IDENTIFICATION=C
- Base packages: base, datasets, grDevices, graphics, grid, methods, stats, utils
- Other packages: R.methodsS3 1.6.1, R.oo 1.18.0, R.utils 1.32.4, VennDiagram 1.6.5, XML 3.98-1.1, msQC 0.99.7, rpx 1.1.0
- Loaded via a namespace (and not attached): BiocStyle 1.3.1, MASS 7.3-33, Nozzle.R1 1.1-1, RCurl 1.95-4.1, Rcpp 0.11.1, colorspace 1.2-4, digest 0.6.4, evaluate 0.5.5, formatR 0.10, ggplot2 1.0.0, gtable 0.1.2, highr 0.3, knitr 1.5, munsell 0.4.2, parallel 3.1.0, plyr 1.8.1, proto 0.3-10, rTANDEM 1.5.0, reshape2 1.4, scales 0.2.4, seqinr 3.0-7, stringr 0.6.2, tools 3.1.0

References

- [1] R Craig and R C Beavis. Tandem: matching proteins with tandem mass spectra. *Bioinformatics*, 20(9):1466-7, Jun 2004. doi:10.1093/bioinformatics/bth092.
- [2] Frederic Fournier, Charles Joly Beauparlant, Rene Paradis, and Arnaud Droit. *rTANDEM: Encapsulates X!Tandem in R.*, 2013. R package version 1.2.0.
- [3] Nils Gehlenborg. Nozzle.R1: Nozzle Reports, 2013. R package version 1.1-1. URL: http://CRAN. R-project.org/package=Nozzle.R1.

[4] N Gehlenborg, M S Noble, G Getz, L Chin, and P J Park. Nozzle: a report generation toolkit for data analysis pipelines. *Bioinformatics*, 29(8):1089–91, Apr 2013. doi:10.1093/bioinformatics/ btt085.