

Hinemos ver.5.0 Administrator's Guide, 1st Edition

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Section

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- The theme name is "Development of an Integrated Manager for Distributed Facilities."
- http://www.ipa.go.jp/about/jigyoseika/04fy-pro/open.html

For the latest information about Hinemos, please visit the Hinemos web portal (http://www.hinemos.info).

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1 Introduction

This manual explains the methods for maintenance needed when operating Hinemos, and settings methods related to the basic operations of Hinemos.

The setting methods shown here are for setting files, etc. primarily related to security, performance tuning and bas ic operations. For methods operated from Hinemos Client, please refer Hinemos User's Manual.

Settings shown in this manual is one of the examples. For actual use, it is recommended that you change settings or configurations following the security policy of the used environment. We are in no way responsible for any damage resulting from the use of this software.



2 Prerequisites

This manual explains the method for maintaining Hinemos, and the setting method for security, performance tuning and changing the basic operation.

Therefore, the contents in this manual is written for environment where the Hinemos Manager, Agent and Client are already installed, according to the Hinemos Installation Manual, and that it can be used.

In addition, behavior of Hinemos may become unstable depending on the setting values and the combinations. Theref ore, it is recommended for you to take back up before making any configuration changes.

3 Maintenance

3.1 Maintenance of the Hinemos Manager

3.1.1 Summary

To ensure the use of Hinemos for a long time, you must perform regular maintenance according to the operating con dition of the installation environment. The following scripts are provided for maintenance of the Hinemos Manger.

• Delete unneeded data (such as log information that no longer needs to be saved) from the database

hinemos_delete.sh

• Rebuild the database to allow the system to reuse unneeded area (protected area not being used)

hinemos_cluster_db.sh

• Back up the data (such as settings and history information) in the database

hinemos_backup.sh

• Restore the data (such as settings and history information) in the database from a dump file

hinemos_restore.sh

• Delete information (temporary information) stored in the temporary queue

hinemos_clear_tmp.sh

• Delete history information that is the suppression standard for notification (reset suppression for all notificat ion information)

hinemos_clear_notify.sh

• Acquire environment summary information

hinemos_manager_summary.sh

Reset Scheduler

hinemos_reset_scheduler.sh

All of the maintenance scripts listed above are located in the /opt/hinemos/sbin/mng directory.

3.1.2 Maintenance Script List

The prerequisites for running each of the maintenance scripts are shown in Table 3-1.

Table	3-1	Outline	and	Prereauisites	for	Running	of	Maintenance	Script
						· J			

Process details	Script Name	JVM	PostgreSQL
Delete unnecessary data	hinemos_delete.sh	Must be stopped	Must be running
Reconstructing the database	hinemos_cluster_db.sh	Must be stopped	Must be running
Backing-up the database	hinemos_backup.sh	Don't care	Must be running
Restoring the database	hinemos_restore.sh	Must be stopped	Must be running



Delete the temporary queue	hinemos_clear_tmp.sh	Must be stopped	Must be running
Delete the notification	hinemos_clear_notify.sh	Must be running	Must be running
Acquire environment summary	hinemos_manager_summary.sh	Must be running	Must be running
Reset Scheduler	hinemos_reset_scheduler.sh	Must be stopped	Must be running

3.1.3 Deleting Unnecessary Data from the Database

Run hinemos_delete.sh to delete unneeded data (such as log information that no longer needs to be saved) from the database.

The following log information is accumulated in the Hinemos Manager database.

- Log monitoring information (Status)
- Log monitoring information (Event)
- Job execution history
- Collection value of the numeric value monitoring
- Edit Lock holding information

This history information is deleted regularly by the history information delete feature of the maintenance feature. (Refer to the Hinemos User's Manual for details about the history information delete feature)

Use hinemos_delete.sh to delete the history manually and immediately rather than the history information delete fe ature.

1. This will stop JVM and leave only the PostgreSQL running.

(root) # /opt/hinemos/bin/jvm_stop.sh

2. Specify the options based on the target data for deletion and then run the script.

This script can be used directly if the database (PostgreSQL) password has already been specified at -w Options. Enter the password interactively if -w option is not set up.

• When deleting all the historical information of monitored result (status)

(root) # /opt/hinemos/sbin/mng/hinemos_delete.sh -S

• When deleting all the historical information of confirmed monitored result (event)

(root) # /opt/hinemos/sbin/mng/hinemos_delete.sh -e

• When deleting all the historical information of monitored result (event)

(root) # /opt/hinemos/sbin/mng/hinemos_delete.sh -E

• When deleting all the historical information of executed and completed jobs

(root) # /opt/hinemos/sbin/mng/hinemos_delete.sh -j

 $\boldsymbol{\cdot}$ When deleting all the historical information of executed jobs

(root) # /opt/hinemos/sbin/mng/hinemos_delete.sh -J

• When deleting collected values of numeric monitoring settings specified by monitor ID

(root) # /opt/hinemos/sbin/mng/hinemos_delete.sh -p [Monitor ID]

• When deleting all collected values of numeric monitoring settings

(root) # /opt/hinemos/sbin/mng/hinemos_delete.sh -P

When deleting collected values of numeric monitoring settings, specified by monitoring ID, with designation of
period not to delete (from current time until the designated period)

(root) # /opt/hinemos/sbin/mng/hinemos_delete.sh -p [Monitor ID] -r [Period of Keep Log(Day)]

• When deleting collected values of numeric monitoring settings, with designation of period not to delete (from current time until the designated period)

(root) # /opt/hinemos/sbin/mng/hinemos_delete.sh -P -r [Period of Keep Log(Day)]

• When deleting all Edit Lock holding information

(root) # /opt/hinemos/sbin/mng/hinemos_delete.sh -L

3. Startup JVM.

(root) # /opt/hinemos/bin/jvm_start.sh

3.1.4 Rebuilding the Database

Run hinemos_cluster_db.sh to rebuild the database to allow the system to reuse unneeded area (protected area not being used).

Even if unneeded data is deleted with Deleting Unnecessary Data from the Database, the disk space allocated to the database will not be freed up, so the size of the disk area used by the Hinemos database will not change.

The database must be rebuilt in order to free up this space so the system can reuse it.

To avoid performance degradation due to fragmentation (particularly the index) of the data file, it is recommended that you rebuild the database regularly (at least once every 6 months).

Also, it is recommended that you rebuild the database if any of the following apply.

- A large number of notifications are generated due to an error on a monitored target, etc.
- You deleted a large amount of log information that was unnecessary,
- The Hinemos Manager has a performance decrease.

Further, hinemos_cluster_db.sh copies the existing data files to new data files during the rebuild. Ensure that there is sufficient space on the file system where the data file /opt/hinemos/var/data/ is stored. It is recommended tha t you secure a workspace of 2 times the size of the current database (file size under /opt/hinemos/var/data/).

1. This will stop JVM and leave only the PostgreSQL running.

(root) # /opt/hinemos/bin/jvm_stop.sh

2. Run the maintenance script.

(root) # /opt/hinemos/sbin/mng/hinemos_cluster_db.sh

3. Startup JVM.

(root) # /opt/hinemos/bin/jvm_start.sh

3.1.5 Backing-up the Database

Run hinemos_backup.sh to backup the data (such as settings and log information) in the database.



To prepare for the case where the setting data is deleted due to an unexpected error with the manger server or a u ser operation mistake, it is recommended that you regularly back up the data in the database.

1. Move to the output directory (/tmp is used as an example) for the dump file (database backup file).

(root) # cd /tmp

2. Run the maintenance script.

(root) # /opt/hinemos/sbin/mng/hinemos_backup.sh

This script can be used directly if the database (PostgreSQL) password has already been specified at -w Options. Enter the password interactively if -w option is not set up. If -s option is specified, only the set data is backe d up. If -c option is specified, a gz-compressed dump file can be created. (Argument 0 to 9 must be specified fo r -c option. The value means a level of compression. The higher the value is, the higher the compression rate.)

3. Confirm the dump file output in the current directory.

```
(root) # ls
hinemos_pgdump.YYYY-MM-DD_HHmmss
(hinemos_pgdump_s.YYYY-MM-DD_HHmmss if -s option is specified.)
```

Further, the dump file can be acquired while the Hinemos Manager is running, but be careful of doing a backup under those conditions.

For example, when you list the dump file acquired when a job is running, the corresponding job will be running when the state at the time of backup is restored. To avoid a job running suddenly, right after a restore, it's recommended that the backup be done at a time when a job is not running.

3.1.6 Restoring the Database

To restore the data (settings - history information, etc.) in the database from a dump file acquired with Backing-up the Database, run hinemos_restore.sh.

1. This will stop JVM and leave only the PostgreSQL running.

(root) # /opt/hinemos/bin/jvm_stop.sh

2. Run the maintenance script.

(root) # /opt/hinemos/sbin/mng/hinemos_restore.sh hinemos_pgdump.YYYY-MM-DD_HHmmss

3. Startup JVM.

(root) # /opt/hinemos/bin/jvm_start.sh

hinemos_pgdump_s.YYYY-MM-DD_HHmmss can also be restored by using hinemos_restore.sh.

3.1.7 Deleting Information Stored in the Temporary Queue

To delete information (temporary information) stored in the temporary queue run hinemos_clear_tmp.sh.

The information that hinemos_clear_tmp.sh will delete from the table in the dump file is the following information stored in the temporary queue.

- Process waiting notification information
- Unknown information that was not processed (such as from a control stop of Hinemos Manager)

Further, since all of the information in the temporary queue will be deleted, the following information that is await ing processing prior to the Hinemos Manager stop will also be targets for deletion.



- Process waiting notification information (event, status, etc.)
- 1. This will stop JVM and leave only the PostgreSQL running.

(root) # /opt/hinemos/bin/jvm_stop.sh

2. Run the maintenance script

(root) # /opt/hinemos/sbin/mng/hinemos_clear_tmp.sh

This script can be used directly if the database (PostgreSQL) password has already been specified at -w Options. Enter the password interactively if -w option is not set up.

3. Startup JVM.

(root) # /opt/hinemos/bin/jvm_start.sh

3.1.8 Deleting the History Information that is the Suppression Standard for Notification

Run hinemos_clear_notify.sh to delete the history information that is the suppression standard for notification.

The notification feature provides functionality to suppress duplicate notifications. (Refer to the Hinemos User's Ma nual for details about the notification feature) The most recent notification history information for suppressing th ese notifications is saved there.

When you run hinemos_clear_notify.sh, the saved notification history information will be cleared, and the suppresse d status can be temporarily reset. (The suppression will be released for all notification information)

1. Run the maintenance script

(root) # /opt/hinemos/sbin/mng/hinemos_clear_notify.sh

3.1.9 Acquiring Environment Summary Information

Run hinemos_manager_summary.sh to acquire the manager's environment summary information.

- 1. Run the maintenance script
- To acquire just the Hinemos Manager's environment summary information

(root) # /opt/hinemos/sbin/mng/hinemos_manager_summary.sh -v

• To acquire Hinemos Manager's environment summary information and OS information

(root) # /opt/hinemos/sbin/mng/hinemos_manager_summary.sh -vv

• To acquire the Hinemos Manager's environment summary information (detail version)

(root) # /opt/hinemos/sbin/mng/hinemos_manager_summary.sh -vvv

• To acquire the Hinemos Manager's environment summary information (detail version) and operation log

(root) # /opt/hinemos/sbin/mng/hinemos_manager_summary.sh -o

• To acquire the Hinemos Manager's thread dump

(root) # /opt/hinemos/sbin/mng/hinemos_manager_summary.sh -t

• To acquire the MD5 hash of a file subordinate to Hinemos Manager

```
(root) # /opt/hinemos/sbin/mng/hinemos_manager_summary.sh -md5
```

3.1.10 Scheduler Adjustment after Changing the OS Clock Settings

After changing the clock of the Operating System which Hinemos Manager is running, execute hinemos_reset_schedu ler.sh in order to reset the internal scheduler of Hinemos.

1. Stop Hinemos Manager.

(root) # service hinemos_manager stop

- 2. Change the OS Clock which Hinemos Manager is running.
- 3. Start PostgreSQL only.

(root) # /opt/hinemos/bin/pg_start.sh

4. Execute scheduler reset script.

(root) # /opt/hinemos/sbin/mng/hinemos_reset_scheduler.sh

This script can be used directly if the database (PostgreSQL) password has already been specified at -w Options. - Enter the password interactively if -w option is not set up.

5. Restart Hinemos Manager after stopping PostgreSQL.

(root) # /opt/hinemos/bin/pg_stop.sh
(root) # service hinemos_manager start

3.2 Deleting the Log File

To avoid a reduction in disk space due to expansion of the log file, confirm the various log files output by the Hine mos Manager, Agent and Client, and delete or move files that have become unnecessary.

3.2.1 Hinemos Manager Log File

The Hinemos Manager log file is output to the directory in Table 3-2.

Table 3-2 List of Hinemos Manager Log Direct
--

Path	Content
/opt/hinemos/var/log/	Various log files output by Hinemos Manager

Further, there is a script provided for Hinemos Manager to delete log files that are past the fixed period (31 days) from the last update date.

/opt/hinemos/contrib/hinemos_manager

Place this script in /etc/cron.daily/ as shown below to run this script daily.

(root) # cp -p /opt/hinemos/contrib/hinemos_manager /etc/cron.daily/

3.2.2 Hinemos Agent Log Files

The Linux agent log file is output to the directory in Table 3-3.

Table 3-3 Linux Agent Log Directory

Path	Content
/opt/hinemos_agent/var/log/	Various log files output by Hinemos Agent

The Windows Agent log file is output to the directory in Table 3-4.

Table 3-4 Windows Agent Log Directory

Path	Content
<pre><hinemos agent="" folder="" install=""> \var\log\</hinemos></pre>	Various log files output by Hinemos Agent

3.2.3 Hinemos Client Log Files

The Hinemos Client log file is output to the directory in Table 3-5.

Table 3-5 List of Hinemos Client Log Directory

Path	Content
< User home directory >\AppData\Roaming\hinemos\Client5.0\	Hinemos Client log file

3.2.4 Hinemos Web Client Log Files

The Hinemos Web Client log file is output to the directory in Table 3-6.

Table 3-6 List of Hinemos Web Client Log Directory

Path	Content
/opt/hinemos_web/var/log/	Log files output by Tomcat and Hinemos Web Client

3.3 Backing-up / Recovering the Hinemos Manager

The backup/recovery method for the Hinemos Manager is explained.

3.3.1 Backing-up the Hinemos Manager

• Database backup

Acquire the dump file according to Backing-up the Database.

Hinem⊚S

• Backup configuration files (settings file, etc.)

A list of files that are generally targets for backup is shown below. (If there is a modified file not on this list, back it up as needed)

- Hinemos Manager settings file
 - All files under /opt/hinemos/etc
- Service scripts (if Hinemos Manager is run as a service)
 - /etc/init.d/hinemos_manager
- Log file deletion scripts
 - /etc/cron.daily/hinemos_manager
- rsyslog settings file
 - /etc/rsyslog.d/rsyslog_hinemos_manager.conf

3.3.2 Recovering the Hinemos Manager

1. Reinstall the Hinemos Manager

Install Hinemos Manager. If Hinemos Manager is already installed, uninstall it before installing again.

Refer to the Hinemos Installation Manual for details on installation and uninstallation of the Hinemos Manager.

2. Restore the backup data of the database

Take the dump file acquired with Backing-up the Database and restore following the procedures in Restoring the Database.

3. Apply only the configuration files that were backed up.

Apply only the configuration files (setting files, etc.) that were backed up.

Confirm the contents of the backed up configuration files. If there are items that need to be applied, apply the m to the re-installed Hinemos Manager. (The application method depends on the file type and the setting file pa rameters)

3.4 Backing-up / Recovering the Hinemos Agent

The backup/recovery method for the Hinemos Agent is explained.

3.4.1 Backup the Hinemos Agent

Linux Agent

• Backup configuration files (settings file, etc.)

A list of files that are generally targets for backup is shown below. (If there is a modified file not on this list, back it up individually)

- The Hinemos Agent settings file
 - All files under /opt/hinemos_agent/conf/
- Service script (when added as a service)
 - /etc/init.d/hinemos_agent
- rsyslog settings file
 - /etc/rsyslog.d/rsyslog_hinemos_agent.conf
- snmp settings file
 - /etc/snmp/snmpd.conf

Windows Agent

• Backup configuration files (settings file, etc.)

A list of files that are generally targets for backup is shown below. (If there is a modified file not on this list, back it up individually)

- The Hinemos Agent settings file
 - [Hinemos Agent install directory]\conf\ all files in the directory
- SNMP Service Settings

The setting information backup cannot be acquired. (Re-enter this from the GUI for recovery)

3.4.2 Recovering the Hinemos Agent

Platform Common

1. Reinstall the Hinemos Agent

Install the Hinemos Agent. (If Hinemos Agent is already installed, uninstall it before installing again)

Refer to the Hinemos Installation Manual for details on installation and uninstallation of the Hinemos Agent.

2. Apply only the configuration files (setting files, etc.) that were backed up.

Apply only the configuration files (setting files, etc.) that were backed up.

Confirm the contents of the backed up configuration files. If there are items that need to be applied, apply the m to the re-installed Hinemos Manager. (The application method depends on the file type and the setting file pa rameters)

Windows Agent

1. Reconfigure the SNMP Service

Please refer to "Hinemos Install Manual" for detail information of SNMP Service settings.

3.5 Backing-up / Recovering the Hinemos Rich Client

There are no files that are backup targets for the Hinemos Rich Client. Recover by reinstalling the Hinemos Rich Client.

Refer to the Hinemos Installation Manual for details on installation and uninstallation of the Hinemos Rich Client.



3.6 Backing-up / Recovering the Hinemos Web Client

There are no files that are backup targets for the Hinemos Web Client. Recover by reinstalling the Hinemos Web Cli ent.

Refer to the Hinemos Installation Manual for details on installation and uninstallation of the Hinemos Web Client.

4 OS/Version

Additional settings relative to the server environment upon which Hinemos is about to be installed are explained.

4.1 Configuring the File Descriptor

When the number of the Hinemos Agents connecting to one Hinemos Manager become extremely large, the following message may be outputted in the Hinemos Manager log file (/opt/hinemos/var/log/hinemos_manager.log).

```
(Too many open files)
```

This message indicates that the number of file descriptor handled by the Hinemos Manager's java process has reached its upper limit and that new socket cannot be created, or that a file cannot be newly opened.

In that case, the upper limit of the file descriptor count must be changed. Change the JAVA_FD_MAXNUM setting v alue defined in the Hinemos Manager's setting file (hinemos.cfg). (Value set as JAVA_FD_MAXNUM is used for the ul imit value assigned in the Java process)

/opt/hinemos/hinemos.cfg

export JAVA_FD_MAXNUM=4098

Hinemos Manager must be restarted in order to reflect configuration changes on this property file.

4.2 Java Heap Memory Settings

You can change the following setting file to change the Java heap memory size used by Hinemos Manager.

/opt/hinemos/hinemos.cfg

JVM - Performance Tuning
for small systems
export JVM_HEAP_OPTS="-Xms512m -Xmx512m -XX:NewSize=160m -XX:MaxNewSize=160m -XX:MaxPermSize=192m -Xss256k"
for medium systems
#export JVM_HEAP_OPTS="-Xms1024m -Xmx1024m -XX:NewSize=320m -XX:MaxNewSize=320m -XX:MaxPermSize=256m -Xss256k"
for large systems
#export JVM_HEAP_OPTS="-Xms2048m -Xmx2048m -XX:NewSize=640m -XX:MaxNewSize=640m -XX:MaxPermSize=360m -Xss256k"

You can switch the settings by adding or removing the above comment out. It is recommended to keep its default va lue (512m) when management target node is less than 100. When management target node is more than 100, it is re commended to change its value to 1024m or 2048m.

Hinemos Manager must be restarted in order to reflect configuration changes on this property file.

