ncdfFlow: Provides netCDF storage based methods and functions for manipulation of flow cytometry data

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Abstract

Background The Bioconductor package flowCore is the object model and a collection of standard tools designed for flow cytometry data analysis. The related R packages including data analysis (flowClust, flowMerge, flowMeans,flowTrans,flowStats), visualization (flowViz) and quality control (flowQ) use the flowCore infrastructure to deal with flow cytometry data. However the flowFrame or flowSet which represent a single or a set of FCS files are memory-resident data structures and require the entire data elements to remain in memory in order to perform all kinds of the data manipulations. Hundreds or thousands of datasets generated by high throughput instruments can easily hit the memory limit if they are imported as the flowSet or flowFrames in R. It presents a challenge to scientists and bioinformaticians who use the R tools described above to perform statistical data analysis on a regular computer .We propose a new R object model and related functions to address this problem. The new model ncdfFlowSet inherit most of data structures from flowSet. It stores the large volume of event-level data on disk and only keeps the file handler and meta data in memory. Thus the memory consumption is significantly reduced. NetCDF is used as the data formats because it is self-describing, machine-independent and specifically optimized for storing and accessing array-oriented scientific data. With the compression and chunking features introduced by the new release of netCDF4, the new model is able to maintain high performance of data processing.

Most of the functions and methods including transformation, compensation, gating and subsetting methods for flowSet are extended to ncdfFlowSet (spillover, normalize and workflow methods of flowCore are currently not supported yet.). Thus the change of data structure is almost transparent to the users of flowCore-based R packages.

keywords Flow cytometry, high throughput, netCDF, flowSet, ncdfFlowSet

1 Representing Flow Cytometry Data with ncdfFlowSet

ncdfFlow reppresents a flow cytometry data model that is very similar to the flowSet structure. The only difference is that the event-based 2-D data matrices from multiple samples of the same experiment are stored as one single 3D data matrix on disk in ncdf format. Each sample can be accessed efficiently from the 3-D matrix as a data chunk or slice and further manipulated in memory.

The basic unit of manipulation in ncdfFlow is the *ncdfFlowSet*. It inherites all the slots from *flowSet*. However, the flowFrame objects stored in the "frames" slot of a ncdfFlowSet object do not host the data matrix.Instead,their the "exprs" lots are kepted empty and the

actual data are stored in the 3-D data matrix on disk and only the file name is stored in "file" slot of ncdfFlowSet. Thus ncdfFlowSet reduces the memory requirements and meanwhile ensures the consistent data structure with *flowSet*.

2 Creating a *ncdfFlowSet*

We provide a function to read FCS files into a *ncdfFlowSet* object:

```
> path<-system.file("extdata", "compdata", "data", package="flowCore")
> files<-list.files(path,full.names=TRUE)[1:3]
> nc1 <- read.ncdfFlowSet(files=files,ncdfFile="ncfsTest.nc")
> nc1
An ncdfFlowSet with 3 samples.
flowSetId :
NCDF file : ncfsTest.nc
An object of class "AnnotatedDataFrame"
  rowNames: 060909.001 060909.002 060909.003
  varLabels: name
  varMetadata: labelDescription
column names:
    FSC-H, SSC-H, FL1-H, FL2-H, FL3-H, FL1-A, FL4-H
```

As we see, the contructor function is very similar to the *flowSet* except that it requires a filename for the ncdf file.

```
> fs1 <- read.flowSet(files=files)</pre>
```

Note that an ncdf file that stores the actual data is generated and saved on disk once a ncdfFlowSet is created. Users need to explicitly call the ncfsUnlink method to remove the file before delete the object from memory by rm.

```
> ncfsUnlink(nc1)
> rm(nc1)
```

Sometime it is necessary to save both data matrix and meta data on disk and reload the ncdfFlowSet object later. In order to do this, isSaveMeta argument has to be set to TRUE when the ncdfFlowSet is created by read.ncdfFlowSet.ncdfFlowSet_sync can be also called to save the meta data explicitly in cdf file.

```
> nc1 <- read.ncdfFlowSet(files=files,ncdfFile="ncfsTest.nc",isSaveMeta=TRUE)
> rm(nc1)
> nc1<-ncdfFlowSet_open("ncfsTest.nc")
> nc1[[1]]
> ncfsUnlink(nc1)
> rm(nc1)
```

