

Using *DOSE* for Disease Ontology Semantic and Enrichment analysis

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1 Introduction

Disease Ontology (DO) provides an open source ontology for the integration of biomedical data that is associated with human disease. DO analysis can lead to interesting discoveries that deserve further clinical investigation.

DOSE was designed for semantic similarity measure and enrichment analysis.

Four information content (IC)-based methods, proposed by Resnik [Philip, 1999], Jiang [Jiang and Conrath, 1997], Lin [Lin, 1998] and Schlicker [Schlicker et al., 2006], and one graph structure-based method, proposed by Wang [Wang et al., 2007], were implemented. The calculation details can be referred to the vignette of R package *GOSemSim* [Yu et al., 2010]. Hypergeometric test was implemented for enrichment analysis.

This document presents an introduction to the use of *DOSE*.

To start with *DOSE* package, type following code below:

```
> library(DOSE)
> help(DOSE)
```

2 Quick start

The following lines provide a quick and simple example on the use of *DOSE*.

- Calculate DO terms Similarity

```
> data(DO2EG)
> set.seed(123)
> terms <- list(a=sample(names(DO2EG), 5), b= sample(names(DO2EG), 6))
> terms
```

```

$a
[1] "DOID:4001"  "DOID:12328" "DOID:9563"  "DOID:5583"
[5] "DOID:10587"

$b
[1] "DOID:0050127" "DOID:4772"      "DOID:3674"
[4] "DOID:2917"     "DOID:106"       "DOID:450"

> ## Setting Parameters...
> params <- new("DOParams", IDs=terms, type="DOID", method="Wang")
> ## Calculating Semantic Similarities...
> sim(params)

          DOID:0050127 DOID:4772 DOID:3674 DOID:2917
DOID:4001           0.025    0.149   0.111   0.034
DOID:12328          0.038    0.031   0.025   0.048
DOID:9563           0.172    0.031   0.025   0.116
DOID:5583           0.025    0.149   0.111   0.034
DOID:10587          0.064    0.024   0.020   0.080

          DOID:106 DOID:450
DOID:4001           0.025    0.025
DOID:12328          0.038    0.038
DOID:9563           0.038    0.093
DOID:5583           0.025    0.025
DOID:10587          0.029    0.064

```

Four combine methods which called *max*, *average*, *rcmax* and *rcmax.avg*, were implemented to combine semantic similarity scores of multiple DO terms.

```

> params <- new("DOParams", IDs=terms, type="DOID", method="Wang", combine="rcmax.avg")
> sim(params)

[1] 0.116

```

- Calculate Gene products Similarity

```

> data(EG2DO)
> set.seed(123)
> geneid <- list(a=sample(names(EG2DO), 5), b= sample(names(EG2DO), 6))
> geneid

$a
[1] "2069"  "6642"  "1892"  "11036" "3664"

$b
[1] "4772"  "9436"  "362"   "613203" "6425"  "6557"

```

```

> params <- new("DOParams", IDs=geneid, type="GeneID", method="Wang", combine="rcmax.av")
> sim(params)

 4772 9436   362 613203 6425  6557
2069  -Inf -Inf  -Inf      NA -Inf     NA
6642  0.845   NA 0.018  0.028   NA 0.028
1892  0.213   NA 0.028  0.038   NA 0.036
11036 0.227   NA 0.170  0.200   NA 0.167
3664  0.071   NA 0.050  0.061   NA 0.053

```

- Enrichment analysis of a list of genes can also be performed as shown in the following examples.

```

> genes <- as.character(1:100)
> x <- enrichDO(genes, pvalueCutoff=0.05)
> summary(x)

      DOID          Description
DOID:3191  DOID:3191      nemaline myopathy
DOID:13068  DOID:13068      renal osteodystrophy
DOID:13336  DOID:13336      congenital toxoplasmosis
DOID:11758  DOID:11758      iron deficiency anemia
DOID:9965   DOID:9965      toxoplasmosis
DOID:2796   DOID:2796      desquamative interstitial pneumonia
DOID:2596   DOID:2596      larynx cancer
      GeneRatio  BgRatio      pvalue qvalue geneID
DOID:3191    2/100  6/3930 0.008994975      1  58/70
DOID:13068    1/100  1/3930 0.025445293      1    54
DOID:13336    1/100  1/3930 0.025445293      1    24
DOID:11758    1/100  1/3930 0.025445293      1    48
DOID:9965    1/100  1/3930 0.025445293      1    48
DOID:2796    1/100  1/3930 0.025445293      1    21
DOID:2596    2/100  14/3930 0.047812156      1    9/10
      Count
DOID:3191    2
DOID:13068    1
DOID:13336    1
DOID:11758    1
DOID:9965    1
DOID:2796    1
DOID:2596    2

```

3 Session Information

The version number of R and packages loaded for generating the vignette were:

```

R version 2.14.0 (2011-10-31)
Platform: x86_64-unknown-linux-gnu (64-bit)

locale:
[1] LC_CTYPE=en_US.UTF-8          LC_NUMERIC=C
[3] LC_TIME=en_US.UTF-8          LC_COLLATE=C
[5] LC_MONETARY=en_US.UTF-8       LC_MESSAGES=en_US.UTF-8
[7] LC_PAPER=C                   LC_NAME=C
[9] LC_ADDRESS=C                 LC_TELEPHONE=C
[11] LC_MEASUREMENT=en_US.UTF-8   LC_IDENTIFICATION=C

attached base packages:
[1] stats      graphics   grDevices utils      datasets
[6] methods    base

other attached packages:
[1] DO.db_2.3.0           AnnotationDbi_1.16.0
[3] Biobase_2.14.0         DOSE_1.0.0
[5] RSQLite_0.10.0         DBI_0.2-5

loaded via a namespace (and not attached):
[1] IRanges_1.12.0    plyr_1.6        qvalue_1.28.0
[4] tcltk_2.14.0      tools_2.14.0

```

References

- Jay J. Jiang and David W. Conrath. Semantic similarity based on corpus statistics and lexical taxonomy. *Proceedings of 10th International Conference on Research In Computational Linguistics*, 1997.
- Dekang Lin. An Information-Theoretic definition of similarity. *In Proceedings of the 15th International Conference on Machine Learning*, pages 296—304, 1998.
- Resnik Philip. Semantic similarity in a taxonomy: An Information-Based measure and its application to problems of ambiguity in natural language. *Journal of Artificial Intelligence Research*, 11:95–130, 1999.
- Andreas Schlicker, Francisco S Domingues, JÃ¶rg RahnenfÃ¶hrer, and Thomas Lengauer. A new measure for functional similarity of gene products based on gene ontology. *BMC Bioinformatics*, 7:302, 2006. PMID: 16776819.
- James Z Wang, Zhidian Du, Rapeeporn Payattakool, Philip S Yu, and Chin-Fu Chen. A new method to measure the semantic similarity of go terms. *Bioinformatics (Oxford, England)*, 23:1274–81, May 2007. PMID: 17344234.

Guangchuang Yu, Fei Li, Yide Qin, Xiaochen Bo, Yibo Wu, and Shengqi Wang.
Gosemsim: an r package for measuring semantic similarity among go terms
and gene products. *Bioinformatics*, 26:976–978, 2010. PMID: 20179076.