4.3 Configuring OS Locale and Character Encoding

4.3.1 Hinemos Rich Client

If you are using Hinemos Rich Client in Japanese, the OS locale for the Windows OS must be an Japanese locale. (Hin emos Rich Client operation presumes a character code of MS932.) Also, the Hinemos Manager connected from this Hi nmeos Client must be running on Japanese environment, and Hinemos Manager must be installed with Japanese instal ler.

If you are using Hinemos Rich Client in English, the OS locale for the Windows OS must be an English locale. (Hinemo s Rich Client operation presumes a character code of IBM437.) Also, the Hinemos Manager connected from this Hinm eos Client must be running on English environment, and Hinemos Manager must be installed with English installer.



4.3.2 Hinemos Web Client

When using Hinemos Web Client in Japanese Environment, LANG variable of Hinemos Web Client server must be ja_J P.UTF-8. Lang Variable can be confirmed with env command.

The Hinemos Web Client operates where the OS locale is presumed to be ja_JP.UTF-8. This setting can be confirmed in /opt/hinemos_web/hinemos_web.cfg.

export LANG=ja_JP.UTF-8

4.3.3 Hinemos Manager

Hinemos Manager in Japanese Environment, LANG variable of Hinemos Manager server must be ja_JP.UTF-8. Lang Var iable can be confirmed with env command.

Also, the install script used when installing Hinemos Manager must be manager_installer_JP.sh. If you install using m anager_uninstaller_EN.sh, uninstall and reinstall using manager_installer_JP.sh. When Hinemos Manager is installed in Japanese environment with manager_installer_JP.sh script.

The Hinemos Manager operates where the OS locale is presumed to be ja_JP.UTF-8. This setting can be confirmed in /opt/hinemos/hinemos.cfg.

export LANG=ja_JP.UTF-8

4.3.4 Hinemos Agent

Common with Various Platforms

• Character code for standard output and standard error output for jobs

Job execution result includes standard output and standard error output of processes which were executed as " startup command" of jobs. The character code for this standard output and the standard error output can be s pecified per Hinemos Agent. Furthermore, this can only be specified per Hinemos Agent process unit, and not p er job settings.

This character code is specified in the Agent.properties job.stream.charset parameter. This parameter can be s elected from UTF-8, EUC-JP and MS932. If job.stream.charset parameter is not specified (default), the OS syst em locale will be used.

When a byte sequence which cannot be decoded to the specified character code, it will be replaced with a part icular code point (uFFFD).

An example of setting the character code of standard output and standard error output as EUC-JP is as below.

character encoding of job's stdout and stderr
job.stream.charset=EUC-JP

The Hinemos Agent must be restarted if the setting is changed.

• Character code of the OS system log that is the monitored target

Hinemos Manager operation presumes a character code for the received system log of UTF-8. Therefore, when receiving a system log for Hinemos Manager from the management target node, they must be sent in ASCII cha racters only or in UTF-8 (when including multi-byte characters).

4.4 Hinemos Agent Facility ID Setting

Hinemos Agent uses its IP address and host name to specify its own facility ID. However, in an environment where t hings such as NAT is used, and where IP addresses are changed, this feature of identifying itself will not operate co rrectly.

In such cases, facility ID can be set to an Hinemos Agent manually, by adding a line such as follows to the Hinemos Agent's setting file (Agent.properties) (If specifying multiple facility ID, please separate the ID's with comma.)

The example of setting Hinemos Agent's Facility ID as "node01" is as shown below.



facilityId=node01

In order to reflect the configuration changes, restart Hinemos Agent.

5 Notification Feature

Additional settings for Hinemos notification feature are explained in this chapter.

5.1 Event Notification

5.1.1 Configuring the Maximum Number of Downloads

The maximum number of event downloads is set to 2000 by default. To change this setting, select Maintenance pers pective of Hinemos Client and open Maintenance [Hinemos property] view, and change the following parameter:

```
## The Maximum Number of Events that can be downloaded
monitor.common.report.event.count = 2000
```

However, if the parameter value for monitor.common.report.event.count is large, Hinemos Manager's memory can be i nsufficient. For this reason, it is recommended that you fundamentally do not change from the default value.

5.2 Mail Notification

5.2.1 Enabling Email Notification

The mail server and the send destination information must be set up to use mail notification.

Configuring the Mail Server

Configure the mail server used for the mail notification feature.

```
mail.smtp.host=[SMTP Server's IP address or host name]
mail.smtp.port=[SMTP Server's listen port number]
mail.tranport.tries=[number of maximum attempts to send mail to SMTP Server]
mail.tranport.tries.interval=[interval time between retrial of sending mail to SMTP Server [msec]]
mail.from.address=[Mail address of the sender]
mail.from.personal.name=[Mail sender's Name]
mail.reply.to.address=[Mail address to reply To]
mail.reply.personal.name=[Name of the reply mail receiver]
mail.errors.to.address=[Mail address to be set to the Sent mail's Error-To Header]
mail.charset.address=UTF-8
mail.charset.subject=UTF-8
mail.charset.content=UTF-8
```

mail.*.address parameters must be in format designated in RFC822, RFC1034.

The examples of parameters not following the format designated in RFC822, RFC1034, are as follows.

- the domain name includes characters other than alpha-numeric string, "-", and ".".
- the domain name includes more than one "." in a row.
- the domain name starts or ends with "-", or ".".

5.2.2 Configuring SMTP AUTH

To use an SMTP server that needs SMTP AUTH to notify a mail, select Maintenance perspective of Hinemos Client a nd open Maintenance [Hinemos Property] view, and set the following parameter:

mail.smtp.auth=[true:do not use authentication, false:use authentication]

mail.transport.user=[user name used for authentication]

mail.transport.password=[password used for authentication]

LOGIN, PLAIN and DIGEST-MD5 are supported as authentication methods. In addition, LOGIN, PLAIN, DIGEST-MD5 wi II be selected in this order, when sending to a SMTP server that has multiple authentication method enabled.

5.2.3 SSH/TLS Settings

To use an SMTP server that needs SSL/TLS(STARTTLS) to notify a mail, select Maintenance perspective of Hinemos Client and open Maintenance [Hinemos Property] view, and change the following parameter:

```
mail.smtp.starttls.enable=true
```

When using STARTTLS, Security certificate published from the mail server must be verifiable as an approved certific ate, in order to establish SSL/TLS connection from Hinemos Manager server.

For more detail, please refer to $\ensuremath{\mathsf{HTTPS}}$ Monitor .

5.2.4 Configuring the Envelope From

To set an argument that is passed over to the MAIL command of SMTP when a mail is notified, select Maintenance p erspective of Hinemos Client and open Maintenance [Hinemos Property] view, and change the following parameter:

```
mail.smtp.from=[mail address to be set as envelope from]
```

5.3 Log Escalation Notification

The settings related to the log escalation notification feature are listed below.

5.3.1 Configuration Method of Embedded Host Name

By selecting Maintenance perspective of Hinemos Client, opening Maintenance [Hinemos Property] view, and changin g parameter notify.log.escalate.manager.hostname, the host name included in the header part of the syslog(RFC3164) the Hinemos Manager sends can be flexibly configured.

notify.log.escalate.manager.hostname=#[NODE]

Configured values of hinemos.prop erties	Embedded strings for the host name	Contents of the sent syslog
Undefined(DEFAULT) or blank	Embed the node name of the source manage r server $^{\rm 1}$	<pri> Mmm dd hh:mm:ss hostna me message</pri>
String of half-width alphanumeric characters (ex. XXX)	Embed specified string for the host name	<pri> Mmm dd hh:mm:ss XXX m essage</pri>
#[FACILITY_ID]	(Notification information for embedded sco pe ²) Embed the node name of the source manag er server (Otherwise) Embed the facility ID of the facility that i s subject to	<pri> Mmm dd hh:mm:ss facility id message</pri>



#[NODE]		(Notification information per node) Embed node name of the node that is subj ect to notification (Otherwise) Embed the node name of the source manag er server	<pri> Mmm dd hh:mm:ss nodena me message</pri>
1	Owner Scope, Registered Nodes, Unregistered Nodes, Hinemos Internal scope		
2	Result of running the hostname command		

Result of running the hostname command



6 Monitor Settings / Performance Feature

Additional settings for the Hinemos monitor/performance feature are explained.

6.1 SQL Monitor

6.1.1 Adding a Monitoring Target RDBMS

The method of adding a RDBMS monitored by SQL monitoring feature, will be explained in this chapter.

Connect to RDBMS from the Hinemos Manager via the JDBC Driver. For this, in order to add the RDBMS that is the monitoring target, the JDBC Driver must be applied to that RDBMS. (This is the JDBC Driver that operates with Jav a Runtime Environment 7.0)

- Additional procedures
- 1. JDBC driver location

Place the provided JDBC driver in /opt/hinemos/plugins/.

\$ cp new_jdbc.jar /opt/hinemos/plugins/

2. Editing Hinemos property

Add information on RDBMS to be added by selecting Maintenance perspective of Hinemos Client and Maintenan ce [Hinemos Property] view.

First, increase the number of monitor.sql.jdbc.driver and the number of types of RDBMS that can be used with Hinemos SQL monitoring. (This is the number in jdbc.driver.name.X including the added RDBMS)

monitor.sql.jdbc.driver = 4

Also, add information related to the new RDBMS and JDBC Driver.

monitor.sql.jdbc.driver.name.4 = {display name of RDBMS}
monitor.sql.jdbc.driver.classname.4 = {class name of JDBC driver}
monitor.sql.jdbc.driver.logintimeout.4 = {login timeout configuration of JDBC}
monitor.sql.jdbc.driver.properties.4 = {parameter when connecting JDBC}

From the Monitor Setting[List], the SQL[Create/Change] dialog opens, then confirm that the added RDBMS is s hown in the "Connection DB" pull down menu.

6.2 Process Monitor

6.2.1 Handling when "Failed to get value" Notification Occurs

The following 2 processes run asynchronously with process monitor. (Refer to Figure 6-1)

1. The process list information for the target node is acquired by SNMP polling.

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2. Count the number of processes that are the monitoring target processes from the process list information.



Figure 6-1 Handling Process Monitor

The configured value of monitor.process.start.second is the parameter that determines when (in seconds) to run (2) from the time (1) started. This parameter must be an integer between 1 and 59.

The set value of monitor.process.valid.second is the parameter that determines how long (in seconds) the process lis t collected in (1) remains valid information. If (2) is run after the expiration date, the notification of "Data is too o Id to check" is output with the priority of "Failed to get value". This parameter must be an integer greater than 0.

The time it takes to collect information on process lists via SNMP polling of (1) depends on the response speed of t he SNMP polling runtime environment. The maximum SNMP polling time of operation is the timeout time X the retry count (msec). If the process list information cannot be acquired in this time, the result acquired in (1) will be "Time out".

To change the parameter, select Maintenance perspective of Hinemos Client and open Maintenance [Hinemos Propert y] view, and change the following parameter:

```
## Monitor Management(Process) : Time to start tracking process (1-59 sec)
monitor.process.start.second=30
```

Monitor Management(Process) : Permissible Time of Collection (sec)
monitor.process.valid.second=50

In addition, to apply the configuration changes made on monitor.process.start.second, you must "disable" the configuration of the existing process monitoring once, then "enable" it again.

6.3 HTTPS Monitor

In HTTPS monitoring, Hinemos Manager connects to the monitoring target(HTTPS server) as HTTPS client. In order t o enable HTTPS monitoring, Security certificate of HTTPS servers must be verifiable as a trusted certificate, in ord er to establish SSL connection from Hinemos Manager server

1. When server certificate is signed with well known public CA

Keystore of OpenJDK bundled in the Operating System contains a public key of well known CA, and because of this, certificate can be verified by pursuing the certificate to well known CA's certificate. In this case, server certificate signed by well known public CA can be verified as an trusted certificate, and registering server cer tificate to Hinemos Manager's keystore is not needed.

2. When server certificate is self signed

Target server's certificate can be verified as trusted certificate by registering server certificate to Hinemos Manager's keystore. Page 26

The procedures are as follows.

- 1. Prepare the certificate
- 2. Register the certificate to the keystore
- 3. Specify the keystore file in the java start up option
- Hinemos Manager does not have to be restarted. To "specify the keystore file in the java start up option" in s tep 3, however, Hinemos Manager must be restarted.

Details of steps 1-3 are listed below.

6.3.1 Prepare the certificate

Prepare the server certificate for the HTTPS server ([DER encoded binary X.509] or [Base-64 encoded X.509] forma t).

6.3.2 Register the certificate to the keystore

Register the server certificate in /opt/hinemnos/. keystore file with the Java keytool commands.

The keystore is created when the first keytool command is executed. Add the server certificate of the monitoring t arget (HTTPS Server) to .keystore.

An example is shown below with the server certificate placed in the manager server's /tmp directory. Also, the strin g specified for each server certificate is specified in the menu string (shown here as hinemos).

• Refer to http://linux.die.net/man/1/keytool-java-1.7.0-openjdk for the details of the keytool command

6.3.3 Specifying the Keystore File in the Java Startup Options

Change the startup options of Hinemos Manager (java) in order to make Hinemos Manager refer to .keystore file. Remove the comment(#) of JVM_KEYSTORE_OPTS parameter of /opt/hinemos/hinemos.cfg file, where

```
### JVM - keystore (https)
#export JVM_KEYSTORE_OPTS="-Djavax.net.ssl.trustStore=${HINEMOS_HOME}/.keystore"
```

• After changing the configuration, Hinemos Manager must be restarted.

6.4 System Log Monitor

6.4.1 Settings Related to syslog Sending

When using syslogd instead of rsyslog on the monitored node, add the following settings to /etc/syslog.conf.

*.info;mail.none;authpriv.none;cron.none @[Hinemos Manager IP Address]

The syslog service must be restarted to apply the changes.

(root) # service syslog restart

6.4.2 Settings Related to syslog Receiving

When receiving a syslog that was sent from an outside device, update the port number of the manager server. Modif y the following configuration file.

/etc/rsyslog.d/rsyslog_hinemos_manager.conf

\$UDPServerRun 514 \$InputTCPServerRun 514

The waiting address and port number used when syslog is transferred from rsyslog to Hinemos Manager (java) can b e changed by selecting Maintenance perspective of Hinemos Client and Maintenance [Hinemos Property] view.

monitor.systemlog.listen.address=[listen address of java process to wait for syslog] monitor.systemlog.listen.port=[listen port for java process to wait for syslog]

Hinemos Manager must be restarted in order to reflect the configuration change.

6.4.3 Invalidating the Escape Process for Control Characters

When a syslog arrives to the manager server, it is transmitted to the Hinemos Manager (java) after being received with rsyslog.

At this time, if there is a control character (such as BEL) included in the syslog, the control character part is replac ed with a 3 digit base 8 (#007, etc.) by the rsyslog feature. An example of the escape control code is shown in Table 6-1. An example of the escape log is shown in Table 6-2.

Table 6-1 Example of the Escape Control Code

Control code	String after replacement
NUL	#000
BEL	#007

Table 6-2 Example of the Escape Log (the control character NUL is represented as [NUL])

String received from rsyslog HTTP/1.0[NUL] 50	HTTP/1.0[NUL] 50
String transferred to the Hinemos Manager from rsyslog HTTP/1.0#000 50	HTTP/1.0#000 50
Pattern matching expression matching the above.	.*HTTP/1.0#000 50. *

Change the following settings to disable the escape.

1. Modify /etc/rsyslog.d/rsyslog_hinemos_manager.conf of the Hinemos Manager server.

Add the following settings to /etc/rsyslog.d/rsyslog_hinemos_manager.conf.

\$EscapeControlCharactersOnReceive off

2. Restart rsyslog.

(root) # service rsyslog restart

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6.4.4 Host Name Replacement Process Settings for the syslog Header Part

syslog follows RFC3164 and is comprised of PRI, HEADER and MSG.

The syslog HEADER is comprised of TIMESTAMP and HOSTNAME. TIMESTAMP is comprised of date, HOSTNAME, IP ad dress and blank.

An example of the HEADER part (TIMESTAMP HOSTNAME) of the syslog packet is shown below.

Feb 25 14:09:07 webserver

If the HOSTNAME of the syslog received from rsyslog is not defined (blank), a reverse lookup of the host name is d one using the IP address and the result is placed in the HEADER part of the syslog.

Perform the following settings if reverse lookup of the syslog's host name is disabled by rsyslog.

1. Edit /etc/sysconfig/rsyslog on the Hinemos Manager server.

Specify the "-x" option in the appropriate place in /etc/sysconfig/rsyslog.

SYSLOGD_OPTIONS="-c 4 -x"

2. Restart rsyslog.

(root) # service rsyslog restart

6.5 SNMPTRAP Monitor

6.5.1 Settings Related to SNMPTRAP Receiving

For the waiting address and port number of the manager server used when SNMPTRAP sent from an external device, change the following parameter by selecting Maintenance perspective of Hinemos Client and opening Maintenance [Hinemos Property] view:

monitor.snmptrap.listen.address=[listen address of java process to wait for SNMPTRAP] monitor.snmptrap.listen.port=[listen port for java process to wait for SNMPTRAP]

6.5.2 Default MIB

MIB registered in the master data of Hinemos Manager is listed in Table 6-3 .