Users can also create an empty ncdfFlowSet first and add data slices later by assigning argument isWriteSlice as FALSE.

```
> nc1 <- read.ncdfFlowSet(files=files,ncdfFile="ncfsTest.nc",isWriteSlice= FALSE)
> nc1[[1]]
```

```
flowFrame object '060909.001'
```

with 0 cells and 7 observables:								
name	desc	range	minRange	maxRange				
\$P1 FSC-H	FSC-Height	1024	0	1023				
\$P2 SSC-H	SSC-Height	1024	0	1023				
\$P3 FL1-H	<na></na>	1024	1	10000				
\$P4 FL2-H	<na></na>	1024	1	10000				
\$P5 FL3-H	<na></na>	1024	1	10000				
\$P6 FL1-A	<na></na>	1024	0	1023				
\$P7 FL4-H	<na></na>	1024	1	10000				
139 keywor	rds are sto	red in	the 'deso	cription'	slot			

As we see here, before add the actual flowFrame by addFrame, the flowFrame object returned by [[has 0 events.

```
> targetSampleName<-sampleNames(fs1)[1]</pre>
> addFrame(nc1,fs1[[1]],targetSampleName)
> nc1[[1]]
flowFrame object '060909.001'
with 10000 cells and 7 observables:
     name
                desc range minRange maxRange
$P1 FSC-H FSC-Height 1024
                                  0
                                        1023
$P2 SSC-H SSC-Height 1024
                                  0
                                        1023
$P3 FL1-H
               <NA> 1024
                                  1
                                       10000
$P4 FL2-H
                <NA> 1024
                                 1
                                       10000
$P5 FL3-H
                <NA> 1024
                                  1
                                       10000
$P6 FL1-A
               <NA> 1024
                                  0
                                        1023
$P7 FL4-H
                <NA> 1024
                                  1
                                       10000
141 keywords are stored in the 'description' slot
> nc1[[2]]
flowFrame object '060909.002'
with 0 cells and 7 observables:
     name
                     desc range minRange maxRange
$P1 FSC-H Forward Scatter 1024
                                       0
                                             1023
$P2 SSC-H
            Side Scatter 1024
                                             1023
                                       0
$P3 FL1-H
                     FITC 1024
                                       1
                                            10000
$P4 FL2-H
                     <NA> 1024
                                       1
                                            10000
```

\$P5	FL3-H		<n <="" th=""><th><i>Y></i></th><th>1024</th><th>ł</th><th>1</th><th>10000</th></n>	<i>Y></i>	1024	ł	1	10000
\$P6	FL1-A		<n <="" td=""><td><?</td><td>1024</td><td>ł</td><td>0</td><td>1023</td></td></n>	</td <td>1024</td> <td>ł</td> <td>0</td> <td>1023</td>	1024	ł	0	1023
\$P7	FL4-H		<n <="" td=""><td><i>4></i></td><td>1024</td><td>ł</td><td>1</td><td>10000</td></n>	<i>4></i>	1024	ł	1	10000
144	keywords	are	stored	in	the	'descr	ription	' slot

Note that it is important to always use sample name to specify the target position in the data matrix where the actual is added. Because the sample name is the identifier used to index the data matrix.

Sometime it is helpful to copy the structure from an existing ncdfFlow object and then add the data slice to the empty ncdfFlow cloned by clone.ncdfFlowSet.

```
> nc2<-clone.ncdfFlowSet(nc1,"clone.nc")</pre>
```

```
> nc2[[1]]
```

```
> addFrame(nc2,fs1[[1]],sampleNames(fs1)[1])
```

```
> nc2[[1]]
```

We also provide the coerce function to convert the flowSet to a ncdfFlowSet.

```
> data(GvHD)
```

```
> GvHD <- GvHD[pData(GvHD)$Patient %in% 6:7][1:4]</p>
```

```
> nc1<-ncdfFlowSet(GvHD)</pre>
```

```
[1] "ncdfFlowSet saved in /tmp/RtmpYCDuJo/ncfs702f928f16f.nc"
```

Or coerce a ncdfFlowSet to flowSet

```
> fs1<-NcdfFlowSetToFlowSet(nc1,top=2)</pre>
```

Note that *ncdfFlowSet* is designed to store large datasets and it is not recommened to corece the entire ncdfFlowset to flowSet. Usually users want to select a subset from ncdfFlowSet by [and convert the subetted data. Sometimes it is helpful to randomly select a cerntain number of flowFrames from the entire datasets represented by by *ncdfFlowSet* to have a preview of the data. The arugment "top" can be used here for this purpose.

