goProfiles: an R package for the Statistical Analysis of Functional Profiles

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1 Introduction

This document presents an introduction to the use of *goProfiles*, an R package for the analysis of lists of genes based on their projection at a given level of the Gene Ontology following the methodology developed by [2, ?].

2 Requirements

To use the package one must have R (2.7 or greater) installed. Bioconductor 2.2 or greater is also needed.

3 Quick start

For the inpatient user the following lines provide a quick and simple example on the use of the package to explore and compare two experimental datasets obtained from two prostate cancer experiments ([4, 1]). Detailed explanations about the computations can be found in the following chapters and in the package help.

The analysis proceeds as follows:

- First a dataset is loaded into memory. This dataset contains several lists of genes, from two different studies, selected as being differentially expressed in prostate cancer. help(prostateIds) will provide extra information about the lists of genes.
 - > require(goProfiles)
 > data(prostateIds)
- Next a functional profile is build for each list. For simplicity it is build for the MF ontology only.
 - > welsh.MF <- basicProfile (welsh01EntrezIDs[1:100], onto="MF", level=2, orgPack. > singh.MF <- basicProfile (singh01EntrezIDs[1:100], onto="MF", level=2, orgPack. > welsh.singh.MF <-mergeProfilesLists(welsh.MF, singh.MF, profNames=c("Welsh", "...) > printProfiles(welsh.singh.MF, percentage=TRUE)
 - Functional Profile

[1] "MF ontology" Description GOID Welsh Singh antioxidant activity GO:0016209 12 0.0 binding GO:0005488 92.3 86.4 catalytic activity GO:0003824 24.2 46.6 13 channel regulator activit... GO:0016247 1.1 0.0 electron carrier activity... GO:0009055 0.0 3.4

```
15 enzyme regulator activity... GO:0030234
                                              5.5
                                                     9.1
20 molecular transducer acti... GO:0060089
                                              8.8
                                                     6.8
   nucleic acid binding tran... GO:0001071
                                              3.3
                                                     5.7
   protein binding transcrip... GO:0000988
                                              6.6
                                                     2.3
              receptor activity GO:0004872
                                              5.5
                                                     5.7
16 receptor regulator activi... GO:0030545
                                              1.1
                                                     0.0
   structural molecule activ... GO:0005198
                                             17.6
                                                    14.8
8
           transporter activity GO:0005215
                                               7.7
                                                    11.4
```

> plotProfiles (welsh.MF, aTitle="Welsh (2001). Prostate cancer data")

Welsh (2001). Prostate cancer data. MF ontology

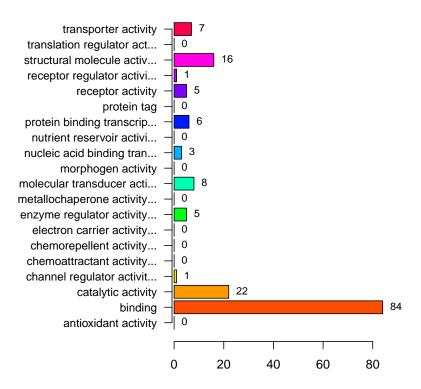


Figure 1: Basic profile for a dataset at the second level of the MF ontology

Changing the parameter onto to 'ANY' instead of 'MF' will compute profiles for the three ontologies.

```
> welsh <- basicProfile (welsh01EntrezIDs[1:100], onto="ANY", level=2, orgPackage
```

- A visual comparison of profiles can be useful to give hints about the difference between them.
- Finally a numerical comparison of both profiles is performed and its summary is printed. Notice that the comparison rebuilds the profiles, that is the input for the computation are the two lists of genes not the profiles.

```
> compared.welsh.singh.01.MF <- compareGeneLists (welsh01EntrezIDs[1:100], singh
> print(compSummary(compared.welsh.singh.01.MF))
```

> plotProfiles (welsh.singh.MF, percentage=T,aTitle="Welsh vs Singh", legend=T)

Welsh vs Singh. MF ontology

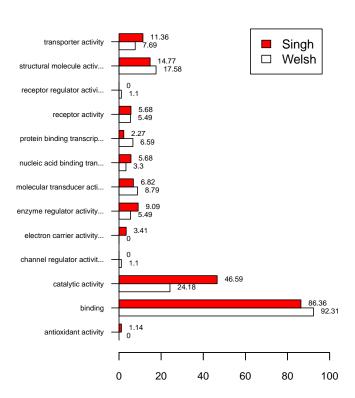


Figure 2: Comparison between two profiles at the second level of the MF ontology

```
Sqr.Euc.Dist StdErr pValue 0.95CI.low 0.063010 0.034123 0.003100 -0.003870 0.95CI.up 0.129889
```

• The reason to compare two lists from similar studies may be to combine them. In this case what is more meaningful to do is an equivalence test, instead of a difference test as above.

```
> data(prostateIds)
> expandedWelsh <- expandedProfile(welsh01EntrezIDs[1:100], onto="MF",
                          level=2, orgPackage="org.Hs.eg.db")
 expandedSingh <- expandedProfile(singh01EntrezIDs[1:100], onto="MF",
                          level=2, orgPackage="org.Hs.eg.db")
> commonGenes <- intersect(welsh01EntrezIDs[1:100], singh01EntrezIDs[1:100])</pre>
> commonExpanded <- expandedProfile(commonGenes, onto="MF", level=2, orgPackage=
> equivMF <-equivalentGOProfiles (expandedWelsh[['MF']],
                             qm = expandedSingh[['MF']],
                            pqn0= commonExpanded[['MF']])
> print(equivSummary(equivMF, decs=5))
             Sgr.Euc.Dist
                                              StdErr
                  0.06301
                                             0.03412
                   pValue
                                               CI.up
                  0.81437
                                             0.11914
                       d0 Equivalent? (1=yes, 0=not)
                  0.03250
```

4 User guide

>

This introduction has simply shown the possibilities of the program. A more complete user guide can be found at the program's web site:

http://estbioinfo.stat.ub.es/pubs/goProfiles-Usersguide.pdf

References

- [1] Singh Dinesh, , William R Sellers, Philip K. Febbo, Kenneth Ross, Donald G Jackson, Judith Manola, Christine Ladd, Pablo Tamayo, Andrew A Renshaw, Anthony V D'Amico, Jerome P Richie, Eric S Lander, Massimo Loda, Philip W Kantoff, and Todd R Golub. Gene expression correlates of clinical prostate cancer behavior. *Cancer Cell*, 1(2):203–209, 2002.
- [2] A. Sánchez-Pla, M. Salicrú, and J. Ocaña. Statistical methods for the analysis of high-throughput data based on functional profiles derived from the gene ontology. *Journal of Statistical Planning and Inference*, 137(12):3975–3989, 2007
- [3] M. Salicrú, J. Ocaña and A. Sánchez-Pla. Comparison of Gene Lists based on Functional Profiles. *submitted*, 2008.
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