Table 6-3 List of MIB Registered in Hinemos Manager by Default

GENERIC TRAP	A3COM-SWITCHING-SYSTEMS-FDDI-MIB
Centrum-MIB	A3Com-DLSW-r1-MIB
LANPLEX-SYSTEMS-MIB	LBHUB-ECS-MIB
SYNC-RESEARCH-MIB	A3Com-Sdlc-r1-MIB
SECURITY-MIB	A3Com-System-r8-MIB
A3COM-SWITCHING-SYSTEMS-POLL-MIB	A3COM-SWITCHING-SYSTEMS-QOS-MIB
A3COM-SWITCHING-SYSTEMS-BRIDGE-MIB	A3COM-SWITCHING-SYSTEMS-MIB
СНІРСОММІВ	CHIPCOM-MIB
PRODUCTMIB	A3COM0007-SYSLOADER
LANPLEX-MIB	LBHUB-BLC-MIB
LBHUB-BRIDGE-MIB	LBHUB-MSH-MIB
LINKB-OPT-FDDI-MIB	LB3GH-1-0-7

LANPLEX-OPT-FDDI-MIB	NCDCHASS-MIB
SWITCHING-SYSTEMS-MIB	USR-TRAP-MIB
VRRP-MIB	ADICLIBMIB
IBM-AIX-MIB	SPAGENT-MIB
BESTPOWER-MIB	XUPS-MIB
PowerNet-MIB	ATM-FORUM-ILMI40-MIB
DPT-SCSI-MIB	ADTRAN-ATLAS-550-MIB
ADTRAN-ATLAS-HSSI-V35-MIB	ADTRAN-ATLAS-MODULE-MIB
ADTRAN-ATLAS-T1-MIB	ADTRAN-ATLAS-UNIT-MIB
ADTRAN-ATLAS-V35NX-MIB	ADTRAN-GENCHASSISTRAP-MIB
Aedilis-MIB	AirDefense-Product-MIB
ALCATEL-IND1-CHASSIS-MIB	ALCATEL-IND1-GROUP-MOBILITY-MIB
ALCATEL-IND1-GVRP-MIB	ALCATEL-IND1-HEALTH-MIB
ALCATEL-IND1-INLINE-POWER-MIB	ALCATEL-IND1-INTERSWITCH-PROTOCOL-MIB
ALCATEL-IND1-IP-MIB	ALCATEL-ISIS-MIB
ALCATEL-IND1-LAG-MIB	ALCATEL-IND1-LPS-MIB
ALCATEL-IND1-MAC-ADDRESS-MIB	ALCATEL-IND1-NETSEC-MIB
ALCATEL-IND1-PIM-BSR-MIB	ALCATEL-IND1-PIM-STD-MIB
ALCATEL-IND1-POLICY-MIB	ALCATEL-IND1-PORT-MIB
ALCATEL-IND1-PORT-MIRRORING-MONITORING-MIB	ALCATEL-IND1-SESSION-MGR-MIB
ALCATEL-IND1-SLB-MIB	ALCATEL-IND1-STACK-MANAGER-MIB
ALCATEL-IND1-TRAP-MGR-MIB	ALCATEL-IND1-UDLD-MIB
ALCATEL-IND1-VLAN-STP-MIB	ALCATEL-IND1-VRRP3-MIB
ALCATEL-IND1-WCCP-MIB	ALCATEL-IND1-WEBMGT-MIB
LUCENT-SECURE-VPN-SOLUTIONS-LSMS-NOTIFICATION -MIB	ALLOT-NX-MIB
ALLOT-SMP-SNMP-MIB	ALLOT-MIB
ALTEON-TRAP-MIB	CHEETAH-TRAP-MIB
ALTIGA-trap-event	WLSR-AP-MIB
WLSX-SWITCH-MIB	WLSX-TRAP-MIB
ASCEND-TRAP	AcBoard
ALARM-MIB	DS1-MIB
ENTITY-MIB	IF-MIB
RMON-MIB	RTCPXR-MIB
SNMPv2-MIB	ACS-TRAP-MIB
CYCLADES-ACS5000-TRAP-MIB	AMX5000-TRAP-MIB
AMX5010-TRAP-MIB	AMX5020-TRAP-MIB
AMX5030-TRAP-MIB	AVCT-CCM-TRAP-MIB
DSR-TRAP-MIB	DSR1021-TRAP-MIB
DSR2010-TRAP-MIB	AVOCENT-MERGEPOINT-TRAP-MIB
PM-TRAP-MIB	BEA-Weblogic-Server-Startup-Event
BEA-Weblogic-Server-Shutdown-Event	BEA-Weblogic-Attribute-Change-Received-Event
BEA-Weblogic-Monitor-Trap-Received-Event	BEA-Weblogic-Log-Filter-Trap-Received-Event
BGP4-MIB	RFC1269-MIB

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Backup-Exec-MIB	BLACKBERRYSERVERMIB
BLACKBERRYSERVER-MIB	BNT-GbESM-10Ub-RS-MIB
BLUECOAT-DIRECTOR-TRAP-MIB	BLUECOAT-SG-ATTACK-MIB
BLUECOAT-SG-DISK-MIB	BLUECOAT-SG-HEALTHCHECK-MIB
BLUECOAT-SG-HEALTHMONITOR-MIB	BLUECOAT-SG-POLICY-MIB
BLUECOAT-SG-SENSOR-MIB	BLUECOAT-SG-USAGE-MIB
BLUECOAT-AV-MIB	ATTACK-MIB
POLICY-MIB	SENSOR-MIB
USAGE-MIB	ADONIS-DNS-MIB
FCMGMT-MIB	SW-TRAP
ARCserve-Alarm-MIB	CPQN54NN-MIB
CPQCLUSTER-MIB	CPQCMC-MIB
CPQCR-MIB	CPQDMII-MIB
CPQDSCCS-MIB	CPQFCA-MIB
CPQGEN-MIB	CPQHLTH-MIB
CPQHOST-MIB	CPQHSV110V3-MIB
CPQICA-MIB	CPQIDA-MIB
CPQIDE-MIB	CPQSINFO-MIB
CPQN5226A-MIB	CPQNIC-MIB
CPQPOWER-MIB	CPQRACK-MIB
CPQRECOV-MIB	CPQRPM-MIB
CPQSANAPP-MIB	CPQSANEVENT-MIB
CPQSCSI-MIB	CPQSERVICE-MIB
CPQSM2-MIB	CPQSRVMN-MIB
CPQSTDEQ-MIB	CPQSTSYS-MIB
CPQSWCC-MIB	CPQTHRSH-MIB
CPQ-TRAPS-MIB	CPQUPS-MIB
CPQWCRM-MIB	CPQOS-MIB
CRITAPP-MIB	CISCO-CIDS-MIB
PCUBE-SE-MIB	CISCO-SERVICE-CONTROL-RDR-MIB
CISCO-SERVICE-CONTROL-LINK-MIB	CISCO-SERVICE-CONTROL-SUBSCRIBERS-MIB
AIRESPACE-WIRELESS-MIB	CISCO-LWAPP-DOT11-CLIENT-MIB
ACCOUNTING-CONTROL-MIB	ADSL-LINE-MIB
APPN-MIB	APPN-TRAP-MIB
ATM-SOFT-PVC-MIB	AWCVX-MIB
CISCO-5800-HEALTH-MON-MIB	CISCO-6400-CHASSIS-MIB
Cisco90Series-MIB	CISCO-AAA-SERVER-MIB
CISCO-ACCESS-ENVMON-MIB	CISCO-ALPS-MIB
CISCO-APS-MIB	CISCO-ATM-DUAL-PHY-MIB
CISCO-ATM-NETWORK-CLOCK-MIB	CISCO-BSTUN-MIB
CISCO-C2900-MIB	CISCO-C3800-MIB
CISCO-C8500-REDUNDANCY-MIB	CISCO-CALL-TRACKER-MIB
CISCO-CASA-FA-MIB	CISCO-CASA-MIB
CISCO-CCM-MIB	CISCO-CHANNEL-MIB

CISCO-CIPCMPC-MIB	CISCO-CIPCSNA-MIB
CISCO-CLUSTER-MIB	CISCO-CONFIG-COPY-MIB
CISCO-CONFIG-MAN-MIB	CISCO-CONTENT-ENGINE-MIB
CISCO-CONTENT-NETWORK-MIB	CISCO-DLSW-EXT-MIB
CISCO-DLSW-MIB	CISCO-DOCS-EXT-MIB
CISCO-DOCS-REMOTE-QUERY-MIB	cdspMIB
CISCO-DSPU-MIB	CISCO-ENTITY-ALARM-MIB
CISCO-ENTITY-FRU-CONTROL-MIB	CISCO-ENTITY-SENSOR-MIB
CISCO-ENVMON-MIB	CISCO-EVENT-DISTR-MIB
CISCO-FASTHUB-MIB	CISCO-FIREWALL-MIB
CISCO-FLASH-MIB	CISCO-GATEKEEPER-MIB
CISCOTRAP-MIB	CISCO-GPRS-GTP-MIB
CISCO-GPRS-L2RLY-MIB	CISCO-HSRP-MIB
CISCO-ICSUDSU-MIB	CISCO-IETF-ATM2-PVCTRAP-MIB
CISCO-IF-THRESHOLD-MIB	CISCO-IP-ENCRYPTION-MIB
GWPOA-MIB	CISCO-IPMROUTE-MIB
CISCO-IPSEC-FLOW-MONITOR-MIB	CISCO-IPSEC-MIB
CISCO-ISDN-MIB	CISCO-ISDNU-IF-MIB
CISCO-ITP-SCCP-MIB	CISCO-ITP-SP-MIB
CISCO-LOCAL-DIRECTOR-MIB	CISCO-NETWORK-REGISTRAR-MIB
CISCO-OAM-MIB	CISCO-OPTICAL-PATCH-MIB
CISCO-OSCP-MIB	CISCO-PIM-MIB
CISCO-PING-MIB	CISCO-POP-MGMT-MIB
CISCO-PPPOE-MIB	CISCO-REPEATER-MIB
CISCO-RF-MIB	CISCO-RHINO-MIB
CISCO-RSRB-MIB	CISCO-RTTMON-MIB
CISCO-SDLLC-MIB	CISCO-SIBU-MANAGERS-MIB
CISCO-SIBU-STACKABLE-DUAL-SPEED-HUB-MIB	CISCO-SLB-MIB
CISCO-SNA-LLC-MIB	CISCO-SP-MIB
CISCO-SRP-MIB	CISCO-STACK-MIB
CISCO-STP-EXTENSIONS-MIB	CISCO-STUN-MIB
CISCO-SYSLOG-MIB	CISCO-SYSTEM-MIB
CISCO-TS-STACK-MIB	CISCO-VLAN-MEMBERSHIP-MIB
CISCO-VOICE-APPS-MIB	CISCO-VOICE-DIAL-CONTROL-MIB
CISCO-VTP-MIB	CISCO-WIRELESS-DOCS-EXT-MIB
CISCO-WIRELESS-IF-MIB	CISCO-WIRELESS-P2MP-LINK-METRICS-MIB
CISCO-WIRELESS-P2MP-PHY-MIB	CISCO-WIRELESS-P2MP-RF-METRICS-MIB
STAND-ALONE-ETHERNET-SWITCH-MIB	MADGERSW-MIB
METRO1500-MIB	CISCO-ES-STACK-MIB
CISCO-MVPN-MIB	CISCO-ATM-IF-MIB
CISCO-ATM-PVCTRAP-EXTN-MIB	CISCO-BBSM-MIB
CISCO-BGP4-MIB	CISCO-BULK-FILE-MIB
CISCO-CABLE-AVAILABILITY-MIB	CISCO-CABLE-METERING-MIB
CISCO-CABLE-QOS-MONITOR-MIB	CISCO-CABLE-SPECTRUM-MIB

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CISCO-CALLHOME-MIB	CISCO-CAT6K-CROSSBAR-MIB
CISCO-CDL-MIB	CISCO-CDMA-AHDLC-MIB
CISCO-CDMA-PDSN-MIB	CISCO-CSG-MIB
CISCO-DDP-IAPP-MIB	CISCO-DEVICE-EXCEPTION-REPORTING-MIB
CISCO-DIST-DIRECTOR-MIB	CISCO-DM-MIB
CISCO-DOT11-CONTEXT-SERVICES-MIB	CISCO-ENTITY-PFE-MIB
CISCO-EPM-NOTIFICATION-MIB	CISCO-EXT-SCSI-MIB
ciscoFabricC12kMIB	CISCO-FABRIC-HFR-MIB
CISCO-FC-FE-MIB	CISCO-FCC-MIB
CISCO-FCPING-MIB	CISCO-FCS-MIB
CISCO-FCTRACEROUTE-MIB	CISCO-FDMI-MIB
CISCO-FEATURE-CONTROL-MIB	CISCO-FSPF-MIB
CISCO-GGSN-MIB	CISCO-GPRS-ACC-PT-MIB
CISCO-GPRS-CHARGING-MIB	CISCO-GTP-DIRECTOR-MIB
CISCO-GTP-MIB	CISCO-HC-ALARM-MIB
CISCO-HEALTH-MONITOR-MIB	CISCO-IETF-DOT11-QOS-EXT-MIB
CISCO-IETF-PW-MIB	CISCO-IETF-SCTP-EXT-MIB
CISCO-IETF-VDSL-LINE-MIB	CISCO-IMAGE-UPGRADE-MIB
CISCO-IP-LOCAL-POOL-MIB	CISCO-ISCSI-MIB
CISCO-ITP-GRT-MIB	CISCO-ITP-GSCCP-MIB
CISCO-ITP-GSP-MIB	CISCO-ITP-MLR-MIB
CISCO-ITP-MONITOR-MIB	CISCO-ITP-RT-MIB
CISCO-ITP-XUA-MIB	CISCO-IVR-MIB
CISCO-L2-CONTROL-MIB	CISCO-L2-DEV-MONITORING-MIB
CISCO-LICENSE-MGR-MIB	CISCO-MAC-NOTIFICATION-MIB
CISCO-MOBILE-IP-MIB	CISCO-MODULE-AUTO-SHUTDOWN-MIB
CISCO-NBAR-PROTOCOL-DISCOVERY-MIB	CISCO-NMS-APPL-HEALTH-MIB
CISCO-NS-MIB	CISCO-OPTICAL-MONITOR-MIB
CISCO-OSPF-TRAP-MIB	CISCO-OUTAGE-MONITOR-MIB
CISCO-PORT-SECURITY-MIB	CISCO-PORT-STORM-CONTROL-MIB
CISCO-PSA-MICROCODE-MIB	CISCO-PSM-MIB
CISCO-RPMS-MIB	CISCO-RSCN-MIB
CISCO-SCSI-MIB	CISCO-SLB-EXT-MIB
CISCO-SONET-MIB	CISCO-SSG-MIB
CISCO-SSL-PROXY-MIB	CISCO-SYS-INFO-LOG-MIB
CISCO-SYSTEM-EXT-MIB	сТарМІВ
CISCO-TAP-MIB	CISCO-VIRTUAL-NW-IF-MIB
CISCO-VISM-TRAPS-MIB	CISCO-VOICE-DNIS-MIB
CISCO-VPDN-MGMT-MIB	CISCO-VSAN-MIB
CISCO-WAN-TOPOLOGY-MIB	CISCO-WLAN-VLAN-MIB
CISCO-WWNMGR-MIB	CISCO-ZS-MIB
CISCOWORKS-MIB	CISCO-SME-MIB
CISCO-SLB-HEALTH-MON-MIB	CISCO-STACKWISE-MIB
CISCO-ENHANCED-SLB-MIB	CISCO-MODULE-VIRTUALIZATION-MIB

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CLARENT-MIB	CSI-P2-MIB
COLUBRIS-802DOT11-MIB	COLUBRIS-MAINTENANCE-MIB
COLUBRIS-PUBLIC-ACCESS-MIB	COLUBRIS-PUBLIC-ACCESS-RETENTION-MIB
COLUBRIS-SATELLITE-MANAGEMENT-MIB	COLUBRIS-SYSLOG-MIB
COLUBRIS-SYSTEM-MIB	COLUBRIS-TOOLS-MIB
COLUBRIS-VPN-MIB	SERVERVANTAGE-TRAP-MIB
CDM-625	DiagnosticsMonitor
CXC-MIB	Cricket-Threshold-exceeded
Cricket-Threshold-cleared	Crossbeam-Hardware-Event
Crossbeam-Module-Event	Crossbeam-VAP-Group-Event
Crossbeam-VRRP-Event	DISMAN-PING-MIB
DISMAN-EVENT-MIB	DMTF-DMI-MIB
DMTF-MOBILE-MIB	DMTF-SYSTEMS-MIB
DPS-MIB	VM-MIB
МІВ	ArrayManager-MIB
DELL_ASF-MIB	StorageManagement-MIB
DELL-RAC-MIB	INTEL-LAN-ADAPTERS-MIB
EMC-CELERRA	CLARIION-MIB
EMC-MIB	A3COM51-SS9000SX
EXTREME-CABLE-MIB	EXTREME-CLEARFLOW-MIB
EXTREME-DOS-MIB	EXTREME-ENH-DOS-MIB
EXTREME-ESRP-MIB	EXTREME-IP-SECURITY-MIB
EXTREME-PORT-MIB	EXTREME-SOFTWARE-MONITOR-MIB
EXTREME-STACKING-MIB	EXTREME-SYSTEM-MIB
EXTREME-TRAP-MIB	EXTREME-UPM-MIB
EXTREME-V2TRAP-MIB	EXTREME-WIRELESS-MIB
LOAD-BAL-SYSTEM-MIB	WAN-TRAP-MIB
F5-3DNS-MIB	F5-BIGIP-COMMON-MIB
Fore-Switch-MIB	FORTIOS-300-MIB
FOUNDRY-SN-TRAP-MIB	SNI-HD-MIB
SNI-MYLEX-MIB	SNI-SERVER-CONTROL-MIB
FSC-SERVERCONTROL2-MIB	SERVERVIEW-STATUS-MIB
SERVERVIEW-DUPLEXDATAMANAGER-MIB	SIEMENS-DUPLEXWRITE-MIB
DESKTRAP-MIB	SIEMENS-MULTIPATH-MIB
SNI-NT-CLUSTER-MIB	PCI-HOTPLUG-MIB
SNI-SERVERVIEW-MIB	SNI-TRAP-MIB
FSC-HACL-MIB	WSA-TRAP-MIB
GGSN-MIB	GWAPIMIB
GWADA-MIB	NGWASYNC
GWIAMIB	GWMTA-MIB
GWOVVMMIB	GWPAGERMIB
GWSMTPMIB	GWSNADSMIB
NGWX400MIB	HPNSAECC-MIB
HP-ENTITY-MIB	HP-httpManageable-MIB

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HP-ICF-8023-RPTR	HP-ICF-BASIC
HP-ICF-CHAIN	HP-ICF-CHASSIS
HP-ICF-FAULT-FINDER-MIB	HP-ICF-GENERIC-RPTR
HP-ICF-VG-RPTR	ICF-VG-RPTR
HP-MCSG	HP-SN-TRAP-MIB
JETDIRECT3-TRAP	HPNSATRAP-MIB
TapeAlert-MIB	UMSEVENT-MIB
IBM-Director-Alert-MIB	IBM-SERVERAID-MIB
Converged-Power-System-Trap	RSASPPALT-MIB
IEEE802dot11-MIB	IPUNITY-SES-MIB
IPV6-MIB	ISS-MIB
INTEL-GEN-MIB	INTEL-S500-MIB
RMM2-MIB	PET-MIB
AOLAN-MIB	PET_EVENTS
I3IC-MIB	ASYNCOS-MAIL-MIB
Juniper-System-MIB	Juniper-CLI-MIB
Juniper-RADIUS-CLIENT-MIB	Juniper-System-Clock-MIB
Juniper-ADDRESS-POOL-MIB	Juniper-REDUNDANCY-MIB
Juniper-MROUTER-MIB	BGP4-V2-MIB
JUNIPER-CFGMGMT-MIB	JUNIPER-MIB
JUNIPER-LDP-MIB	MPLS-MIB
JUNIPER-MPLS-LDP-MIB	JUNIPER-PING-MIB
JUNIPER-PMon-MIB	JUNIPER-RMON-MIB
JUNIPER-SONET-MIB	APS-MIB
JUNIPER-VPN-MIB	JUNIPER-USER-AAA-MIB
JUNIPER-COLLECTOR-MIB	JUNIPER-SP-MIB
OSPFV3-MIB	JUNIPER-SYSLOG-MIB
JUNIPER-CHASSIS-CLUSTER-MIB	JUNIPER-JS-AUTH-MIB
JUNIPER-V1-TRAPS-BGP	JUNIPER-V1-TRAPS-CHAS
JUNIPER-V1-TRAPS-MPLS	JUNIPER-V1-TRAPS-OSPF
LLDP-MIB	LIEBERT-SERIES-600-UPS-MODULE-MIB
LIEBERT-GP-AGENT-MIB	LIEBERT-GP-NOTIFICATIONS-MIB
Linksys-Connection-Trap	AGG-TRAP-MIB
CDR-TRAP-MIB	EXCEL-SWITCH-MIB
FC-TRAP-MIB	H323-TRAP-MIB
MANTRA-TRAP-MIB	PSAX-TRAP-MIB
RM-TRAP-MIB	SIP-TRAP-MIB
SPINS-TRAP-MIB	MG-SNMP-UPS-MIB
MPLS-VPN-MIB	MPLS-L3VPN-STD-MIB
MPLS-LSR-STD-MIB	MPLS-TE-STD-MIB
DEV-CFG-MIB	MSCR-MIB
VLAN-MIB	NSTACK-MIB
OADWDM-MIB	OA-VDSL-MIB
OA-VOICE-MIB	OAATERESCOPE-MIB