3 Working with metadata

Like *flowSet*, *ncdfFlowSet* has an associated *AnnotatedDataFrame* that provides metadata of experiments. This data frame is accessed and modified via the same methods of *flowCore*. :

```
> phenoData(nc1)
```

```
> pData(nc1)
```

```
> varLabels(nc1)
```

```
> varMetadata(nc1)
```

```
> sampleNames(nc1)
```

```
> keyword(nc1,"FILENAME")
```

```
> identifier(nc1)
```

```
> colnames(nc1)
```

```
> colnames(nc1,prefix="s6a01")
```

```
> length(nc1)
```

```
> getIndices(nc1,"s6a01")
```

4 Manipulating a *ncdfFlowSet*

You can extract a *flowFrame* from a *ncdfFlowSet* object in the same way as *flowSet* by using the [[or \$ extraction operators. Note that using the [extraction operator returns a new *ncdfFlowSet* that points to the same ncdf file. SO the original ncdf file serves as a data repository and the ncdfFlowSet works as view of the data in this sense.

```
> nm<-sampleNames(nc1)[1]</pre>
> expr1<-paste("nc1$'",nm,"'",sep="")</pre>
> eval(parse(text=expr1))
flowFrame object 's6a01'
with 2205 cells and 8 observables:
     name
                         desc range minRange maxRange
$P1 FSC-H
                   FSC-Height
                               1024
                                             0
                                                   1023
$P2 SSC-H
                   SSC-Height
                               1024
                                             0
                                                   1023
$P3 FL1-H
                    CD15 FITC
                               1024
                                             1
                                                  10000
$P4 FL2-H
                      CD45 PE
                              1024
                                             1
                                                  10000
$P5 FL3-H
                   CD14 PerCP
                               1024
                                             1
                                                  10000
$P6 FL2-A
                         <NA>
                                1024
                                             0
                                                   1023
$P7 FL4-H
                     CD33 APC
                               1024
                                             1
                                                  10000
$P8 Time Time (102.40 sec.)
                               1024
                                             0
                                                   1023
150 keywords are stored in the 'description' slot
> nc1[[nm]]
flowFrame object 's6a01'
with 2205 cells and 8 observables:
     name
                         desc range minRange maxRange
$P1 FSC-H
                   FSC-Height
                                1024
                                             0
                                                   1023
$P2 SSC-H
                                             0
                                                   1023
                   SSC-Height
                                1024
$P3 FL1-H
                    CD15 FITC
                               1024
                                             1
                                                  10000
$P4 FL2-H
                      CD45 PE
                               1024
                                             1
                                                  10000
$P5 FL3-H
                   CD14 PerCP
                               1024
                                             1
                                                  10000
$P6 FL2-A
                         <NA>
                                1024
                                             0
                                                   1023
$P7 FL4-H
                     CD33 APC
                               1024
                                             1
                                                  10000
$P8 Time Time (102.40 sec.)
                                1024
                                             0
                                                   1023
150 keywords are stored in the 'description' slot
> nm<-sampleNames(nc1)[c(1,3)]</pre>
> nc2<-nc1[nm]
> summary(nc2)
$s6a01
         FSC-H
                 SSC-H
                          FL1-H
                                   FL2-H
                                           FL3-H FL2-A
                                                           FL4-H Time
          60.0
                           1.000
                                    1.00
                                                           1.000 11.0
Min.
                   0.0
                                            1.000
                                                    0.0
```

1st Qu.	159.0	48.0	1.046	35.35	1.000	6.0	1.000	40.0
Median	196.0	65.0	2.644	160.40	1.383	36.0	5.289	57.0
Mean	220.8	108.9	57.540	210.10	7.367	48.7	16.240	51.9
3rd Qu.	264.0	97.0	7.055	320.90	2.460	75.0	20.780	66.0
Max.	1023.0	1023.0	3782.000	1637.00	326.700	516.0	503.300	80.0
\$s6a03								
	FSC-H	SSC-H	FL1-H	FL2-H	FL3-H	FL2-A	FL4-H	H Time
Min.	59.0	0	1.000	1.0	1.000	0.0	1.000	0.0
1st Qu.	147.0	49	1.000	341.8	1.000	79.0	1.165	5 105.0
Median	192.0	71	1.145	526.5	1.070	124.0	2.228	8 215.5
Mean	188.5	116	62.170	543.7	5.400	127.9	8.352	2 233.9
3rd Qu.	226.0	119	10.200	702.3	2.208	164.0	4.834	1 353.0
Max.	1023.0	1023	10000.000	8504.0	7565.000	1023.0	665.400	567.0

flowSet-specific iterator **fsApply** can also be applied to RobjectncdfFlowSet:

```
> fsApply(nc1,range)
```

