

Package ‘ActivityIndex’

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Type Package

Title Activity Index Calculation using Raw 'Accelerometry' Data

Version 0.3.7

Description Reads raw 'accelerometry' from 'GT3X+' data and plain table data to calculate Activity Index from 'Bai et al.' (2016) [doi:10.1371/journal.pone.0160644](https://doi.org/10.1371/journal.pone.0160644). The Activity Index refers to the square root of the second-level average variance of the three 'accelerometry' axes.

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Depends R (>= 2.10)

Imports matrixStats, data.table, utils, R.utils

Suggests knitr, testthat, graphics, rmarkdown

LazyData true

LazyLoad true

VignetteBuilder knitr

RoxygenNote 7.1.1

Encoding UTF-8

NeedsCompilation no

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computeActivityIndex *Compute Activity Index*

Description

`computeActivityIndex` computes the Activity Index using raw accelerometry data, based on user specified parameters such as sample rate and epoch length.

Usage

```
computeActivityIndex(x, x_sigma0 = NULL, sigma0 = NULL, epoch = 1, hertz)

## Default S3 method:
computeActivityIndex(x, x_sigma0 = NULL, sigma0 = NULL, epoch = 1, hertz)

## S3 method for class 'GT3XPlus'
computeActivityIndex(x, x_sigma0 = NULL, sigma0 = NULL, epoch = 1, hertz)
```

Arguments

<code>x</code>	An object containing raw accelerometry data, which could either be a 4-column data frame or "GT3XPlus" object. See "Details".
<code>x_sigma0</code>	A 4-column data frame containing the raw accelerometry data when the device is not worn. The 1st column has the record/index number. The 2nd to 4th columns contain the tri-axial raw acceleration. The data will be used to calculate $\bar{\sigma}_i$.
<code>sigma0</code>	Specify $\bar{\sigma}_i$ directly. At least one of <code>x_sigma0</code> and <code>sigma0</code> must be specified. If both existed, <code>sigma0</code> will be used.
<code>epoch</code>	The epoch length (in second) of the Activity Index. Must be a positive integer.
<code>hertz</code>	The sample rate of the data.

Details

`x` could be either of the following two types of objects:

1. A 4-column data frame containing the tri-axial raw accelerometry data in the 2nd to 4th column, and the associated record number (could be time) in the 1st column. [ReadTable](#) can be used to generate such data frame.
2. An "GT3XPlus" object given by function [ReadGT3XPlus](#).

Value

A data frame with two columns. The first column has the "record number" associated with each entry of Activity Index, while the second column has the actual value of Activity Index.

Examples

```
library(graphics)
fname = system.file("extdata", "sample_table.csv.gz",
package = "ActivityIndex")
sampleTable = ReadTable(fname)
AI_sampleTable_x = computeActivityIndex(
  sampleTable,
  x_sigma0 = sampleTable[1004700:1005600, ],
  epoch = 1,
  hertz = 30)
AI_sampleTable_x
plot(AI ~ RecordNo, data = AI_sampleTable_x, type = "l")
```

print.ActivityIndex *Print method for token*

Description

Print method for token

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'ActivityIndex'
print(x, ...)
```

Arguments

- | | |
|-----|---|
| x | an object used to select a method. |
| ... | further arguments passed to or from other methods |

Value

No return value, called for side effects

Examples

```
x = data.frame(RecordNo = rnorm(100), AI = rnorm(100))
class(x) = c("ActivityIndex", class(x))
print(x)
```

ReadGT3XPlus

Read the raw tri-axial accelerometry data csv file by ActiGraph GT3X+.

Description

ReadGT3XPlus reads the accelerometry data collected by ActiGraph GT3XPlus in csv files generated by ActiLife software. It automatically parses the header of the csv file to acquire the setting of the device.

Usage

```
ReadGT3XPlus(filename, epoch = 1)
```

Arguments

- | | |
|----------|--|
| filename | The name of the csv file. |
| epoch | The epoch length (in second) of the Activity Index. Must be a positive integer.
The default is 1. |

Details

The function is tested on the csv files generated by ActiLife6, which have exactly 10 lines of headers, containing information about the device name, the starting and ending date/time of data collection, the sample rate, and the downloading date/time, etc. The 11th may further be omitted, if it is the header for the tri-axial acceleration time series. The function only reads the first 3 columns from then, if more are present.

Value

The ReadGT3XPlus returns an object of [class "GT3XPlus"](#). This class of object is supported by functions [computeActivityIndex](#). A object of class "GT3XPlus" is a list containing at least the following components:

- SN: Serial Number of the accelerometer
- StartTime: Start time of the data collection
- StartDate: Start date of the data collection
- Epoch: The Epoch time of each observation. If sample rate Hertz>1, then Epoch=00:00:00
- DownloadTime: Download time of the data
- DownloadDate: Download date the data
- Hertz: Sampling Rate

Raw: a data frame with 5 columns containing the date, time and acceleration in X, Y and Z axes for each observation.

Examples

```
filename = system.file("extdata", "sample_GT3X+.csv.gz", package="ActivityIndex")
res = ReadGT3XPlus(filename)
```

ReadTable

Read the raw tri-axial accelerometry data csv file.

Description

ReadTable reads the raw tri-axial accelerometry data in csv files.

Usage

```
ReadTable(filename)
```

Arguments

filename The name of the csv file.

Details

The function reads csv files containing only three columns: acceleration time series of x-, y- and z-axis.

Value

The ReadTable returns a data frame with 4 columns: Index, X, Y and Z. Index is the column for the indices of acceleration. X, Y and Z are for the acceleration time series in each direction.

Examples

```
filename = system.file("extdata", "sample_table.csv.gz", package="ActivityIndex")
res = ReadTable(filename)
```

Sigma0	$\bar{\sigma}_i$ computing using raw accelerometry data
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Description

Sigma0 computes $\bar{\sigma}_i$, which is needed for the Activity Index computing in [computeActivityIndex](#)

Usage

```
Sigma0(x, hertz = 30)
```

Arguments

- | | |
|-------|---|
| x | A 4-column data frame containing the raw accelerometry data when the device is not worn. The 1st column has the record/index number. The 2nd to 4th columns contain the tri-axial raw acceleration. The data will be used to calculate $\bar{\sigma}_i$. |
| hertz | The sample rate of the data. |

Value

$\bar{\sigma}_i$, a numeric vector of length one.

Examples

```
filename = system.file("extdata", "sample_GT3X+.csv.gz", package="ActivityIndex")
res = ReadGT3XPlus(filename)
hertz = res$Hertz
x = res$Raw[ 1:1000, c("Time", "X", "Y", "Z")]
res = Sigma0(x, hertz = hertz)
testthat::expect_equal(res, c(SD = 0.184321637135534))
```

TimeScale	Time scale vector from 00:00:00 to 23:59:59.
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Description

A vector of length 86400 containing the time scale characters from 00:00:00 to 23:59:59.

Format

A vector of characters with 86400 entries.

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