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DRAFT-MSDP-MIB	MADGECAU-MIB	
TVD-MIB	mcafee_EVENT_NEW_MIB	
LanMgr-Alerts-II-MIB	PIM-MIB	
MSDP-MIB	MYLEXRAID-MIB	
CONTIVITY-TRAPS-V1-MIB	NETWORK-APPLIANCE-MIB	
NET-SNMP-AGENT-MIB	NETBOTZ-MIB	
NETGEAR-SWITCHING-MIB	NS-ROOT-MIB	
NETSCREEN-TRAP-MIB	NOKIA-ENHANCED-SNMP-SOLUTION-SUITE-ALARM-IRP	
NOKIA-ENHANCED-SNMP-SOLUTION-SUITE-PM-IRP	NOKIA-IPSO-LBCLUSTER-MIB	
NOKIA-IPSO-SYSTEM-MIB	DHCP-MIB	
IPX	Novell-Directory-Services-Trap-MIB	
Windows-NT-Server-Trend-MIB	NetWare-Server-Alarm-MIB	
NetWare-Server-Trend-MIB	NWTRAPCONFIGURATION	
OSPF-TRAP-MIB	OPENNMS-MIB	
RDBMS-MIB	ORALISTENER-MIB	
ORAINTERCHANGE-MIB	ORACLE-AGENT-MIB	
ORACLE-ENTERPRISE-MANAGER-4-MIB	OVERTURE-FAULTS-MIB	
BLUECOAT-PACKETSHAPER-MIB	PATROL-MIB	
SIPXECS-ALARM-NOTIFICATION-MIB	PIXMET-ATM-MIB	
PIXMET-COFDM-MIB	PIXMET-DVBT-MIB	
PIXMET-DVSTATION-MIB	PIXMET-IQ-MIB	
PIXMET-QAM-MIB	PIXMET-QMM-MIB	
PIXMET-QPSK-MIB	PIXMET-SLF-MIB	
PIXMET-TSP-MIB	PIXMET-VSB-MIB	
POLYCOM-VIDEO-MIB	CV-MIB	
RADLAN-MIB	RAPID-CITY	
RFC1382-MIB	UPS-MIB	
RANCID-CUSTOM-MIB	REDLINE-TRAPv2-MIB	
AVTC-COMMON-MIB	STEELHEAD-MIB	
SNA-NAU-MIB	SNMP-REPEATER-MIB	
SENSAPHONE-MIB	Sentry3-MIB	
SNORT-INTRUSION-DETECTION-ALERT-MIB	SONICWALL-FIREWALL-TRAP-MIB	
SONUS-COMMON-MIB	SONUS-TRUNK-GROUP-RESOURCES-MIB	
SONUS-SYSTEM-TIMING-MIB	SONUS-SOFTSWITCH-CLIENT-SERVICES-MIB	
SONUS-SS7-SERVICES-MIB	SONUS-SS7-MTP3-MIB	
SONUS-SS7-MTP2-MIB	SONUS-SONET-MIB	
SONUS-SOFTWARE-UPGRADE-SERVICES-MIB	SONUS-SIP-SIGNALLING-MIB	
SONUS-RTCP-MIB	SONUS-REDUNDANCY-SERVICES-MIB	
SONUS-OSPF-MIB	SONUS-NTP-SERVICES-MIB	
SONUS-IP-INTERFACE-MIB	SONUS-NODE-RESOURCES-MIB	
SONUS-NODE-MIB	SONUS-MASTER-TRUNK-RESOURCE-MANAGER-MIB	
SONUS-MGCP-SERVICES-MIB	SONUS-LOG-STREAMING-SERVICES-MIB	
SONUS-JAPANST-MIB	SONUS-ISUP-SERVICE-GROUP-MIB	
SONUS-ISDN-SERVICE-GROUP-MIB	SONUS-IP-FILTER-MIB	

SONUS-H323-SIGNALLING-MIB	SONUS-GATEWAY-SIGNALLING-MIB	
SONUS-EVENT-LOG-MIB	SONUS-DS3-MIB	
SONUS-DS3THRESHOLD-MIB	SONUS-DS1-MIB	
SONUS-DS1THRESHOLD-MIB	SONUS-DSP-RESOURCES-MIB	
SONUS-CAS-MIB	SONUS-ACCOUNTING-SERVICES-MIB	
SONUS-COMMON-CALL-PROCESS-MIB	SONUS-BT-SERVICE-GROUP-MIB	
SONUS-ATM-EXTENSIONS-MIB	SONUS-ANNOUNCEMENT-RESOURCES-MIB	
SONUS-APS-MIB	SONUS-SONET-APS-MIB	
SONUS-ALARM-CONTACT-MIB	IPOA-MIB	
ATM2-MIB	SONUS-DATASTREAM-INTEGRATOR-MIB	
SONUS-DSI-TRANSPORTER-MIB	SONUS-AGT-SGX-EVENT-MIB	
SONUS-HA-MIB	SONUS-HSX-MIB	
SONUS-SOFTSWITCH-DBREP-MIB	SONUS-SOFTSWITCH-PIPE-MIB	
SONUS-SOFTSWITCH-POLICY-EXECUTION-SERVER-MIB	SONUS-SOFTSWITCH-PROXY-GATEKEEPER-MIB	
SONUS-SOFTSWITCH-SCPA-MIB	SONUS-SOFTSWITCH-SIP-ENGINE-MIB	
SONUS-SOFTSWITCH-SSREQ-MIB	BRIDGE-MIB	
DIAL-CONTROL-MIB	DLSW-MIB	
DOCS-CABLE-DEVICE-TRAP-MIB	DS3-MIB	
IMA-MIB	ISDN-MIB	
ΡΤΟΡΟ-ΜΙΒ	RFC1315-MIB	
SNA-SDLC-MIB	TN3270E-RT-MIB	
SUN-PLATFORM-MIB	SUN-HW-TRAP-MIB	
SWISSQUAL-NQAGENT-MIB	SYMBOL-CC-WS2000-MIB	
SYMBOL-DSSS-ENTERPRISE-PRIVATE-MIB	SYMBOL-WS5000-MIB	
EMPIRE	TUT-T2-MIB	
TRIPPUPS-MIB	UPTIME-ROOT-MIB	
VMWARE-ENV-MIB	VMWARE-TRAPS-MIB	
VMWARE-OBSOLETE-MIB	VMWARE-VC-EVENT-MIB	
VMWARE-VMINFO-MIB	IPVREMS-MIB	
CCU3000PMAC-TRAPS-MIB	WBSN-APPLIANCE-MIB	
XEROX-HOST-RESOURCES-EXT-MIB	XEROX-JOB-MONITORING-EXT-MIB	
XEROX-JOB-MONITORING-MIB	XEROX-RESOURCES-MIB	
XEROX-SERVICE-MONITORING-MIB	XEROX-SIMPLE-JOB-MGMT-MIB	

6.6 Windows Service Monitor

6.6.1 WinRM Installation

Windows management framework WinRM 1.1, WinRM 2.0, and WinRM 3.0 must be installed on the monitored node wh ich are targets of Windows Service Monitor. If the OS of the monitored node is Windows Server 2008 R2 or Window s 7, WinRM 2.0 is installed by default, and if the OS of the monitored node is Windows Server 2012, 2012 R2, Wind ows 8 or 8.1, WinRM 3.0 is installed by default. For these environment, there are no need to install WinRM manually.

To check the version of WinRM installed in the environment, execute a command shown below from a command prom pt, and check the value of "Stack" from command execution result.


```
> winrm id
IdentifyResponse
ProtocolVersion = http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman.xsd
ProductVendor = Microsoft Corporation
ProductVersion = OS: 6.1.7600 SP: 0.0 Stack: 2.0
```

Refer to the Microsoft support site for detail information on WinRM and the method of downloading and installing.

6.6.2 Remote Computer Management Authorization

Run the following command from the monitored node's command prompt and authorize remote computer management.

> winrm quickconfig WinRM is not set up for remote access of this computer for management. The following changes must be made.

(Partially omitted)

Make these changes [y / n]? y

WinRM has been updated for remote management.

Run the following command and confirm the HTTP/HTTPS port for WinRM. For WinRM 1.1, 80 is the default port for HTTP and 443 is the default port for HTTPS. For WinRM 2.0 and WinRM 3.0, 5985 is the default port for HTTP and 5986 is the default port for HTTPS.

> winrm get winrm/config

Run the following command and confirm that the HTTP/HTTPS port for WinRM is LISTEN.

> netstat -an

6.6.3 Basic Confirmation Authorization

Run the following command and authorize basic confirmation.

```
> winrm set winrm/config/service/auth @{Basic="true"}
Auth
Basic = true
```

6.6.4 Unencrypted Transmission Authorization

Run the following command and authorize unencrypted transmission by HTTP.

```
> winrm set winrm/config/service @{AllowUnencrypted="true"}
Service
AllowUnencrypted = true
```

6.6.5 Set up HTTPS

The following steps are necessary if using HTTPS with Windows Service Monitor.

1. Prepare the certificate

Prepare the certificate used with a WinRM HTTP connection.

2. Register the certificate to WinRM

Execute the following command.

```
> winrm create winrm/config/Listener?Address=*+Transport=HTTPS @{Hostname="[IP Address]";
    CertificateThumbprint="[Certificate Thumbprint (base 16)]"}
```

- 3. Register the certificate to the Hinemos Manager's keystore Refer to Register the Certificate to the Keystore and Specifying the Keystore File in the Java Startup Options and register the certificate in the Hinemos Manager's keystore.
- 4. Restart the Hinemos Manager

*Hinemos Manager must be restarted only if the keystore file is specified for the Java startup option. Only when re gistering the certificate to the keystore, restart of Hinemos Manager is not requied.

6.6.6 Prepare the Destination OS User

The OS user of Windows server is used for remote access to WinRM. For this reason, the OS user used for remote a ccess by Hinemos must be prepared on the monitored node.

• This user must belong to the Administrators group.

Run the following command to set the access permissions for the corresponding user for WinRM.

• For WinRM 1.1

```
> winrm configSDDL
```

• For WinRM 2.0 and WinRM 3.0

> winrm configSDDL default

The access permission setting dialog is displayed when you run the following command. Select the prepared OS user and set the access permissions. Further, read permission is required for Windows Service Monitor.

6.6.7 Synchronization Confirmation

Run the following command on the manager server and confirm that it can synchronize with the monitored node. In order to execute these commands, you will need to install wsmancli package to a Red Hat Enterprise Linux environm ent.

(root) # wsman -u [Destination OS user name] -p [Password] -y basic -h [IP Address] -P [HTTP/HTTPS default port] -d 6 enumerate http://schemas.microsoft.com/wbem/wsman/1/wmi/root/cimv2/Win32_Service (root) # wsman -u [Destination OS user name] -p [Password] -y basic -h [IP Address] -P [HTTP/HTTPS default port] -d 6 get http://schemas.microsoft.com/wbem/wsman/1/wmi/root/cimv2/Win32_Service?Name=wudfsvc

6.7 Custom Monitor

6.7.1 Command Action Change

Commands set up in Custom Monitor are run by the Hinemos Agent.

The Hinemos Agent will automatically identify the OS platform when running. The command action will be converted to match the OS platform.

The OS platform identification method can be changed with the monitor.custom.command.mode parameter of the fol lowing setting file. Further, the default value of the monitor.custom.command.mode parameter is "auto".

/opt/hinemos_agent/conf/Agent.properties (Linux Agent)



• [Hinemos Agent install directory]\conf\Agent.properties (Windows Agent)

monitor.custom.command.mode=auto

The Custom Monitor's monitor.custom.command.mode parameter has the same action as the Hinemos Agent's job.comm and.mode parameter. The values that can be set in the monitor.custom.command.mode parameter and the difference s in operation by OS platform can be found by referring to the Hinemos Agent's Changing the Action of the Startup Command.

In order to reflect the configuration changes, restart Hinemos Agent.

6.7.2 Maximum Value from Standard Output Settings

The value acquired from Custom Monitor can be extracted from the command's standard output.

However, if a large amount of information is suddenly output from the command as standard output, the Hinemos A gent's memory may be insufficient, which may cause a malfunction.

In order to prevent this type of malfunction, the maximum size read from the standard output with Hinemos Agent i s specified. The maximum size (the default value is 512[bytes]) for the read can be changed in the following setting value.

- /opt/hinemos_agent/conf/Agent.properties (Linux Agent)
- [Hinemos Agent install directory]\conf\Agent.properties (Windows Agent)

monitor.custom.buffer=512

In order to reflect the configuration changes, restart Hinemos Agent.

6.7.3 New Line Code Included in the Standard Output Setting

Custom monitor extracts the value for 1 monitoring target with a 1 line unit as the command's standard output.

The new line code for identifying the row can be changed with the following setting value. By default, this is LF for the Linux Agent and CRLF for the Windows Agent.

- /opt/hinemos_agent/conf/Agent.properties (Linux Agent)
- [Hinemos Agent install directory]\conf\Agent.properties (Windows Agent)

monitor.custom.lineseparator=LF

Restart the Hinemos Agent after changing the settings.

6.7.4 Command Execution Multiplicity Setting

The thread pool used for command execution by the Custom Monitor is set up in the Hinemos Agent.

When a command is executed, a thread that is not used is allocated from the thread pool, and and the thread that was used is released after the command execution ends or timeout.

The number of threads prepared for the thread pool (the default is 8 threads) can be defined with the following se tting value.

- /opt/hinemos_agent/conf/Agent.properties (Linux Agent)
- [Hinemos Agent install directory]\conf\Agent.properties (Windows Agent)

monitor.custom.thread=8

If a large volume of custom monitoring is assigned for the same monitoring target, adjust this setting value if the c ommand execution timing will be delayed.



6.8 Polling Protocol Setting

Polling of the performance feature and monitoring feature (Resource Monitor, Process Monitor and SNMP Monitor) f or monitoring objects is performed from Hinemos Manager using SNMP and WBEM. The information required for each feature is acquired.

So, when using the above feature, it must be set on the monitored target side so that it can respond to SNMP or W BEM polling from the Hinemos Manager.

Also, if monitoring using WBEM, it must be able to notify the CIM server (top-pegasus) and HTTP of the target nod e.

Follow the specifications for each device that will be a monitored node, and set them so they can respond to polling from the Hinemos Manager.

6.8.1 Configuring Net-SNMP

For the management target that is installed on the Linux Agent, the following settings are added to the snmpd.conf while the Hinemos Agent installer is running.

/etc/snmp/snmpd.conf

6.8.2 Method of SNMP/WBEM switchover

With the performance feature and the monitor feature (resource monitoring), the polling means (SNMP and WBEM) ar e switched by category (CPU, memory, disk, network and file system). Further, obtaining a backup file by following t he procedures in Backing-up the Database is recommended when applying the procedures.

Stop the Hinemos Manager and run the following commands as the root user. The password is requested so enter th e PostgreSQL login password (the initial password is "hinemos").

(root) # /opt/hinemos/bin/pg_start.sh

(root) # /opt/hinemos/postgresql/bin/psql -p 24001 -U hinemos -c "UPDATE setting.cc_collector_category_collect_mst SET collect_method = '(Protocol to be changed)'

WHERE category_code = '(Category to be changed)' and platform_id = 'LINUX'''

Password for user hinemos:

(root) # /opt/hinemos/bin/pg_stop.sh

Enter either "SNMP" or "WBEM" (default is SNMP) in the section "Protocol to be Changed". For the section "category to be changed from the five options listed below.

- C000_CPU \cdots Information related to the CPU
- C001_MEM ···· Information related to the memory
- C002_DSK ···· Information related to the disk
- C003_NET · · · · Information related to the network
- C004_FS ··· Information related to the file system

(Note) Some values cannot be retrieved using WBEM. Also, only EXT3/EXT2 file systems can be monitored using WBE M.

WBEM and SNMP can switch in the monitoring feature (process monitoring).

Stop the Hinemos Manager and run the following commands. The password is requested so enter the PostgreSQL logi n password (the initial password is "hinemos").

(root) # /opt/hinemos/bin/pg_start.sh

(root) # /opt/hinemos/postgresql/bin/psql -p 24001 -U hinemos -c "UPDATE setting.cc_monitor_process_method_mst SET collect_method = '(Protocol to be changed)' WHERE platform_id = 'LINUX'''

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Password for user hinemos:

(root) # /opt/hinemos/bin/pg_stop.sh

Enter either "SNMP" or "WBEM" (default is SNMP) in the section "Protocol to be Changed".

6.9 Collection Value of the Numeric Value Monitoring Setting

You can define for the operation when deleting monitor settings whether or not the collected value for numeric val ue monitoring is deleted. As necessary, change the following parameter by selecting Maintenance perspective of Hin emos Client and opening Maintenance [Hinemos Property] view:

If "on", the acquired value will also be deleted at the same time as the monitor settings are deleted. If "off", the ac quired value will not be deleted even when the monitor settings are deleted.

monitor.common.delete.cascade.perfdata=off

The delete history information feature of the maintenance feature is used to delete the value acquired with numeri c value monitoring. Further, the value acquired with numeric value monitoring is linked and managed by a Monitor ID. Because of this, if a new monitor setting is created with the same monitor ID as a monitor setting that already exi sts, when you display as a graph and download the value acquired by numeric value monitoring, you may unintentiona IIy use the data that was acquired by numeric value monitoring for graph display and download, so be careful.

6.10 Resource Monitoring

6.10.1 Settings for mass storage filesystem monitoring

Additional settings shown below is needed for resource monitoring hign capacity filesystems. Monitor-able filesyste ms are from where device names are set. (* this can be confirmed by using df command)

1. Edit /etc/snmp/snmpd.conf of the monitored target node.

```
disk / 10000 ←add
disk /dev/shm 10000 ←add
disk /boot 10000 ←add
```

• This is an example of when "/", "/dev/shm", "/boot" are set as device names.

2. Restart snmpd of the monitored target node.

service snmpd restart



6.11 Log Monitoring

6.11.1 Setting maximum number of files that can be monitored

The maximum number of files (default: 500) that can be monitored through log file monitoring can be set as follows.

To change the number of files, add the following to Agent.properties:

*Do not change the value to a value greater than 500.

- /opt/hinemos_agent/conf/Agent.properties (Linux Agent)
- [Hinemos Agent install directory]\conf\Agent.properties (Windows Agent)

monitor.logfile.filter.maxfiles=500

Files exceeding the upper limit are not monitored. If the upper limit is exceeded, the following log is output to agen t.log:

refresh() too many files for logfile. not-monitoring file=< name of file not monitored>

In order to reflect the configuration changes, restart Hinemos Agent.

7 Job Management

Additional settings for the Hinemos job management feature are explained.

7.1 Changing the Action of the Startup Command

The Hinemos Agent will automatically identify the OS platform when running. The job start command operation will be switched to match the OS platform.

The OS platform identification method can be changed with the job.command.mode parameter of the following setti ng file. Further, the default value of the job.command.mode parameter is "auto".

- /opt/hinemos_agent/conf/Agent.properties (Linux Agent)
- [Hinemos Agent install directory]\conf\Agent.properties (Windows Agent)

job.command.mode=auto

A list of the values that can be specified in the job.command.mode parameter is shown in Table 7-1.

Configured value	Description		
auto Auto identification of the platform(default)			
windows	Create command for a Windows Platform		
unix	Create command for a Linux Platform		
compatible	Hinemos ver3.1/ver3.0 compatibility mode		

Table 7-1 Changing the Action of the Startup Command

An example of the operation when echo XXX is the start command is shown below.

When the platform is identified as Windows

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• When the platform is identified as Linux

If the Hinemos Agent startup user and effective user are the same: sh -c [Start Command] Command: sh 1st command line argument: -c 2nd command line argument: echo XXX
If the Hinemos Agent startup user and effective user are not the same: sudo -u [Effective user] sh -c [Start Command] Command: sudo 1st command line argument: -u 2nd command line argument: [Effective user] 3rd command line argument: sh 4th command line argument: -c 5th command line argument: echo XXX
Vhen the start command runs in compatible mode

When the start command runs in compatible mode



The Hinemos Agent must be restarted after changing the settings.

7.2 Configuring the Job Schedule Control when Restarting Hinemos Manag er

When Hinemos Manager is started, the schedules of jobs which were planned to be executed while Hinemos Manager was stooped, will act in ways written below.

- If the time elapsed from the scheduled run time is below the threshold determined as a start failure (default i s 1 hour), the scheduled jobs will run immediately after Hinemos Manager starts.
- If the time elapsed from the trigger time is above the threshold determined as a start failure (default is 1 hou r), the scheduled jobs will be postponed, and will run at the next scheduled run time.

