

# splots

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plotScreen *Plot a false-color representation of screening data*

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## Description

plotScreen produces a false-color representation of screening data from multiple plates (typical use case: dozens of plates) in a single plot.

## Usage

```
plotScreen(z,  
          ncol = 6L,  
          zrange,  
          main = "",  
          do.names = TRUE,  
          do.legend = TRUE,  
          legend.label = deparse(substitute(z)),  
          nx = 24,  
          ny = 16,  
          fill,  
          na.fill = "grey" ,  
          do.grid.newpage = TRUE)
```

## Arguments

`z` A list of plate data. Each element provides data for a plate and is expected to be a vector of length at least `nx*ny` (only the first `nx*ny` elements will be displayed). The values are assumed to come in row-by-row order, e.g. A1, A2, A3, ..., B1, B2, ... Alternatively, the elements of `z` can be factors that represent well or spot classes (e.g. the different types of controls, empty wells, wells with reagent of interest).

`ncol` Integer of length 1. Number of columns (plates in one row) for the plot.

`zrange` If the elements of `z` are numeric, then this optional parameter can be used to specify the numeric range that is mapped to the color scale; by default, a symmetric interval around the median of `unlist(z)` is used. If the elements of `z` are factors, then this optional parameter can be used to specify the total ordered set of factor levels; by default, the union of the levels of the elements of `z` is used.

<code>fill</code>	If the elements of <code>z</code> are numeric, then this parameter can be used to specify a character vector of color names used to create a color ramp for the false color data representation. The default colors correspond to blue for low values, white for the middle of the range and red for high values. If the elements of <code>z</code> are factors, then this parameter can be used to define the corresponding color names; by default, a palette from <code>RColorBrewer</code> is used.
<code>main</code>	Character of length 1 or plotmath expression used for the plot title. To omit, set this argument to length 0, to the empty character "", to <code>FALSE</code> or to <code>NULL</code> .
<code>do.names</code>	Logical specifying if plate captions should be plotted.
<code>do.legend</code>	Logical specifying if a legend for false color values should be output.
<code>legend.label</code>	Character of length 1 or plotmath expression that is printed next to the legend (see vignette for examples). To omit, set this argument to length 0, to the empty character "", to <code>FALSE</code> or to <code>NULL</code> .
<code>nx</code>	An integer for the number of columns in a plate. Default 24 for a 384-well plate.
<code>ny</code>	An integer for the number of rows in a plate. Default 16 for a 384-well plate.
<code>na.fill</code>	Color for NA values.
<code>do.grid.newpage</code>	Logical, if <code>TRUE</code> , then the function <code>grid.newpage</code> is called at the begin of this function.

**Value**

None. The function is called for its side effect.

**Author(s)**

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**Examples**

```
screen = lapply(1:12, function(i) cumsum(rnorm(384)))
plotScreen(screen, ncol=3, fill=c("white", "darkblue"))
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