> fsApply(nc1, each_col, median)

However, we recmmend to use another iterator ncfsApply designed for the function that returns a flowFrame (such as compensate,transform...). ncfsApply works the same as fsApply except that it returns a ncdfFlowSet object with the acutal data stored in cdf to avoid the huge memory consumption. Note that the return value of the function applied in ncfsApply must be a flowFrame object and it should have the same dimensions(channels and events) as the original data.

5 Compensation, Transformation and Gating

transform and compensate for ncdfFlowSet work the same as flowSet.

```
> cfile <- system.file("extdata","compdata","compmatrix", package="flowCore")</pre>
> comp.mat <- read.table(cfile, header=TRUE, skip=2, check.names = FALSE)</pre>
> comp <- compensation(comp.mat)</pre>
> #compensation
> summary(nc1)[[1]]
> nc2<-compensate(nc1, comp)</pre>
> summary(nc2)[[1]]
> ncfsUnlink(nc2)
> rm(nc2)
> #transformation
> asinhTrans <- arcsinhTransform(transformationId="ln-transformation", a=1, b=1, c=1)
> nc2 <- transform(nc1, `FSC-H`=asinhTrans(`FSC-H`))</pre>
> summary(nc1)[[1]]
> summary(nc2)[[1]]
> ncfsUnlink(nc2)
> rm(nc2)
```

Note that compensation/transformation return the ncdfFlowSet objects that point to the new cdf file containing the compensated/transformed data.

filter for flowSet also works for ncdfFlowSet:

```
> rectGate <- rectangleGate(filterId="nonDebris", "FSC-H"=c(200,Inf))
> fr <- filter(nc1,rectGate)
> summary(fr)
> rg2 <- rectangleGate(filterId="nonDebris", "FSC-H"=c(300,Inf))
> rg3 <- rectangleGate(filterId="nonDebris", "FSC-H"=c(400,Inf))
> flist <- list(rectGate, rg2, rg3)
> names(flist) <- sampleNames(nc1[1:3])
> fr3 <- filter(nc1[1:3], flist)
> summary(fr3[[3]])
```

6 Subsetting

The Subset and split methods for *ncdfFlowSet*:

```
> nc2 <- Subset(nc1,rectGate)
> summary(nc2[[1]])
```

	FSC-H	SSC-H	FL1-H	FL2-H	FL3-H	FL2-A	FL4-H	Time
Min.	200	0	1.000	1.00	1.000	0.00	1.000	11.00
1st Qu.	230	69	1.334	22.33	1.000	3.00	2.692	40.00
Median	266	87	3.372	77.37	1.500	16.00	12.900	57.00
Mean	297	141	91.900	165.70	10.830	38.24	22.020	51.82
3rd Qu.	316	122	18.990	223.80	2.551	53.00	29.790	66.00
Max.	1023	1023	1943.000	1637.00	326.700	516.00	464.200	80.00

```
> nc2 <- Subset(nc1, fr)
> summary(nc2[[1]])
```