When Hinemos Manager is restored with procedure written in Restoring the Database, The schedules of jobs are hand led as if Hinemos Manager was stopped from the time when backup was taken, and will act in the same way.

For more detail, please refer to Hinemos User's Manual "13.1 Behaviour of Job schedules when planned execution tim e has passed while java porcess was stopped"

Further, the definition of the threshold that determines a start failure is changed by the following method. Define this unit in msec units.

• Maintenance perspective of Hinemos Client → Maintenance [Hinemos Property] view

quartz.jobStore.misfireThreshold = 3600000

Hinemos is designed to execute job schedules which were not executed during stoppage of Hinemos Manager, due to occasions such as restarting of Hinemos Manager, but when this parameter is set too small, job schedules will no be executed after restarting Hinemos Manager. Therefore, it is not recommended to set the threshold to less than the default value of 3600000.

7.3 Enabling a File Transfer Job

The following configuration is required if using the file transfer job feature in a Linux Agent.

Further, the File Transfer Job uses SSH internally, but the SSH feature is not provided in Windows OS, so File Trans fer Job cannot be used with Windows agent. (Refer to Hinemos User's Manual "13.4.1 Job Feature Limitations for de tails.")

Perform the settings from the following procedure if you want to run the File Transfer Job.

- · Register the public key of the user running the transfer in destination Agent.properties
- Register the authorized_keys file of the user running the transfer in source Agent.properties.
- Register the host key.

The procedure for configuring file transfer jobs is displayed below. Here, the source node is described as agent01 (1 92.168.0.10), the destination node as agent02 (192.168.0.11), and the transfer user is hinemos.

- Change the user name "hinemos" to other users such as root, with necessities.
- Transfer source node: The node that is the forwarding source for the file (the server logged in to with the scp command)
- Transfer destination node: The node that is the forwarding destination for the file (the server where the scp command is executed)
- Transfer user: Executing user for the File Transfer Job (user running the scp command).

In addition, the following procedure assumes that the user already exists in the system, and runs the same transfer on the source node and the destination node.

1. Switch to the transfer user (hinemos) on the destination node (agent02).

(root@agent02) # su - hinemos (hinemos@agent02) \$

2. Display the public key of the transfer user (hinemos). If the key has not been created yet, create and display t he authentication of transfer public key for the user without any pass phrase.

```
(hinemos@agent02) $ cd .ssh/
(hinemos@agent02) $ cat id_rsa.pub
ssh-rsa ****(partially omitted)***** = hinemos@agent02
(hinemos@agent02) $
```



3. Switch the user to the root user, then register the public key displayed above in Agent.properties.

```
(hinemos@agent02) $ su -
Password:
(root@agent02) # vi /opt/hinemos_agent/conf/Agent.properties
##
## Common Function
##
```

Common : For JAX-WS XML Invalid Char(true : replace specified char, false : replace Hexa expression) common.invalid.char.replace=false (Partially omitted)

##scp(ssh) public key
hinemos.public.key=ssh-rsa ****(partially omitted)***** = hinemos@agent02
hinemos.authorized_keys.path=/home/hinemos/.ssh/authorized_keys

Add the following parameter (or change it if it already exists)

(Transfer user).public.key= (public key displayed above)

(Transfer user).authorized.keys.path= (path to the authorized_keys file of the source node)

4. Login to the source node (agent01) as the transfer user (hinemos), then register the host key.

5. Create the authorized_keys file if it is not present in the source node (agent01).

```
(hinemos@agent01) $ mkdir .ssh
(hinemos@agent01) $ chmod 700 .ssh
(hinemos@agent01) $ cd .ssh
(hinemos@agent01) $ touch authorized_keys
(hinemos@agent01) $ chmod 600 authorized_keys
```

6. Switch to the root user, and configure the above file in Agent.properties.

```
(hinemos@agent01) $ su -
Password:
(root@agent01) # vi /opt/hinemos_agent/conf/Agent.properties
##
## Common Function
##
```

Common : For JAX-WS XML Invalid Char(true : replace specified char, false : replace Hexa expression) common.invalid.char.replace=false (Partially omitted)

##scp(ssh) public key
hinemos.authorized.keys.path=/home/hinemos/.ssh/authorized_keys

Add the following parameter (or change it if it already exists)

(Transfer user). authorized.keys.path = (path to the authorized_keys file created above)

The Hinemos Agent that is the transfer destination must be restarted after the settings.

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8 Other Features

Additional settings for the other Hinemos features are explained.

8.1 Self-check Feature

The self-check feature is a feature that periodically confirms the internal state of the Hinemos Manager and notifi es the result to the user.

The internal states to confirm are as follows.

- Application failure
 - Malfunction from database access failure (selfcheck.monitoring.db)
 - Malfunction from internal scheduler abnormalities (selfcheck.monitoring.scheduler.delay)
- Resource drain
 - Depletion of memory space (in Java Virtual Machine) by additional configuration or amount of notification s. (selfcheck.monitoring.jvm)
 - Depletion of free space in the file system used by the Hinemos Manager (selfcheck.monitoring.filesystem)
- Performance decline
 - Enlargement of space used for storing temporally information, due to recieving large number of syslog an d or snmptrap (selfcheck.monitoring.systemlog, selfcheck.monitoring.snmptrap)
 - Enlargement of space used for storing temporally information, due to adding configuration and or increas e of notifications (selfcheck.monitoring.asynctask)
 - Enlargement of historical information (event, performance information, job history, and others) (selfcheck. monitoring.table.size)
 - Increase in number of running job sessions (selfcheck.monitoring.job.runningsession)
 - Increase in number of running threads (selfcheck.monitoring.thread.activity)
 - Swap out of Manager Server (selfcheck.monitoring.swapout)

If notification of an error occurs, it will be notified to the Hinemos internal scope (INTERNAL) in the Monitor[Event] view by default. Also, that overview can be stored as an event, and the original message can be sent as a syslog to an external device. To change the output settings, please refer to INTERNAL Events.



Figure 8-1 Overview of the Self-check Feature

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8.1.1 Self-check Feature Settings

The self-check feature is set on Maintenance [Hinemos Property] view which is opened by selecting Maintenance pers pective of Hinemos Client. Refer to Table 13-8 Configured Values of the Self-check Feature in List of Hinemos Man ager's Configuration Settings for details about setting value.

8.2 INTERNAL Events

8.2.1 Notification Destination Settings

Internal event occurring within Hinemos can be changed. Internal event can be notified as Syslog, Mail, Command, or to Monitor[Event] view, hinemos_internal.log. To where the internal event is to be notified can be changed on Maint enance [Hinemos Property] view that can be opened by selecting Maintenance perspective of Hinemos Client.

• Syslog sending

Enabling the syslog sending settings, output level, and the destination syslog to be sent to can be set in intern al.syslog parameter.

```
internal.syslog=false
internal.syslog.priority=info
internal.syslog.host=192.168.1.1,192.168.1.2
internal.syslog.port=514
internal.syslog.facility=daemon
internal.syslog.severity=alert
```

• Monitor[Event] view

Enabling the output settings to INTERNAL scope, and output level of event can be set in internal.event parame ter.

internal.event=true
internal.event.priority=info

hinemos_internal.log

Enabling the output settings to hinemos_internal.log, and output level of log can be set in internal.file paramet er.

```
internal.file=true
internal.file.priority=info
```

• E-mail Notification

Enabling the mail sending settings, output level, and mail sending destination can be set in internal.mail parame ter.

```
internal.mail=false
internal.mail.priority=info
internal.mail.address=user1@host.domain,user2@host.domain
```

• Command Execution

Enabling command execution settings, output level, execution user, execution command, execution time out can be set in internal.command parameter.

```
internal.command=false
internal.command.priority=info
internal.command.user=root
internal.command.commandline=echo #[GENERATION_DATE] #[MESSAGE] >> /tmp/test.txt
internal.command.timeout=15000
```

8.2.2 Notified Information

List of INTERNAL Events will be listed below.

Prior ity	Plugi n ID	Monit or ID	Application	Messa ge ID	Message
Nor mal	MNG	SYS	Hinemos Manag er Monitor	001	Hinemos Manager has been started.
Nor mal	MNG	SYS	Hinemos Manag er Monitor	002	Hinemos Manager has been stopped.
War ning	COM MON	SYS	Internal commo n mechanism	001	Polling thread that runs for a long time ({0} minute) has been detected. PollerGroup={1}, PollerName={2} (Current statistic: Long-time operating thread ={3}, all polling threads ={4})
War ning	SYS_ SFC	SYS	Self-check	001	Database is not available. if database is alive, Reduce the quan tity of setting because the quantity of processing to be simul taneous executed (such as monitoring) is too much.
War ning	SYS_ SFC	SYS	Self-check	002	usage of filesystem({0}) is too high ({1} [%] > threshold {2} [%] Perform maintenance operation (log file del etion, maintenance function, and script) and remove log files a nd compact database.
War ning	SYS_ SFC	SYS	Self-check	003	free heap of jvm ({0} [mbyte]) is not enough (threshold {1} [mbyte]). Restart up of Hinemos manager is recommended for c onstant output. Reduce the quantity of setting because too m any servers are registered or the quantity of setting of each processing (such as monitoring) is too much.
War ning	SYS_ SFC	SYS	Self-check	004	A delay ({4} [sec] or longer) is generated in scheduler ({0}:{1}: {2} - next execution schedule {3}). If this message is continu ously output, processing (such as monitoring that is periodicall y executed does not operate correctly. Restarting Hinemos Ma nager is recommended because there is a possibility.
War ning	SYS_ SFC	SYS	Self-check	005	ram swap-out({0} [blocks]) occured. check resources of server and availability of hinemos manager.
War ning	SYS_ SFC	SYS	Self-check	006	stored data ({0}) is too large ({1} mbyte - {2} rows > threshol d {3} {4}). Since it becomes a factor of a performance fall, Pe rform maintenance operation (maintenance function and script)
War ning	SYS_ SFC	SYS	Self-check	007	job run session count is too large ({0} > threshold {1}). Since it becomes a factor of a performance fall, please stop the job s ession which has become being under execution with as unnece ssarily ("finishing of change", or "end").
War ning	SYS_ SFC	SYS	Self-check	008	response delay occurs because of too many request to Hinemos Manager tcp:8080 (queued request {0} > threshold {1}). If thi s message is always output, reduce the quantity of setting bec ause the quantity of processing (such as monitoring) simultane ously executed is too much.
War ning	SYS_ SFC	SYS	Self-check	009	filtering delay occurs because of too many syslog to Hinemos M anager (queued syslog {0} > threshold {1}). check if too many syslogs are sent from the subject to monitoring.
War ning	SYS_ SFC	SYS	Self-check	010	filtering delay occurs because of too many snmptrap to Hinemo s Manager (queued snmptrap {0} > threshold {1}). check if too many snmptraps are sent from the subject to monitoring.
War ning	SYS_ SFC	SYS	Self-check	011	task delay occurs because of too many asynchronous task in Hin emos Manager (queued task {0} > threshold {1}). check if too many notifications or jobs are under execution.
War ning	SYS_ SFC	SYS	Self-check	012	internal logic (tid {0}, thread name {1}, class name {2}, start time {3}) takes more than {4} [sec]. more than {4} [sec].

Table 8-2 INTERNAL Events



War ning	NOTI FY	SYS	Notification	004	Failed to get the notification. (NotifyId={0})		
War ning	NOTI FY	SYS	Notification	006	Failed to get the notification list.		
Criti ca	NOTI FY	SYS	Notification	007	Failed to notify Notification ID "{0}"		
Criti ca	NOTI FY	SYS	Notification	008	Failed to notify. The job definition does not exist. (NotifyId={ 0},MonitorId={1},JobunitId={2},JobunitId={3})		
War ning	MAIL TEMP	SYS	Mail template	004	Failed to get the mail template. (MailTemplateID={0})		
War ning	MAIL TEMP	SYS	Mail template	005	Failed to get the list of Mail template ID.		
War ning	MAIL TEMP	SYS	Mail template	006	Failed to get the list of Mail template.		
War ning	MON	SYS	Monitor Manag ement	001	Failed to get the Scope information (FacilityId={0})		
War ning	MON	SYS	Monitor Manag ement	004	<pre>Failed to confirm/unconfirm Event (FacilityId={0}, MonitorId={1}, PluginId={2}, ConfirmType={ 3})</pre>		
War ning	MON	SYS	Monitor Manag ement	010	Failed to get the monitoring information (MonitorTypeId={0}, MonitorId={1})		
War ning	MON	SYS	Monitor Manag ement	011	Failed to get the list of monitoring information (MonitorTyp d={0}, MonitorId={1})		
War ning	MON	SYS	Monitor Manag ement	012	Falied to execute monitoring. (MonitorTypeId={0}, MonitorId {1})		
War ning	PROC	SYS	Process Monito r	001	Failed to register Poller setting (FacilityId={0})		
War ning	PROC	SYS	Process Monito r	002	Failed to delete Poller (FacilityId={0})		
Criti ca	TRAP	SYS	SNMPTRAP Mo nitor	009	Failed to notify the SNMP TRAP event (trapOid={0}, genericId ={1}, specificId={2})		
Criti ca	MON _PNG	SYS	PING Monitor	001	Fping did not respond (MonitorID={0})		
War ning	PERF	SYS	Performance M anagement	010	Failed to get monitoring information (MonitorTypeId={0}, Mon itorId={1})		
War ning	PERF	SYS	Performance M anagement	014	Failed to register Poller setting (FacilityId={0})		
War ning	PERF	SYS	Performance M anagement	015	Failed to delete Poller (FacilityId={0})		
Criti ca	JOB	SYS	Job Managemen t	003	Failed to create Job history inforimation (JobID={0})		
War ning	JOB	SYS	Job Managemen t	008	Failed to start[Cancel Pause] (SessionID={0}, JobID={1})		
War ning	JOB	SYS	Job Managemen t	009	Failed to start[Cancel Suspend] (SessionID={0}, JobID={1})		
War ning	JOB	SYS	Job Managemen t	010	Failed to start[Cancel Skip] (SessionID={0}, JobID={1})		
War ning	JOB	SYS	Job Managemen t	011	Failed to stop[Immediate] (SessionID={0}, JobID={1}, FacilityI D={2})		
War ning	JOB	SYS	Job Managemen t	012	Failed to stop[Pause] (SessionID={0}, JobID={1})		

War ning	JOB	SYS	Job Managemen t	013	Failed to stop[Suspend] (SessionID={0}, JobID={1})
War ning	JOB	SYS	Job Managemen t	014	Failed to stop[Skip] (SessionID={0}, JobID={1})
War ning	JOB	SYS	Job Managemen t	016	Failed to run scheduled Job (JobID={0}, ScheduleInfo={1})
War ning	JOB	SYS	Job Managemen t	017	Failed to run file-check Job (JobID={0}, ScheduleInfo={1})

8.3 Hinemos Manager Alive Detection

The Hinemos Client can poll the Hinemos Manager. The Hinemos Client attempts to connect to the Hinemos Manager regularly. If there is no response, it is a Hinemos Manager failure, and a dialog like in Figure 8-3 is shown.



Figure 8-3 Hinemos Manager Alive Detection

The interval for polling for the Hinemos Manager is displayed from the "Client Settings" - "Preferences" in the menu bar. It can be set from the "Manager Polling Interval (min)" setting value in the "Preferences" dialog.

Preferences		o x o
type filter text	Hinemos	(- · · · · · ·
Hinemos Job Monitor	Connection Setting Manager Polling Interval (m Request Timeout (ms)	nin) 1 60000
Repository	HTTP Proxy Connection S	etting
	HTTP Proxy Host	
	HTTP Proxy Port 808 HTTP Proxy User	0
	HTTP Proxy Password	
		Restore Defaults Apply
		OK Cancel

Figure 8-4 Hinemos Manager Polling Interval



9 Security

When changing Hinemos Manager's internal Database, in terms of security, change the password with steps listed bel ow, after stopping Hinemos Manager. Before applying the procedures, it is recommended that you obtain a backup fi le by following the procedures in Backing-up the Database.

Restart Hinemos Manager after changing the password and configuration file. Further, if there is not consistency of the password between the source and destination, Hinemos Manager will not run normally and you will not be able t o connect from the Hinemos Client.

9.1 Change the Database Access Password

The process for changing the password and access authority for Hinemos Manager's PostgreSQL user hinemos and hi nemos_quartz.

9.1.1 PostgreSQL (destination) Setting Changes

password

Change the PostgreSQL password following the procedure below.

1. Stop the Hinemos Manager and run the following commands as the root user.

Password entry is required. Enter the login password for PostgreSQL (default is "hinemos").

(root) # /opt/hinemos/bin/pg_start.sh
(root) # /opt/hinemos/postgresql/bin/psql -p 24001 -U hinemos
Password for user hinemos:
psql (9.3.5)

Type "help" for help.

2. The psql prompt is displayed. Run the following command.

hinemos=# ALTER USER hinemos PASSWORD ' (New password) '; hinemos=# ALTER USER hinemos_quartz PASSWORD ' (New password)';

3. End psql and stop PostgreSQL.

hinemos=# \q
(root) # /opt/hinemos/bin/pg_stop.sh

4. Start Hinemos manager

• Access Authority

Edit the following configuration file, and configure the access permission of PostgreSQL.

/opt/hinemos/etc/postgresql/pg_hba.conf

(omitted)							
# "local" is for U	# "local" is for Unix domain socket connections only						
local postgres	hinemos		md5				
local hinemos	hinemos		md5				
local hinemos	hinemos_quart	Z	md5				
local replication	on hinemos_repl		md5				
# IPv4 local con	nections:						
host postgres	hinemos	0.0.0.0/0	md5				
host hinemos	hinemos	0.0.0.0/0	md5				
host hinemos	hinemos_quar	tz 0.0.0.0/0	md5				
host replicati	on hinemos_repl	0.0.0.0/0	md5				
# IPv6 local con	nections:						
host postgres	hinemos	::/0	md5				
host hinemos	hinemos	::/0	md5				
host hinemos	hinemos_quar	tz ::/0	md5				
host replicati	on hinemos_repl	::/0	md5				
(omitted)							

(Note) The following is a setting example. It is recommended that you change the connection settings accordin g to the security policy in use.

9.1.2 Hinemos Manager (destination) Setting Changes

Edit the following two parts.

- /opt/hinemos/etc/META-INF/persistence.xml
- /opt/hinemos/etc/db_account.properties
- 1. Edit persistence.xml

persistence.xml is a configuration file containing settings for database access of PostgreSQL User "hinemos" Set password changed in PostgreSQL (destination) Setting Changes. to javax.persistence.jdbc.password

/opt/hinemos/etc/META-INF/persistence.xml

(omitted)
<property name="javax.persistence.jdbc.user" value="hinemos"></property> <property name="javax.persistence.jdbc.password" value="hinemos"></property>

(omitted)

2. Edit db_account.properties

Edit settings for database access of PostgreSQL User "hinemos" and "hinemos_quartz". Set password changed in PostgreSQL (destination) Setting Changes. to hinemos_pass, hinemos_quartz_pass

hinemos_user=hinemos hinemos_pass=hinemos hinemos_quartz_user=hinemos_quartz hinemos_quartz_pass=hinemos_quartz



9.2 Encrypting Password in Database

Passwords of node property (WBEM password and virtualization software connection password) and passwords for S QL monitoring are encrypted and stored in the database (PostgreSQL) of Hinemos Manager. The key for encryption i s as follows:

Edit db_crypt.key

/opt/hinemos/etc/db_crypt.key

hinemos

This character string, if it is ever change, must be changed immediately after installation. If it is changed after set ting and registration, registered passwords will not be decrypted.

9.3 Changing Access Permission of JMX

The internal status of Hinemos Manager can be checked by JMX (Java Management Extensions). The accessible user and password can be changed as follows:

- jmxremote.access
 - /opt/hinemos/etc/jmxremote.access

This access control file defines access permission enabled for each role. It adds a role and access permission.

hinemos readwrite

jmxremote.password

/opt/hinemos/etc/jmxremote.password

The password of the role added by the access control file is added.

hinemos hinemos



10 Connections between Hinemos Components

10.1 Connections to Hinemos Manager via HTTP Proxy

With Hinemos ver.5.0, Hinemos Manager can be connected from Hinemos Rich Client, Hinemos Web Client and Hinemo s Agent via HTTP Proxy.

10.1.1 Connections from Hinemos Client to Hinemos Manager

Set HTTP Proxy settings from Hinemos Client.

 Specify from Hinemos Client Menu "Client Setup" -> "Setup" -> "Preference" dialog HTTPS Proxy Connection Set tings(Refer Figure 10-1).

HTTP Proxy Host

Enter an IP address or a host name of HTTP Proxy Server

HTTP Proxy Port

Enter a listen port of HTTP Proxy Server

HTTP Proxy User

Enter a User Name of HTTP Proxy Server

HTTP Proxy Password

Enter a Password for HTTP Proxy Server

Preferences				ΩX
type filter text	Hinemos			→ + + +
type filter text Hinemos Job Monitor Performance Repository	Hinemos Connection Setting Manager Polling Interv Request Timeout (ms) HTTP Proxy Connecti Use HTTP Proxy HTTP Proxy Host HTTP Proxy Port HTTP Proxy User HTTP Proxy Password	al (min) on Settin proxy.ho 8080 domain	1 60000 g ost.co.jp user	
			Restore Defaults	Apply

Figure 10-1 Settings of Cconnections in between Components of Hinemos

10.1.2 Connecting to Hinemos Manager from Hinemos Agent

Edit following file of Hinemos Agent.

/opt/hinemos_agent/conf/Agent.properties



http.proxy.host=192.168.100.100 http.proxy.port=8080 http.proxy.user=proxyuser1 http.proxy.password=password

Set up the following parameters:

- http.proxy.host=IP Address or Hostname of HTTP Proxy Server
- http.proxy.port=Listen Port of HTTP Proxy Server
- http.proxy.user=User Name of HTTP Proxy Server
- http.proxy.password=Password for HTTP Proxy Server

In order to reflect the configuration changes, restart Hinemos Agent.

10.2 HTTPS Connection to Hinemos Manager

Hinemos5.0 supports HTTPS communication for both between Hinemos Client and Hinemos Manager and between Hin emos Agent and Hinemos Manager.

10.2.1 Preparing server certificate of Hinemos Manager Server

To connect Hinemos Manager with HTTPS, a server certificate must be created on the Hinemos Manager.

First, prepare a server certificate of Hinemos Manager Server(PKCS#12). In this chapter, the following example will be written as an example of using OpenSSL(OpenSSL 1.0.0-fips 29 Mar 2010) to make self signed certificate.

1. Copy a default openssl.cnf

vi openssl.cnf

mkdir /opt/hinemos/etc/ssl
cd /opt/hinemos/etc/ssl
cp /etc/pki/tls/openssl.cnf .

2. Edit openssl.cnf as written below

[req] # x509_extensions = v3_ca # The extentions to add to the self signed cert ←Comment Out x509_extensions = v3_req ←Add

req_extensions = v3_req # The extensions to add to a certificate request ←Undo Comment Out

[v3_req] subjectAltName=IP: [IP Address of Hinemos Manager Server] ←Add



3. Create the certificate with following command.

openssl genrsa -des3 -out server.key 1024
Generating RSA private key, 1024-bit long modulus
......++++++
e is 65537 (0x10001)
Enter pass phrase for server.key: (Enter hinemos)
Verifying - Enter pass phrase for server.key: (Enter hinemos)

openssl req -new -x509 -key server.key -out server.crt -config openssl.cnf -days 3650
Enter pass phrase for server.key: (Enter hinemos)
You are about to be asked to enter information that will be incorporated into your certificate request.
What you are about to enter is what is called a Distinguished Name or a DN.
There are quite a few fields but you can leave some blank
For some fields there will be a default value,
If you enter '.', the field will be left blank.

Country Name (2 letter code) [XX]: (Press Enter key without entering anything) State or Province Name (full name) []: (Press Enter key without entering anything) Locality Name (eg, city) [Default City]: (Press Enter key without entering anything) Organization Name (eg, company) [Default Company Ltd]: (Press Enter key without entering anything) Organizational Unit Name (eg, section) []:(Press Enter key without entering anything) Common Name (eg, your name or your server's hostname) []:(Press Enter key without entering anything) Email Address []:(Press Enter key without entering anything)

openssl pkcs12 -export -in server.crt -inkey server.key -out /root/keystore Enter pass phrase for server.key: (Enter hinemos) Enter Export Password: (Enter hinemos) Verifying - Enter Export Password: (Enter hinemos)

Next, load the server certificate created by the previous steps, to Hinemos Manager. To read a server certificate fr om Hinemos Manager, select Maintenance perspective of Hinemos Client and open Maintenance [Hinemos Property] v iew, and change the following parameters:

ws.client.address=https://0.0.0.0:8443 ← Change this parameter to connect Hinemos Client with HTTPS. ws.agent.address=https://0.0.0.0:8444 ← Change this parameter to connect Hinemos Client with HTTPS.

The parameters related to HTTPS connection are as follows:

ws.client.address:

Connected address from Hinemos Client to Hinemos Manager

This parameter can select https as a protocol as necessary. When https is selected, the port number is change d to a number different from that for http.

ws.agent.address:

Connected address from Hinemos Agent to Hinemos Manager

This parameter can select https as a protocol as necessary. When https is selected, the port number is change d to a number different from that for http. When https protocol is selected, the setting of connection from all agents to be monitored must be changed to https.

ws.https.keystore.path:

Directory Path of Keystore

ws.https.keystore.password:

Password of the keystore

ws.https.keystore.type:

Type of Keystore

Hinemos Manager must be restarted in order to reflect configuration changes on this property file.

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10.2.2 HTTPS Connections from Hinemos Rich Client to Hinemos Manager

Start Hinemos Rich Client, and enter the URL to the "URL to connect" in Connection[Login] dialog.

https://[IP address of Hinemos Manager]:8443/HinemosWS/

Set the other items in the same manner as when Hinemos Manager is connected with HTTP protocol. As a result, Hin emos Rich Client and Hinemos Manager perform communication encrypted by HTTPS with each other. (Host authentic ation of HTTPS is not performed.)

10.2.3 HTTPS Connections from Hinemos Web Client to Hinemos Manager

Access Hinemos Web Client from browser and specify the following as the URL to which Hinemos Manager is to be c onnected:

https://[IP address of Hinemos Manager]:8443/HinemosWS/

Set the other items in the same manner as when Hinemos Manager is connected with HTTP protocol. As a result, Hin emos Web Client and Hinemos Manager perform communication encrypted by HTTPS with each other. (Host authentic ation of HTTPS is not performed.)

10.2.4 HTTPS Connections to Hinemos Manager from Hinemos Agent

Agent's setting file

- /opt/hinemos_agent/conf/Agent.properties (Linux Agent)
- [Hinemos Agent install directory]\conf\Agent.properties (Windows Agent)

Modify these as follows:

managerAddress=https://[IP address of Hinemos Manager]:8443/HinemosWS/

The Hinemos Agent must be restarted after changing the settings. As a result, Hinemos Agent and Hinemos Manager perform communication encrypted by HTTPS with each other.

10.2.5 Authenticating Host When Hinemos Rich Client is Connected to Hinemos Manager with HTTPS

Perform the following setting if it is necessary to authenticate the host of Hinemos Manager at the connection des tination when the Hinemos Manager is accessed from Hinemos Rich Client with HTTPS protocol:

Place the server.crt created in steps written in Preparing server certificate of Hinemos Manager Server to a termina I where Hinemos Rich Client is installed. (In this document, server.crt will be placed in C:\tmp\)

- 1. Run command prompt as administrator.
- 2. Import the placed server certificate to the Truststore. From command prompt, execute the following command (in one line) (The following will be an example of command executed in 32-bit environment. When executing the command in 64-bit environment, change "Program Files" to "Program Files (x86)")

>C:\Users>"C:\Program Files\Hinemos\Client5.0.0\eclipse-rcp\jre\bin\keytool.exe" -import -alias hinemos -file "C:\tmp\server.crt" -keystore "C:\tmp\cacerts"

Enter keystore password:(Enter changeit) Owner: O=Default Company Ltd, L=Default City, C=XX Issuer: O=Default Company Ltd, L=Default City, C=XX

(Omitted)

Trust this certificate? [No]: Yes Certificate was added to keystore



3. Modify the startup script of Hinemos Rich Client.

Modify the start scripts (client_start.vbs and client_clean_start.vbs) that are in the directory to which Hinem os Rich Client is installed.

```
(Before modification)
...
strCmdLine = strCmdLine & strVmArgs & eclipseLocale & "-Dorg.apache.commons.logging.Log= ...(Omitted)...
' strCmdLine = strCmdLine & " -Dhttps.hostVerify=true"
' strCmdLine = strCmdLine & " -Djavax.net.ssl.trustStore=C:\tmp\cacerts"
' strCmdLine = strCmdLine & " -Djavax.net.ssl.trustStorePassword=changeit"
objWshShell.CurrentDirectory = strExecFolder
...
(After modification)
...
strCmdLine = strCmdLine & strVmArgs & eclipseLocale & "-Dorg.apache.commons.logging.Log= ...(Omitted)...
strCmdLine = strCmdLine & strVmArgs & eclipseLocale & "-Dorg.apache.commons.logging.Log= ...(Omitted)...
strCmdLine = strCmdLine & " -Dhttps.hostVerify=true" ← Undo Comment Out
strCmdLine = strCmdLine & " -Djavax.net.ssl.trustStore=C:\tmp\cacerts" ← Undo Comment Out
strCmdLine = strCmdLine & " -Djavax.net.ssl.trustStorePassword=changeit" ← Undo Comment Out
strCmdLine = strCmdLine & " -Djavax.net.ssl.trustStorePassword=changeit" ← Undo Comment Out
strCmdLine = strCmdLine & " -Djavax.net.ssl.trustStorePassword=changeit" ← Undo Comment Out
strCmdLine = strCmdLine & " -Djavax.net.ssl.trustStorePassword=changeit" ← Undo Comment Out
strCmdLine = strCmdLine & " -Djavax.net.ssl.trustStorePassword=changeit" ← Undo Comment Out
strCmdLine = strCmdLine & " -Djavax.net.ssl.trustStorePassword=changeit" ← Undo Comment Out
strCmdLine = strCmdLine & " -Djavax.net.ssl.trustStorePassword=changeit" ← Undo Comment Out
strCmdLine = strCmdLine & " -Djavax.net.ssl.trustStorePassword=changeit" ← Undo Comment Out
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strCmdLine = strCmdLine & " -Djavax.net.ssl.trustStorePassword=changeit" ← Undo Comment Out
strCmdLine = strCmdLine & " -Djavax.net.ssl.trustStorePassword=changeit" ← Undo Comment Out
strCmdLine = strCmdLine & " -Djavax.net.ssl.trustStorePassword=changeit" ← Undo Comment Out
strCmdLine = strCmdLine & " -Djavax.net.ssl.trustStorePassword=c
```

Specify the following environment variables:

https.hostVerify:

This variable authenticates the host when it is true. If it is not set, false is assumed (host is not authentica ted) for the operation.

javax.net.ssl.trustStore:

This variable specifies the file path of a trust store file.

javax.net.ssl.trustStorePassword:

This variable specifies the password of a trust store file.

4. Start the Client by using modified client_start.vbbs and connect it with HTTPS.

When the client started by using modified client_start.vbs is used, the host is authenticated if the Hinemos Ri ch Client is connected to Hinemos Manager with HTTPS.

10.2.6 Authenticating Host when Hinemos Web Client is connected to Hinemos Manager with HTTPS

Make the following setting if the host of Hinemos Manager at the connection destination needs to be authenticated when Hinemos Web Client is connected to the Hinemos Manager with HTTPS protocol:

Place the server.crt created in steps written in Preparing server certificate of Hinemos Manager Server to a termina I where Hinemos Web Client is installed. (In this document, server.crt will be placed in /opt/hinemos/etc/ssl/.)

1. Execute the following command on the server to which Hinemos Web Client is installed:

mkdir /opt/hinemos_web/conf/ssl
keytool -import -import -alias hinemos -file /opt/hinemos/etc/ssl/server.crt -keystore /opt/hinemos_web/conf/ssl/cacerts

Enter keystore password:(Enter changeit) Input the new password again: (Input changeit if asked.)

Owner: O=Default Company Ltd, L=Default City, C=XX Issure: O=Default Company Ltd, L=Default City, C=XX

(Omitted)

Trust this certificate? [No]: Yes Certificate was added to keystore



2. Edit the setting file for Hinemos Web Client.

Edit /opt/hinemos_web/conf/hinemos_web.cfg.

```
(Before editing)
...
#### JVM - HTTPS HostVerify
#export JVM_SSL_OPTS="-Dhttps.hostVerify=true -Djavax.net.ssl.trustStore=
    /opt/hinemos_web/conf/ssl/cacerts -Djavax.net.ssl.trustStorePassword=changeit"
(After editing)
...
#### JVM - HTTPS HostVerify
export JVM_SSL_OPTS="-Dhttps.hostVerify=true -Djavax.net.ssl.trustStore=
    /opt/hinemos_web/conf/ssl/cacerts -Djavax.net.ssl.trustStorePassword=changeit"
    ^ Undo Comment Out
```

Specify the following environment variables:

https.hostVerify:

This variable authenticates the host when it is true. If it is not set, false is assumed (host is not authentica ted) for the operation.

javax.net.ssl.trustStore:

This variable specifies the file path of a trust store file.

javax.net.ssl.trustStorePassword:

This variable specifies the password of a trust store file.

3. Restart Hinemos Web Client.

After that, the host of the Manager is authenticated when Hinemos Web Client is connected if HTTPS is specified as the connection destination URL on the Connection[Login] dialog box of Hinemos Web Client.

10.3 Connection to Hinemos Web Client with HTTPS

Hinemos Web Client service supports HTTPS communication from respective browsers.

1. Edit /opt/hinemos_web/conf/server.xml.

```
<!-- ←Comment Out
<Connector port="80" protocol="HTTP/1.1"
       connectionTimeout="20000"
       redirectPort="8443"
       maxThreads="32"
       />
--> ←Comment Out
<!-- Define a SSL HTTP/1.1 Connector on port 8443
   This connector uses the NIO implementation that requires the JSSE
   style configuration. When using the APR/native implementation, the
   OpenSSL style configuration is required as described in the APR/native
   documentation -->
    ←Undo Comment Out
<Connector port="443" protocol="org.apache.coyote.http11.Http11NioProtocol"
       maxThreads="32" SSLEnabled="true" scheme="https" secure="true"
       clientAuth="false" sslProtocol="TLS"
       keystoreFile="/opt/hinemos_web/.keystore" keystorePass="changeit"
        1>
    ← Undo Comment Out
```



2. Create the certificate with following command.

keytool -genkey -alias tomcat -keyalg RSA -keystore /opt/hinemos_web/.keystore
Enter keystore password:
Input the new password again:
Enter name.
[Unknown]: (Press Enter key without entering anything)
Enter company unit name.
[Unknown]: (Press Enter Key Without entering anything)
Enter Company hame.
Enter city or area name
[Unknown]: (Press Enter key without entering anything)
Enter province or county name
[Unknown]: (Press Enter key without entering anything)
Input a 2-character country number that falls under this unit.
[Unknown]: (Press Enter key without entering anything)
CN=Unknown, OU=Unknown, O=Unknown, L=Unknown, ST=Unknown, C=Unknown OK?
[no]: (Enter yes)
Input the key password of stompats
(Press RETRIN if the password is the same as that for keystore) (Press Enter key without entering anything)
(ress hereover the password is the same as that for keystore,) (ress litter key without entering anything)

3. The setting will be reflected when Hinemos Web Client service is restarted.

11 Port Setting

11.1 Changing Port of Hinemos Manager

To change the port number of Hinemos manager, select Maintenance perspective of Hinemos Client and open Mainte nance [Hinemos Property] view, and change the following parameter:

```
ws.client.address=http://0.0.0.0:8080
ws.agent.address=http://0.0.0.0:8081
```

Set up the following parameters:

- ws.client.address=Connected address from Hinemos Client to Hinemos Manager (Change port)
- ws.agent.address=Connected address from Hinemos Agent to Hinemos Manager (Change port)

Hinemos Manager must be restarted for the parameter changes to be reflected.

11.2 Changing Port of Hinemos Web Client Service

To change the port number of Hinemos Web Client, change the following parameters of /opt/hinemos_web/conf/ser ver.xml.

```
<Connector port="80" protocol="HTTP/1.1"
connectionTimeout="20000"
redirectPort="8443"
maxThreads="32"
/>
```

Set up the following parameters:

• port= Port connecting from browser to Hinemos Client service

In order to make the new configuration take effect, you need to restart the Web Client Service.

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12 Log Files

12.1 List of Hinemos Manager Log Files

Hinemos Manager logs are output in log file displayed in Table 12-1.

File name	boot.log
Store directory	/opt/hinemos/var/log/
Configured file for log output	/opt/hinemos/etc/log4j.properties
Output level	priority INFO
Rotation	Overwritten when Hinemos Manager starts
Content	Log of java process boot sequence
File name	jvm_stdout.log.*
Store directory	/opt/hinemos/var/log/
Configured file for log output	—
Output level	—
Rotation	Hinemos Manager starts
Content	java process's standard output/standard error output/thread dump
File name	hinemos_manager.log.*
Store directory	/opt/hinemos/var/log/
Configured file for log output	/opt/hinemos/etc/log4j.properties
Output level	priority INFO
Rotation	Daily (unlimited)
Content	Activity log of java process
File name	postgresql.log
Store directory	/opt/hinemos/var/log/
Configured file for log output	/ opt/hinemos/etc/hinemos.cfg
Output level	—
Rotation	—
Content	PostgreSQL standard output/standard error output
File name	postgresql.log.*
Store directory	/opt/hinemos/var/log/
Configured file for log output	/ opt/hinemos/etc/postgresql/postgresql.conf
Output level	
	warning
Rotation	warning Daily (unlimited)
Rotation Content	warning Daily (unlimited) Activity log of PostgreSQL
Rotation Content File name	warning Daily (unlimited) Activity log of PostgreSQL hinemos_internal.log
Rotation Content File name Store directory	warningDaily (unlimited)Activity log of PostgreSQLhinemos_internal.log/opt/hinemos/var/log/
Rotation Content File name Store directory Configured file for log output	warningDaily (unlimited)Activity log of PostgreSQLhinemos_internal.log/opt/hinemos/var/log//opt/hinemos/etc/log4j.properties
Rotation Content File name Store directory Configured file for log output Output level	warning Daily (unlimited) Activity log of PostgreSQL hinemos_internal.log /opt/hinemos/var/log/ /opt/hinemos/etc/log4j.properties priority INFO

Table 12-1 List of Hinemos Manager Log Files



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Content	INTERNAL event's log
File name	hinemos_operation.log*
Store directory	/opt/hinemos/var/log/
Configured file for log output	/opt/hinemos/etc/log4j.properties
Output level	priority INFO or DEBUG
Rotation	Daily (unlimited)
Content	Hinemos operation log
File name	hinemos_manager_summary.*
Store directory	/opt/hinemos/var/log/
Configured file for log output	—
Output level	—
Rotation	When this script is executed.
Content	/opt/hinemos/sbin/mng/hinemos_manager_summary.sh execution log
File name	gc.log.*
Store directory	/opt/hinemos/var/log/
Configured file for log output	/opt/hinemos/hinemos.cfg
Output level	—
Rotation	Rotated every 20MByte and last 5 generation will be kept
Content	Garbage Collection log of java process

12.2 Changing Log Output and Log Rotation of Java Process

• File to edit

To change the log output level and the log rotation method of java process used in Hinemos, edit the following file.