FSC-H SSC-H FL1-H FL2-H FL3-H FL2-A FL4-H Time Min. 200 0 1.000 1.00 1.000 0.00 1.000 11.00 1st Qu. 230 69 1.334 22.33 1.000 3.00 2.692 40.00 77.37 Median 266 87 3.372 1.500 16.00 12.900 57.00 297 165.70 38.24 22.020 51.82 Mean 141 91.900 10.830 3rd Qu. 122 18.990 223.80 2.551 53.00 29.790 66.00 316 1023 1943.000 1637.00 326.700 516.00 464.200 80.00 Max. 1023

```
> rm(nc2)
> morphGate <- norm2Filter("FSC-H", "SSC-H", filterId = "MorphologyGate",scale = 2)
> smaller <- Subset(nc1[c(1,3)], morphGate,c("FSC-H", "SSC-H"))
> smaller[[1]]
```

```
flowFrame object 's6a01'
with 1647 cells and 2 observables:
     name
                desc range minRange maxRange
$P1 FSC-H FSC-Height 1024
                                   0
                                         1023
$P2 SSC-H SSC-Height
                      1024
                                   0
                                         1023
150 keywords are stored in the 'description' slot
> nc1[[1]]
flowFrame object 's6a01'
with 2205 cells and 8 observables:
     name
                        desc range minRange maxRange
$P1 FSC-H
                  FSC-Height
                              1024
                                           0
                                                 1023
$P2 SSC-H
                                                 1023
                  SSC-Height
                             1024
                                           0
$P3 FL1-H
                   CD15 FITC 1024
                                                10000
                                           1
$P4 FL2-H
                     CD45 PE 1024
                                           1
                                                10000
$P5 FL3-H
                  CD14 PerCP 1024
                                                10000
                                           1
$P6 FL2-A
                        <NA> 1024
                                           0
                                                 1023
$P7 FL4-H
                    CD33 APC
                             1024
                                           1
                                                10000
$P8 Time Time (102.40 sec.) 1024
                                           0
                                                 1023
150 keywords are stored in the 'description' slot
```

```
> rm(smaller)
```

Note that **Subset** does not create the new ncdf file (the same as extraction operator [). So we need to be careful about using **ncfsUnlink** to delete the subsetted data since it points to the same ncdf file that is also used by the original ncdfFlowSet object.

split returns a ncdfFlowList object which is a container of multiple ncdfFlowSet objects.

```
> ##splitting by a gate
> qGate <- quadGate(filterId="qg", "FSC-H"=200, "SSC-H"=400)</pre>
> fr<-filter(nc1,qGate)</pre>
> ncList<-split(nc1,fr)</pre>
> ncList
An ncdfFlowList with 4 ncdfFlowSets
containing 4 unique samples.
> nc1[[1]]
flowFrame object 's6a01'
with 2205 cells and 8 observables:
     name
                         desc range minRange maxRange
$P1 FSC-H
                   FSC-Height 1024
                                            0
                                                   1023
                   SSC-Height
$P2 SSC-H
                              1024
                                            0
                                                   1023
$P3 FL1-H
                    CD15 FITC 1024
                                             1
                                                  10000
$P4 FL2-H
                      CD45 PE 1024
                                            1
                                                  10000
```

\$P5 FL3-H CD14 PerCP 1024 1 10000 \$P6 FL2-A <NA> 1024 0 1023 \$P7 FL4-H CD33 APC 1024 1 10000 \$P8 Time Time (102.40 sec.) 1024 0 1023 150 keywords are stored in the 'description' slot > ncList[[2]][[1]] flowFrame object 's6a01' with 36 cells and 8 observables: name desc range minRange maxRange \$P1 FSC-H 1023 FSC-Height 1024 0 \$P2 SSC-H SSC-Height 1024 0 1023 \$P3 FL1-H CD15 FITC 1024 1 10000 \$P4 FL2-H CD45 PE 1024 1 10000 \$P5 FL3-H CD14 PerCP 1024 10000 1 \$P6 FL2-A <NA> 1024 0 1023 \$P7 FL4-H CD33 APC 1024 1 10000 \$P8 Time Time (102.40 sec.) 1024 0 1023 150 keywords are stored in the 'description' slot > ncList[[1]][[1]] flowFrame object 's6a01' with 74 cells and 8 observables: name desc range minRange maxRange \$P1 FSC-H FSC-Height 1024 0 1023 \$P2 SSC-H 1023 SSC-Height 1024 0 \$P3 FL1-H CD15 FITC 1024 1 10000 \$P4 FL2-H CD45 PE 1024 1 10000 \$P5 FL3-H CD14 PerCP 1024 1 10000 \$P6 FL2-A <NA> 1024 0 1023 \$P7 FL4-H CD33 APC 10000 1024 1 \$P8 Time Time (102.40 sec.) 1024 0 1023 150 keywords are stored in the 'description' slot

Keep in mind that the ncdfFlowSet objects contained in ncdfFlowList share the same ncdf file as the original ncdfFlowSet. So deleting ncdfFlowList by ncfsUnlink is also going to make the data not accessible to the original ncdfFlowSet.