/opt/hinemos/etc/log4j.properties

log4j.rootCategory=info, manager

hinemos_manager.log's log output level and the log rotation method can be changed by editing the following fil e.

For methods and examples of changing the log rotation settings, please refer http://logging.apache.org/log4j/1.2/ma nual.html

• Method of applying changes

The changes in the log output level will be reflected when you restart the Hinemos Manager, or it will be auto matically reflected every 60 minutes(auto configuration loading mechanism).

12.3 Changing Log Output and Log Rotation of PostgreSQL

• File to edit

To change the log output level and the log rotation method of PostgreSQL used in Hinemos, edit the following file.

/opt/hinemos/etc/postgresql/postgresql.conf

Refer to http://www.postgresql.jp/document/9.3/html/ for a setting example.

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• Method of applying changes

The changes in the log output level will be reflected when you restart the Hinemos Manager.

12.4 Changing Log Output and Log Rotation of Operations Log

• File to edit

To change the log output and the log rotation settings of operation log (/opt/hinemos/var/log/hinemos_operat ion.log), edit the following file.

/opt/hinemos/etc/log4j.properties

```
log4j.category.HinemosOperation=info, operation
```

Further, the support relationship between the priority value and log output target operation is shown in Table 12-2.

Table 12-2 Operation Log Setting Values

priority value	Log output target operations
info	Set up, Run
debug	Refer, Set Up, Run

• Method of applying changes

The changes in the log output level will be reflected when you restart the Hinemos Manager, or it will be auto matically reflected every 60 minutes(auto configuration loading mechanism).

12.5 List of Hinemos Agent Log Files

Linux Agent logs are output in the log file displayed in Table 12-3.

Table 12-3 List of Linux Agent Log Files

File name	agent.log.*
Store directory	/opt/hinemos_agent/var/log/
Log output settings file	/opt/hinemos_agent/conf/log4j.properties
Output level	priority INFO
Rotation	File size 20MByte (Maximum of 5 generations including the current log)
Content	Hinemos Agent log
File name	agent_stdout.log
Store directory	/opt/hinemos_agent/var/log/
Configured file for log output	—
Output level	—
Rotation	Overwritten when Hinemos Agent starts
Content	Hinemos Agent's standard output/ thread dump
File name	agent_stderr.log
Store directory	/opt/hinemos_agent/var/log/
Configured file for log output	—
Output level	_



Rotation	Overwritten when Hinemos Agent starts
Content	Hinemos Agent's standard error output
File name	gc.log.*
Store directory	/opt/hinemos_agent/var/log/
Configured file for log output	/opt/hinemos_agent/conf/hinemos_agent.cfg
Output level	
Rotation	For java-1.7.0: Rotated every 10MByte and last 5 generation will be kept For ja va-1.6.0: None
Content	Garbage Collection log of java process

Windows Agent logs are output in the log file displayed in Table 12-4.

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Table	12-4	List	of	Windows	Agent Log	Files
			•••		Agence Log	

File name	agent.log.*
Storage directory	[Hinemos Agent install directory]\var\log\
Log settings file	[Hinemos Agent install directory]\conf\log4j.properties
Output level	priority INFO
Rotation	Rotated every 20Mbyte (last 5 generation including the current log)
Content	Hinemos Agent log
File name	restart.log
Storage directory	[Hinemos Agent install directory]\var\log\
Configured file for log output	—
Output level	_
Rotation	_
Content	Content Hinemos Agent log at the time of restart
File name	gc.log.*
Store directory	[Hinemos Agent install directory]\var\log\
Configured file for log output	[Hinemos Agent install directory]\bin\RegistAgentService.bat
Output level	—
Rotation	For java-1.7.0: Rotated every 10MByte and last 5 generation will be kept For ja va-1.6.0: None
Content	Garbage Collection log of java process

12.6 Changing the Log Output and Log Rotation Settings of the Hinemos Agent



• File to edit

Edit the following file to change the log output level and log rotation settings of the Hinemos Agent.

- [For the Linux Agent]
 - /opt/hinemos_agent/conf/log4j.properties
- [For the Windows Agent]

[Hinemos Agent install directory]\conf\log4j.properties

<pre>### direct messages to file agent.log ### log4j.appender.file=org.apache.log4j.RollingFileAppender ← Designate Appender (Default setting is rotate by filesize) log4j.appender.file.MaxFileSize = 20MB ← Maximum Filesize log4j.appender.file.MaxBackupIndex = 4 ← Maximum generation of backup logfile to be kept log4j.appender.file.Append=true ← Overwrite when Hinemos Manager starts or not. log4j.appender.file.layout=org.apache.log4j.PatternLayout ← Designate a class to specify layout log4j.appender.file.layout.ConversionPattern=%d %-5p [%t] [%c] %m%n ← Output format of log file name pattern</pre>
<pre>### direct messages to syslog ### log4j.appender.syslog=org.apache.log4j.net.SyslogAppender log4j.appender.syslog.Facility=user log4j.appender.syslog.FacilityPrinting=false log4j.appender.syslog.layout=org.apache.log4j.PatternLayout log4j.appender.syslog.layout.ConversionPattern=%m%n</pre>
#log4j.rootLogger=info, file log4j.logger.hinemos.syslog.transfer=debug, syslog ←Designate log level and output destination(syslog) log4j.logger.com.clustercontrol=info, file ←Designate log level and output destination(agent log)
log4j.appender.file.File=\${hinemos.agent.log.dir}/agent.log ←Designate the Output File # log4j.appender.syslog.SyslogHost={Host name for the managed node}

For details on the configuration, refer to http://logging.apache.org/log4j/1.2/manual.html

Note) The output defined by org.apache.log4j.net.SyslogAppender is the function of the Hinemos Agent itself, so if configuration changes related to org.apache.log4j.net.SyslogAppender are made, there is a possibility that the Hinemos Agent may not run correctly.

• Method of applying changes

The change in the log output level is reflected when the Hinemos Agent restarts, or at 10 minute intervals (au to configuration loading mechanism).

12.7 List of Hinemos Client Log Files

Hinemos Client logs are output in log file displayed in Table 12-5.

File name	client.log
Storage directory	C:\Users\[User name]\AppData\Roaming\hinemos\Client5.0
Log settings file	[Hinemos Client install directory]\log4j.properties
Output level	—
Rotation	File size 20MByte (Maximum of 5 generations including the current log)
Content	Hinemos Client Log

Table 12-5 List of Hinemos Client Log Files

12.8 List of Hinemos Web Client Log Files

Hinemos Web Client logs are output in log file displayed in Table 12-6.

Table 12-6 List of Hinemos Client Log Files

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File name	webclient.log
Store directory	/opt/hinemos_web/var/log
Log output settings file	[Hinemos Web Client install directory]\log4j.properties
Output level	—
Rotation	File size 20MByte (Maximum of 5 generations including the current log)
Content	Hinemos Web Client log
File name	catalina.out
Store directory	/ opt/hinemos_web/var/log
Configured file for log output	_
Output level	—
Rotation	Hinemos Web Client Service starts
Content	Hinemos Web Client Service log
File name	catalina.boot.log
Store directory	/ opt/hinemos_web/var/log
Configured file for log output	—
Output level	—
Rotation	—
Content	Hinemos Web Client Service log
File name	gc_webclient.log.*
Store directory	/ opt/hinemos_web/var/log
Configured file for log output	—
Output level	—
Rotation	For java-1.7.0: Rotated every 10MByte and last 5 generation will be kept For ja va-1.6.0: None
Content	Garbage Collection log of java process

13 List of Hinemos Manager's Configuration Settings

Hinemos Manager's settings are defined in the database. Setting can be added or changed by selecting Maintenance perspective of Hinemos Client and opening Maintenance [Hinemos Property] view.

Property Name	Description	Data typ e	Default value
internal.command	If executing a command by INTERNAL event, set "true" for this parameter. If not, set "false"	Truth	false
internal.command. commandline	Executed command triggered by the output of INTERNA L event	String	echo #[GENERATION _DA TE] #[MESSA GE] >> /t mp/test. txt
internal.command.priori ty	priority of INTERNAL events when executing the comma nd	String	info
internal.command. timeout	Timeout vlaue[msec] of a command triggerd by the output of INTERNAL event.	Integer	15000

Table 13-1 Configured Values of INTERNAL Events



internal.command.user	Execution user of a command triggered by the output o f INTERNAL event.	String	root
internal.event	If INTENAL event to be shown in Monitor[Event] view, set "true" for this parameter. If not, set "false".	Truth	true
internal.event.priority	Priority of INTERNAL event shown in the Monitor[Event] view	String	info
internal.file	If outputting an INTERNAL event to an log file, set "true" for this parameter. If not, set "false".	Truth	true
internal.file.priority	Priority of INTERNAL event when logging out to a log f ile.	String	info
internal.mail	If sending out INTERNAL event as mail, set "true" for t his parameter. If not, set "false".	Truth	false
internal.mail.address	Mail address to send mail when sending out INTERNAL event as a mail.	String	user1@host.domain, user2@host.domain
internal.mail.priority	Priority of INTERNAL events when sending a mail	String	info
internal.syslog	If sending out INTERNAL event as syslog, set "true" for this parameter. If not, set "false".	Truth	false
internal.syslog.facility	Facility when sending out INTERNAL event as syslog	String	daemon
internal.syslog.host	Host to send INTERNAL event as syslog	String	192.168.1.1, 192.1 68.1.2
internal.syslog.port	Port to send INTERNAL event as syslog	Integer	514
internal.syslog.priority	Priority of INTERNAL event when it is sent out as syslo g	String	info
internal.syslog.severity	severity of syslog when sending out INTERNAL event as syslog	String	alert

Table 13-2 Configured Values of the Monitoring Feature

Property Name	Description	Data typ e	Default value
monitor.sql.jdbc.driver	Number of JDBC drivers used for SQL monitoring	Integer	3
monitor.sql.jdbc.driver. classname.1	Class name of first JDBC driver used for SQL monitorin g	String	org.postgresql. Driver
monitor.sql.jdbc.driver. classname.2	Class name of second JDBC driver used for SQL monitor ing	String	com.mysql.jdbc. Driver
monitor.sql.jdbc.driver. classname.3	Class name of third JDBC driver used for SQL monitorin g	String	oracle.jdbc.driver. OracleDriver
monitor.sql.jdbc.driver. logintimeout.1	Timeout of first JDBC driver used for SQL monitori ng [sec]	Integer	30
monitor.sql.jdbc.driver. logintimeout.2	Timeout of second JDBC driver used for SQL monitoring [sec]	Integer	30
monitor.sql.jdbc.driver. logintimeout.3	Timeout of third JDBC driver used for SQL monitoring [sec]	Integer	30
monitor.sql.jdbc.driver. name1	Name displayed on setting dialog for first JDBC driver used for SQL monitoring	String	PostgreSQL
monitor.sql.jdbc.driver. name2	Name displayed on setting dialog for second JDBC drive r used for SQL monitoring	String	MySQL
monitor.sql.jdbc.driver. name3	Name displayed on setting dialog for third JDBC driver used for SQL monitoring	String	Oracle

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monitor.sql.jdbc.driver. properties.1	Additional property of first JDBC driver used for SQL monitoring	String	socketTimeout=360 0& tcpKeepAlive=true
monitor.sql.jdbc.driver. properties.2	Additional property of second JDBC driver used for SQL monitoring	String	Undefined
monitor.sql.jdbc.driver. properties.3	Additional property of third JDBC driver used for SQL monitoring	String	Undefined
monitor.log.line.max. length	Maximum string length with the system log monitor's # [LOG_LINE] included [byte]. Syslog messages that exceed this length will be truncated and stored in notification messages.	Integer	256
monitor.common.delete. cascade.perfdata	Settings to determine whether deleting collected perfo rmance data when deleting the related monitoring setti ngs. When deleting, set this parameter to "on", if not, set t his parameter to "off"	String	on
monitor.common.report. event.bom	Whether or not to distribute the BOM to the file to th e file created by the download feature in the Monitor[Event] view. If the BOM is distributed to the file, set " true". If not, set "false".	Truth	true
monitor.common.report. eventt.count	Maximum number of event information included in the f ile that occurred with the download feature of Monitor [Event] view	Integer	2000
monitor.common.report. event.format	Time format of the time for the BOM to the file creat ed by the download feature in the Monitor[Event] view	String	yyyy/MM/dd HH:m m:ss
monitor.common.report. event.separator	Column delimiter for the file BOM that occurred with t he Monitoring[Event] view download with the Monitoring[Event] view download	String	,
monitor.process.start. second	Time to start tracking process monitor value [sec]	Integer	30
monitor.process.valid. second	Poller collector permissible time [sec]	Integer	50
monitor.snmptrap.liste n. address	[Hinemos Manager must be restarted.] Waiting address for java process to receive subject to monitoring and S NMPTRAP	String	0.0.0.0
monitor.snmptrap.liste n. port	[Hinemos Manager must be restarted.] Waiting port nu mber of java process to receive subject to monitoring a nd SNMPTRAP	Integer	162
monitor.snmptrap.org. message.community	true if a community name is output to the original mess age during SNMPTRAP monitoring; otherwise , false otherwise , false	Truth	true
monitor.snmptrap.org. message.varbind	true if varbind is output to the original message during SNMPTRAP monitoring; otherwise , false	Truth	true
monitor.snmptrap.v3.us er	[Hinemos Manager must be restarted.] User of SNMPTR AP of version 3 to be received	String	hinemos
monitor.snmptrap.v3. security.level	Security level of SNMPTRAP of version 3 to be received (noauth_nopriv/auth_nopriv/auth_priv)	String	noauth_nopriv
monitor.snmptrap.v3. auth.password	[Hinemos Manager must be restarted.] Password of ver sion 3 to be received String	SNMPTR AP	authPassword
monitor.snmptrap.v3. auth.protocol	Authentication protocol (MD5/SHA) of SNMPTRAP of ve rsion 3 to be received	String	MD5



monitor.snmptrap.v3.pr iv. password	Encrypting password of SNMPTRAP of version 3 to be r eceived	String	privPassword
monitor.snmptrap.v3.pr iv. protocol	[Hinemos Manager must be restarted.] Encrypting proto col (DES/AES) of SNMPTRAP of version 3 to be received	String	DES
monitor.snmptrap.stats. interval	The statistical information is output to a log file when the SNMPTRAP receive count reaches this multiple reaches this multiple	Integer	100
monitor.systemlog.liste n. address	[Hinemos Manager must be restarted.] listen address of java process to receive monitored syslog	String	0.0.0.0
monitor.systemlog.liste n. port	[Hinemos Manager must be restarted.] Waiting port nu mber of java process to receive monitored syslog	Integer	24514
monitor.systemlog.stat s. interval	The statistical information is output to a log file when the syslog receive count reaches this multiple	Integer	Undefined

Table 13-3 Configured Values of the Notification Feature

Property Name	Description	Data typ e	Default value
notify.log.escalate. manager.hostname	String specified in HOSTNAME section when a syslog is sent by log escalation notification	String	Undefined
notify.log.escalate. manager.protocol	Transfer protocol of log escalation notification (udp, tcp)	String	udp
notify.log.escalate. manager.retry.count	Attempt count of log escalation notification	Integer	1
notify.log.escalate. manager.retry.interval	Interval of retry of log escalation notification [msec]	Integer	10000
notify.command.create. mode	OS platform definition for the command operation of the command notification	String	auto
notify.command.success. exit	Normal value for the command return value of the command notification. It will be notified as an INTERNAL event when other return values.	Integer	0
notify.date.format	(#[GENERATION_DATE]) that can be used in notificat ion	String	yyyy/MM/dd HH:m m:ss

Table 13-4 Configured Values of Mail Notification

Property Name	Description	Data typ e	Default value
mail.charset.address	Character code of the address of mail notification	String	UTF-8
mail.charset.content	Character code of the main text of mail notification	String	UTF-8
mail.charset.subject	Character code of the subject of mail notification	String	UTF-8
mail.errors.to.address	Destination address of error mail (Error-To)	String	admin@hinemos.co m
mail.from.address	Mail address of the sender (From)	String	admin@hinemos.co m
mail.from.personal.name	Name of the sender (From)	String	Hinemos Admin
mail.reply.personal.name	Name of reply mail receiver (Reply-To)	String	Hinemos Admin
mail.reply.to.address	Address of reply mail receiver (Reply-To)	String	admin@hinemos.co m

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mail.transport.tries	Retry count of sending mail	Integer	1
mail.transport.tries. interval	Interval of retry of sending mail [msec]	Integer	10000
mail.transport.password	Password at sending mail	String	password
mail.transport.user	Username at sending mail	String	nobody
mail.smtp.auth	Use of SMTP AUTH	Truth	false
mail.smtp. connectiontimeout	Timeout of connection with SMTP server [msec]	Integer	15000
mail.smtp.host	IP address of SMTP server	String	127.0.0.1
mail.smtp.port	Port number of SMTP server	Integer	25
mail.smtp.timeout	Timeout of request to SMTP server [msec]	Integer	30000
mail.smtp.starttls.enable	Protocol of communication with SMTP server	Truth	false
mail.transport.protocol	which uses SMTP server requiring SSL/TLS(STARTTLS)	String	smtp

Table 13-5 Configured Values of the Performance Feature

Property Name	Description	Data typ e	Default value
performance.export . encode	Character code of the file created in the export of t he performance feature	String	MS932
performance.export.line. separator	New line code of the file created in the export of th e performance feature	String	\r\n

Table13-6. Configured Values of the Job Feature

Property Name	Description	Data typ e	Default value
quartz.dbms.jobStore. misfireThreshold	[Hinemos Manager must be restarted.] Effective peri od of job to be executed at restarting Hinemos Mana ger [msec]	Integer	3600000

Table13-7. Configured Values of the Repository Feature

Property Name	Description	Data typ e	Default value
repository.device.search. interval	Execution interval of automatic device search [min]. Automatic device search is invalid if O.	Integer	5
repository.device.search. verbose	Devices (disk, nic) registered by find by snmp are tho se acquired after the OS starts up that have data IN /OUT more than once, but if this parameter is true, t he devices that did not have IN/OUT are obtained as well.	Truth	false

Table 13-8 Configured Values of the Self-check Feature

Property Name	Description	Data typ e	Default value
selfcheck.alert.threshold	Number of errors detected before the notification	Integer	3
selfcheck.interval	[Hinemos Manager must be restarted.] Time interval to check status of internal component [sec]	Integer	150
selfcheck.monitoring. asynctask.queue	Set true if enabling cue check of asynchronous proces sing. Set false if disabling this setting.	Truth	true



selfcheck.monitoring. asynctask.queue.list	Name and maximum number of messages of cue checked asynchronous processing	String	(Note 2)
selfcheck.monitoring.db	Set true if enabling access check to database. Set false if disabling this setting.	Truth	true
selfcheck.monitoring.db. validationquery	SQL used to check access to the database	String	SELECT 1 FOR UPD ATE
selfcheck.monitoring. filesystem.usage	Set true if enabling the free filesystem space checkin g. Set false if disabling this setting.	Truth	false
selfcheck.monitoring. filesystem.usage.list	Checking threshold of fres filesystem space of Hinem os Manager Can be specified by delimiting with half width comma. Filesystem usage of "/" directory is monitored with i ts threshold of 50% with its original settings.	String	/:50
selfcheck.monitoring.job. runningsession	Set true if checking the number of running job sessio n. Set false if disabling this setting.	Truth	true
selfcheck.monitoring.job. runningsession.threshold	Upper threshold of the number of job session	Integer	1000
selfcheck.monitoring.jvm. freeheap	Set true if enabling check of free memory space of J ava VM. Set false if disabling this setting.	Truth	true
selfcheck.monitoring.jvm. freeheap.threshold	Threshold of free memory space of Java VM[MByte]	Integer	32
selfcheck.monitoring. scheduler.delay	Set true if enabling scheduler check. Set false if disabling this setting.	Truth	true
selfcheck.monitoring. scheduler.delay.threshold	Upper threshold of delay time [sec] to determine the delay of scheduler.	Integer	300
selfcheck.monitoring. snmptrap.queue	Set true if enabling internal cue check of SNMPTRAP monitoring Set false if disabling this setting.	Truth	true
selfcheck.monitoring. snmptrap.queue.threshold	Maximum number of messages of internal cue of SNM PTRAP monitoring	Integer	10000
selfcheck.monitoring. swapout	Set true if enabling swapout checking. Set false if disabling this setting.	Truth	false
selfcheck.monitoring. systemlog.queue	Set true if enabling internal cue check of system log monitoring. Set false if disabling this setting.	Truth	true
selfcheck.monitoring. systemlog.queue. threshold	Maximum number of messages of internal cue of syst em log monitoring	Integer	10000
selfcheck.monitoring. table.size	Set true if enabling size check of internal table. Set false if disabling this setting.	Truth	true
selfcheck.monitoring. table.size.list	Upper threshold of table size and table name to be ch ecked	String	(Note 3)
selfcheck.monitoring. thread.activity	Set true if enabling delaying thread check. Set false if disabling this setting.	Truth	true
selfcheck.monitoring. thread.activity.threshold	Upper threshold of delaying time of delaying thread[s ec]	Integer	300
selfcheck.monitoring.ws. queue	Set true if enabling access cue check of Web Service Set false if disabling this setting.	Truth	true
selfcheck.monitoring.ws. queue.threshold	Maximum number of messages of access cue of Web S ervice	Integer	10000

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selfcheck.snmp. community	Community name used for SNMP polling to Manager itself (127.0.0.1)	String	public
selfcheck.snmp.port	Port number usedfor SNMP polling to Manager itself (127.0.0.1)	Integer	161
selfcheck.snmp.retries	etry count used for SNMP polling to Manager itself (127.0.0.1)	Integer	3
selfcheck.snmp.timeout	Timeout[sec] used for SNMP polling to Manager itself (127.0.0.1)	Integer	3000
selfcheck.snmp.version	Version (1/2c) used for SNMP polling to Manager itself (127.0.0.1)	String	2c
selfcheck.starup.delay	[Hinemos Manager must be restarted.] Time to start self check [sec]	Integer	90
selfcheck.threadpool.size	Number of threads used for self check feature	Integer	4

(Note1) Default value of these settings are not recommended to be changed, except for selfcheck.snmp.

(Note 2) NotifyStatusTaskFactory:10000,NotifyEventTaskFactory:10000,NotifyMailTaskFactory:10000,NotifyComm andTaskFactory:10000,NotifyLogEscalationTaskFactory:10000, NotifyJobTaskFactory:10000

(Note 3) log.cc_event_log:5120:MBYTE,log.cc_calculated_data:20480:MBYTE,log.cc_job_session:100000:COUNT

Table 13-9 Configured Values for Connection of Hinemos Manager

Property Name	Description	Data typ e	Default value
ws.client.address	[Hinemos Manager must be restarted.] IP address whe re Hinemos Manager waits for connection from Client	String	http://0.0.0.0:808 0
ws.agent.address	[Hinemos Manager must be restarted.] IP address whe re Hinemos Manager waits for connection from Agent	String	http://0.0.0.0:808 1
ws.https.keystore. password	[Hinemos Manager must be restarted.]Password of th e keystore	String	hinemos
ws.https.keystore.path	[Hinemos Manager must be restarted.] Directory path of keystore	String	/root/keystore
ws.https.keystore.type	Type of the keystore	String	PKCS12
ws.https.protocol	[Hinemos Manager must be restarted.] Secure protoco I of HTTPS	String	TLS
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Hinemos Agent settings are defined with the following setting files.

- /opt/hinemos_agent/conf/Agent.properties (Linux Agent)
- [Hinemos Agent install directory] \conf\Agent.properties (Windows Agent)

(If multi-byte characters are used in the properties file, the property file needs to be edited with property editor.)

Parameter[common.invalid.char.replace]

Property	common.invalid.char.replace
Property name	replacement rule of control character in original message
Description	If this parameter is true, control character in original message will be replaced with a character designated in invalid.char.replace.to. If this parameter is false, control char acter in original message will be replaced with hexadecimal numeration.
Data type	String
Default value	false

Parameter[common.invalid.char.replace.to]

Property	common.invalid.char.replace.to
Property name	character to be replaced with control character in original message.
Description	When invalid.char.replace is set true, control character in original message will be repl aced with a character designated in this parameter.
Data type	String
Default value	?

Parameter[monitor.message.length]

Property	monitor.message.length
Property name	Maximum bytes of message monitored by Logfile Monitor/Windows Event Monitor
Description	Description Maximum bytes of message in monitored result of Logfile Monitor/Windo ws Event Monitor. If in Logfile Monitor, this maximum bytes are used to read 1 row of log message, and the rest of the message will be cut off.
Data type	Integer
Default value	1024

Parameter[job.history.period]

Property	job.history.period
Property name	Maximum lifetime for the job information received from Hinemos Manager
Description	Maximum lifetime (seconds) for the job information received from Hinemos Manager
Data type	Integer
Default value	604800

Parameter[job.message.length]

Property	job.message.length
Property name	Maximum byte count handled for the job execution results (standard output, standard error output)
Description	Maximum byte count handled for the job execution results (standard output, standard error output)
Data type	Integer

Default value	1024

Parameter[job.stream.charset]

Property	job.stream.charset
Property name	Job standard input/output, character code for standard error handling
Description	Standard input/output during job execution, character code for standard error handlin g
Data type	String
Default value	Hinemos Agent(Linux):UTF-8,Hinemos Agent(Windows):MS932

Parameter[job.command.mode]

Property	job.command.mode
Property name	Start command operation mode
Description	OS platform identification (& compatibility mode) during the job execution
Data type	String (auto, unix, windows, compatible)
Default value	auto

Parameter[job.filecheck.interval]

Property	job.filecheck.interval
Property name	Execution interval of job filecheck
Description	Execution interval of job filechek(msec)
Data type	Integer
Default value	10000

Parameter[job.filecheck.sender.tries]

Property	job.filecheck.sender.tries
Property name	Maximum attempt count for send processing of the results of job file check
Description	Maximum attempt count for send processing of the results of job file check
Data type	Integer
Default value	15

Parameter[job.filecheck.sender.interval]

Property	job.filecheck.sender.tries
Property name	Interval for send processing of the results of job file check
Description	Interval for send processing of the results of job file check (msec)
Data type	Integer
Default value	60000

Parameter[root.public.key]

Property	root.public.key
Property name	Public key of node to which a file is transferred by a job
Description	Public key of node to which a file is transferred by a job
Data type	String
Default value	Not defined



Parameter[root.authorized.keys.path]

Property	root.authorized.keys.path
Property name	Path of authorized_keys of node from which a file is transferred by a job
Description	Path of authorized_keys of node from which a file is transferred by a job
Data type	String
Default value	/root/.ssh/authorized_keys

Parameter[monitor.logfile.filter.interval]

Property	monitor.logfile.filter.interval
Property name	File check interval for the Monitor Logfile (msec)
Description	File check interval for the Monitor Logfile (msec)
Data type	Integer
Default value	10000

Parameter[monitor.logfile.filter.filesizecheck.period]

Property	monitor.logfile.filter.filesizecheck.period
Property name	Time interval to check the changing file name(sec)
Description	Time interval to check the file switchover the file size does not change during the s pecified time
Data type	Integer
Default value	5

Parameter[monitor.logfile.filter.fileheadcheck.period]

Property	monitor.logfile.filter.fileheadcheck.period
Property name	File first part check period setting (seconds)
Description	Description Even when there is no change in the file size in the specified seconds, thi s is the interval to invoke the feature to check the file size
Data type	Integer
Default value	300

Parameter[monitor.logfile.filter.fileheadercheck.size]

Property	monitor.logfile.filter.fileheadercheck.size
Property name	Comparison byte count for file first part check
Description	Comparison byte count for file first part check
Data type	Integer
Default value	256

Parameter[monitor.logfile.filter.maxsize]

Property	monitor.logfile.filter.maxsize
Property name	Maximum file size(bytes)
Description	Maximum file size threshold subject to Monitor Logfile (when a warning event is occ urring)
Data type	Integer
Default value	2147483648



Parameter[monitor.logfile.syslog.priority]

Property	monitor.logfile.syslog.priority
Property name	syslog priority used in the log transfer feature (common to log file transfer features)
Description	Setting for the message added to the log file to be transferred to the syslog. By defining the priority of the syslog, you can have compatible operations for the existing log file transfer feature. If there is no definition, it will not be transferred by the sy slog.
Data type	String
Default value	info

Parameter[monitor.logfile.syslog.program]

Property	monitor.logfile.syslog.program
Property name	Program name that transfers the log message
Description	Program name that transfers syslog log message
Data type	String
Default value	hinemos_agent

Parameter[monitor.logfile.forwarding.queue.maxsize]

Property	monitor.logfile.forwarding.queue.maxsize
Property name	Maximum number of messages in internal queue for log file monitoring
Description	Maximum number of messages in internal queue for log file monitoring
Data type	Integer
Default value	5000

Parameter[monitor.logfile.forwarding.transport.maxsize]

Property	monitor.logfile.forwarding.transport.maxsize
Property name	Transmission division unit for processing to transmit result of log file monitoring
Description	Upper-limit number of messages that can be transmitted at once by processing to tra nsmit result of log file monitoring. If the number of messages in the internal cue is g reater than the set value, transmission processing is divided.
Data type	Integer
Default value	100

Parameter[monitor.logfile.forwarding.transport.maxtries]

Property	monitor.logfile.forwarding.transport.maxtries
Property name	Maximum attempt count for send processing of the results of Monitor Logfile
Description	Maximum attempt count for send processing of the results of Monitor Logfile
Data type	Integer
Default value	900

Parameter[monitor.logfile.forwarding.transport.interval.size]

Property	monitor.logfile.forwarding.transport.interval.size
Property name	Trigger (number of messages) for trying processing to transmit result of log file monitorin g



Description	Number of messages that triggers trying processing to transmit result of log file monitorin
	g The result transmission processing will be executed when the number of messages stored in the internal cue since the previous result transmission processing reaches the set value.
Data type	Integer
Default value	15

Parameter[monitor.logfile.forwarding.transport.interval.msec]

Property	monitor.logfile.forwarding.transport.interval.msec
Property name	Interval for send processing of the results of Monitor Logfile (msec)
Description	Interval for send processing of the results of Monitor Logfile (msec)
Data type	Integer
Default value	1000

Parameter[monitor.logfile.random.access.file]

Property	monitor.logfile.random.access.file
Property name	Method of rotating log file monitoring on Windows environment
Description	By specifying "windows" for this parameter to monitor the log file on Windows envi ronment, the mv method that renames a specific log will be supported when logs are rotated.
Data type	String
Default value	Linux Agent : linux, WindowsAgent : windows

Parameter[monitor.custom.thread]

Property	monitor.custom.thread
Property name	Maximum thread count for running commands with custom monitoring
Description	Maximum thread count for running commands with custom monitoring
Data type	Integer
Default value	8

Parameter[monitor.custom.command.mode]

Property	monitor.custom.command.mode
Property name	OS platform definition for the command operation of the custom monitoring
Description	OS platform definition for the command operation of the custom monitoring
Data type	String(auto, unix, windows, compatible)
Default value	auto

Parameter[monitor.custom.bufferr]

Property	monitor.custom.buffer
Property name	Maximum size for standard output read with custom monitoring (bytes)
Description	Maximum size for standard output read with custom monitoring (bytes)
Data type	Integer
Default value	512

Parameter[monitor.custom.charset]

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Property	monitor.custom.charset
Property name	Defined character code for standard output with custom monitoring
Description	Defined character code for standard output with custom monitoring
Data type	String(MS932, UTF-8, EUC_JP)
Default value	Linux Agent : UTF-8, Windows Agent : MS932

Parameter[monitor.custom.lineseparato]

Property	monitor.custom.lineseparato
Property name	Defined new line code for standard output with custom monitoring
Description	Defined new line code for standard output with custom monitoring
Data type	String(LF, CRLF, CR)
Default value	Linux Agent : LF, Windows Agent : CRLF

Parameter[monitor.custom.forwarding.queue.maxsize]

Property	monitor.custom.forwarding.queue.maxsize
Property name	Maximum number of messages of internal cue for custom monitoring
Description	Maximum number of messages of internal cue for custom monitoring
Data type	Integer
Default value	5000

Parameter[monitor.custom.forwarding.transport.maxsize]

Property	monitor.custom.forwarding.transport.maxsize
Property name	Transmission division unit for processing to transmit result of custom monitoring
Description	Upper-limit number of messages that can be transmitted at once by custom monitori ng result transmission processing. Transmission processing is divided if the number o f messages in the internal cue is greater than the set value.
Data type	Integer
Default value	100

Parameter[monitor.custom.forwarding.transport.maxtries]

Property	monitor.custom.forwarding.transport.maxtries
Property name	Maximum attempt count for send processing of the results of custom monitoring
Description	Maximum attempt count for send processing of the results of custom monitoring
Data type	Integer
Default value	900

Parameter[monitor.custom.forwarding.transport.interval.size]

Property	monitor.custom.forwarding.transport.interval.size
Property name	Trigger (number of messages) for trying processing to transmit result of custom moni toring
Description	Number of messages that triggers trying processing to transmit result of custom mon itoring. The result transmission processing will be executed when the number of messa ges stored in the internal cue since the previous result transmission processing reache s the set value.
Data type	Integer
Default value	15



Parameter[monitor.custom.forwarding.transport.interval.msec]

Property	monitor.custom.forwarding.transport.interval.msec
Property name	Interval for send processing of the results of custom monitoring(msec)
Description	Interval for send processing of the results of custom monitoring(msec)
Data type	Integer
Default value	1000

Parameter[monitor.winevent.filter.interval]

Property	monitor.winevent.filter.interval
Property name	Monitoring interval of Windows Event Monitor
Description	Monitoring interval of Windows Event Monitor(msec)
Data type	Integer
Default value	10000

Parameter[monitor.winevent.filter.timeout]

Property	monitor.winevent.filter.timeout
Property name	Command timeout of Windows Event Monitor
Description	Command timeout of event retrieving command for Windows Event Monitor(msec). Se t -1 to disable timeout.
Data type	Integer
Default value	-1

Parameter[monitor.winevent.buffer]

Property	monitor.winevent.buffer
Property name	Buffer size of Windows Event monitor
Description	Description Command timeout of event retrieving command for Windows Event Moni tor(msec).
Data type	Integer
Default value	100000

Parameter[monitor.winevent.maxevents]

Property	monitor.winevent.maxevents
Property name	Maximum event log collected by event log retrieving command.
Description	Description Maximum event log collected by event log retrieving command used for Windows Event Log monitor. This setting will be unlimited when "-1" is specified.
Data type	Integer
Default value	-1

Parameter[monitor.winevent.mode]

Property	monitor.winevent.mode
Property name	Event log retrieving mode for Windows Event monitor
Description	Event log retrieving mode for Windows Event monitor.
Data type	String(auto, get-winevent, get-eventlog, wevtutil)
Default value	auto

Othe	auto : automatically decided by OS (With Windows Server 2008/2012, Windows 7, 8, or 8.1: wevtutil)
	get-winevent : Use Get-WinEvent commandlet http://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/hh849682.aspx
	get-eventlog : Use Get-EventLog commandlet
	wevtutil : Use wevtutil.exe command

Parameter[monitor.winevent.forwarding.queue.maxsize]

Property	monitor.winevent.forwarding.queue.maxsize
Property name	Maximum number of messages in internal cue for Windows Event Monitor
Description	Maximum number of messages in internal cue for Windows Event Monitor
Data type	Integer
Default value	5000

Parameter[monitor.winevent.forwarding.transport.maxsize]

Property	monitor.winevent.forwarding.transport.maxsize
Property name	Transmission division unit for processing to transmit result of Windows Event Monit or
Description	Upper-limit number of messages that can be transmitted at once by Windows event monitoring result transmission processing. If the number of messages in the internal cue is greater than the set value, transmission processing is divided.
Data type	Integer
Default value	100

Parameter[monitor.winevent.forwarding.transport.maxtries]

Property	monitor.winevent.forwarding.transport.maxtries
Property name	Maximum attempt count for send processing of the results of Windows Event Monit or
Description	Maximum attempt count for send processing of the results of Windows Event Monit or
Data type	Integer
Default value	900

Parameter[monitor.winevent.forwarding.transport.interval.size]

Property	monitor.winevent.forwarding.transport.interval.size
Property name	Trigger (number of messages) for trying processing to transmit result of Windows E vent Monitor
Description	Number of messages that triggers trying processing to transmit result of Windows Event Monitor. The result transmission processing will be executed when the number of messages stored in the internal cue since the previous result transmission proces sing reaches the set value.
Data type	Integer
Default value	15

Parameter[monitor.winevent.forwarding.transport.interval.msec]

Property	monitor.winevent.forwarding.transport.interval.msec
Property name	Interval for send processing of the results of Windows Event Monitor(msec)
Description	Interval for send processing of the results of Windows Event Monitor(msec)



Data type	Integer
Default value	1000

Parameter[monitor.winevent.return.char.replace]

Property	monitor.winevent.return.char.replace			
Property name	Character replaced for newline character in Windows Event monitor			
Description	Character replaced for newline character in Windows Event monitor.			
Data type	String			
Default value	#n;			

Parameter[monitor.winevent.gt.char.replace]

Property	monitor.winevent.gt.char.replace		
Property name	Character replaced for "<" in Windows Event monitor		
Description	Character replaced for "<" in Windows Event monitor.		
Data type	String		
Default value	#gt;		

Parameter[monitor.winevent.lt.char.replace]

Property	monitor.winevent.lt.char.replace		
Property name	Character replaced for ">" in Windows Event monitor		
Description	Character replaced for ">" in Windows Event monitor.		
Data type	String		
Default value	#lt;		

Parameter[user]

Property	user			
Property name	User to login to Hinemos Manager			
Description	User to login to Hinemos Manager			
Data type	String			
Default value	HINEMOS_AGENT			

Parameter[password]

Property	password		
Property name	Password to login to Hinemos Manager		
Description	Password to login to Hinemos Manager		
Data type	String		
Default value	HINEMOS_AGENT		

Parameter[managerAddress]

Property	managerAddress		
Property name	JRL for connecting to the Hinemos Manager		
Description	URL for connecting to the Hinemos Manager		
Data type	String		
Default value	http:// <hinemos address="" ip="" manager's="">:8081/HinemosWS/</hinemos>		

Section 14 Hinemos Agent Configuration List



Parameter[topic.interval]

Property	topic.interval			
Property name	Hinemos Manager polling interval (msec)			
Description	Hinemos Manager polling interval (msec)			
Data type	Integer			
Default value	30000			

Parameter[connect.timeout]

Property	connect.timeout			
Property name	Connection timeout to Hinemos Manager (msec)			
Description	Timeout time when connecting to the Hinemos Manager(msec)			
Data type	Integer			
Default value	10000			

Parameter[request.timeout]

Property	request.timeout			
Property name	Receive timeout from the Hinemos Manager (msec)			
Description	Timeout time when receiving from the Hinemos Manager(msec)			
Data type	Integer			
Default value	60000			

Parameter[facilityId]

Property	facilityId		
Property name	Facility ID for the node that supports Hinemos Agent		
Description	Facility ID for the node that supports Hinemos Agent If it is not defined, the corres ponding node will be identified from the host name and the IP address. If it is defined, the facility ID is fixed.		
Data type	String		
Default value	Not defined		



15 ChangeLog

ChangeLog			
Version	Date	Details	
1st Edition	06/01/2015	First release	

Hinemos ver.5.0 Administrator's Guide

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